



Ultra High Performance Liquid Chromatography-Triple Quadrupole Mass Spectrometry Detection of Hydroxy Acids in Complex Mixtures from Prebiotic Simulation Experiments

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PREBIOTIC HYDROXY ACIDS

• Prebiotic simulation experiments; very chemically complex; synthesize α -amino¹-hydroxy²-acids.



Figure 1. A) α -amino acid, B) α -hydroxy acid (AHA).

• Peptide synthesis limited by diketopiperazine^{3,4} (DKP), but may be enhanced by AHAs⁵.

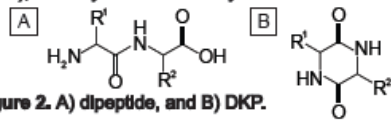


Figure 2. A) dipeptide, and B) DKP.

• Previous methods were time-intensive⁶, used derivatization⁷, or had limited detection capabilities⁸.

• **HYPOTHESIS:** Triple quadrupole mass spectrometry can provide rapid and sensitive detection of AHAs in model prebiotic experiments.

Figure 3. Plausible primordial Earth environment⁹ where biomolecule synthesis could have occurred, and from which life may have arisen.

METHOD OPTIMIZATION

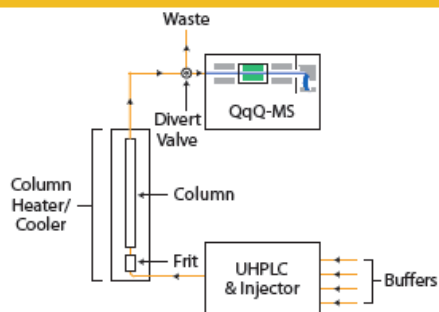
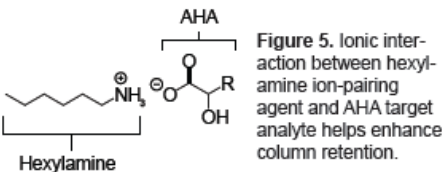


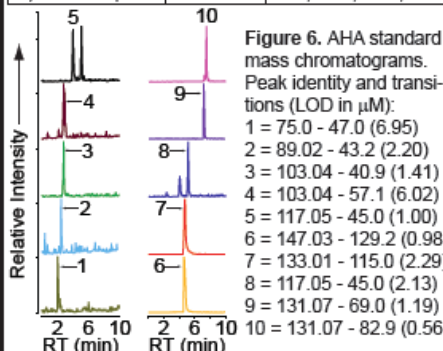
Figure 4. An ion-pairing method was optimized using an Agilent 1290 Infinity ultra high performance liquid chromatograph, and an Agilent 6430 triple quadrupole mass spectrometer (UHPLC/QqQ-MS). A Waters ACQUITY UPLC BEH C₁₈ column was used. Mobile phases were A) 5 mM hexylamine and B) 90:10 methanol:10 mM ammonium acetate.



REACTION MONITORING ASSAYS

Table 1. Experimental mass-to-charge (m/z) transitions developed for target AHAs of interest.

AHA	Parent Ion	Product Ion(s)
1) Glycolic	75.0	47.0
2) Lactic	89.02	43.2
3) α -OH-IsoBTA	103.04	40.9, 57.1
4) α -OH-BTA	103.04	57.1
5) α -OH- α -MeBTA	117.05	45.0, 70.9
6) α -OH-Glutaric	147.03	62.1, 129.2
7) Malic	133.01	71.1, 115.0
8) α -OH-Isovaleric	117.05	45.0, 71.2, 94.3
9) α -OH-Isocaproic	131.07	69.0, 85.0, 113.2
10) α -OH-Caproic	131.07	45.2, 73.2, 82.9, 85.0



AHAs in PREBIOTIC MIXTURES

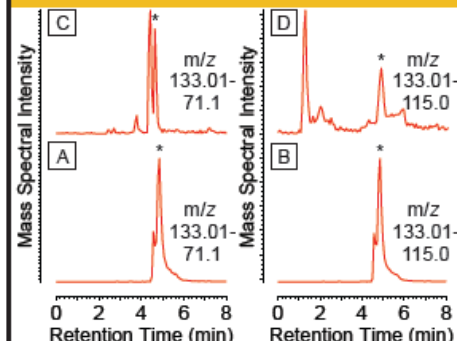


Figure 7. Example mass chromatograms demonstrating malic acid detection in model prebiotic reactions. A) and B) standards, C) spark discharge of N₂/CH₄ atmosphere, and D) repeated cyanamide experiment¹⁰.

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This work was jointly supported by the NSF and NASA Astrobiology Program, under the NSF Center for Chemical Evolution, CHE-1004574. Support generously provided by Ron Miller, B.T.P. acknowledges helpful discussions from Dr. Jay Fungtho and Dr. Mike Ingles.