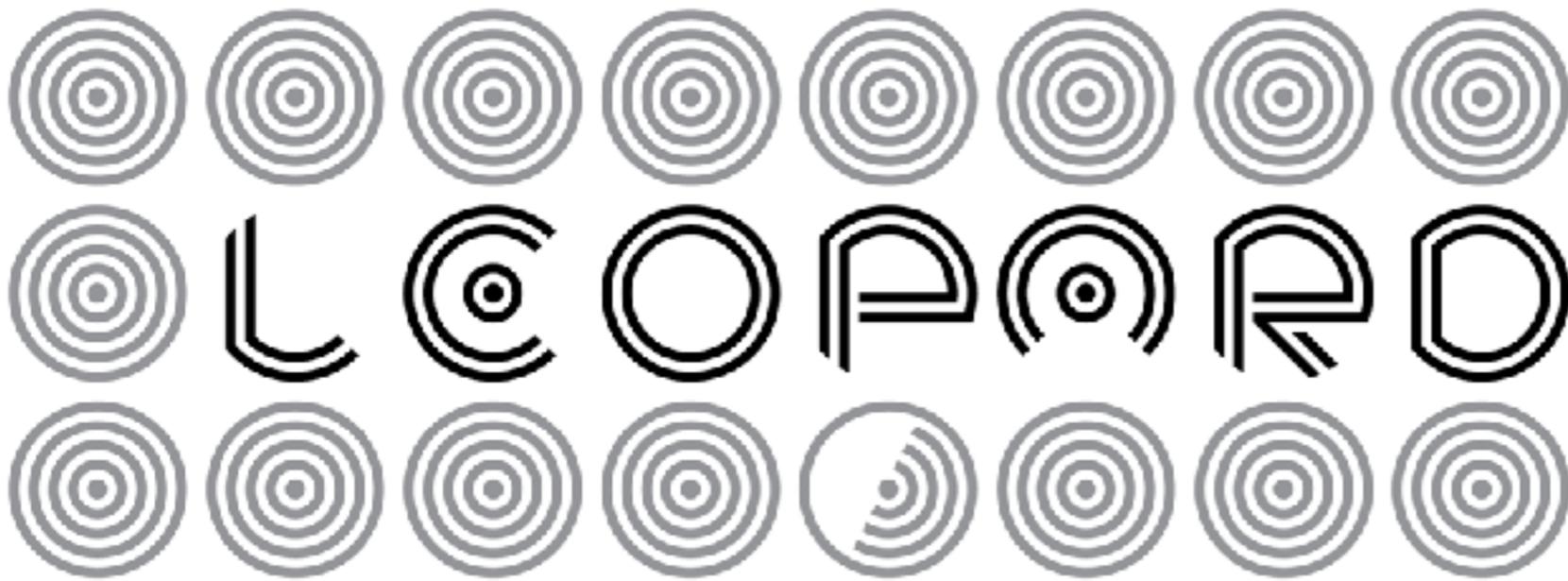




Coronagraph fabrication technologies: liquid crystals

**M Kenworthy // Leiden Observatory
2018 April 11 // KISS JPL/MPIA Workshop**



C Keller



V Radhakrishnan



Maaike van Kooten



Emiel Por



David Doelman



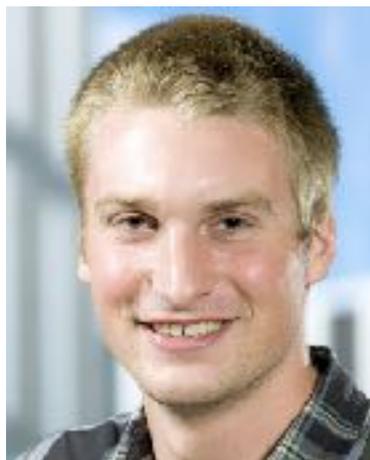
Mike Wilby



Sebastiaan Haffert



Stephanie Heikamp



Steven Bos



M Kenworthy



N Doelman



F Snik

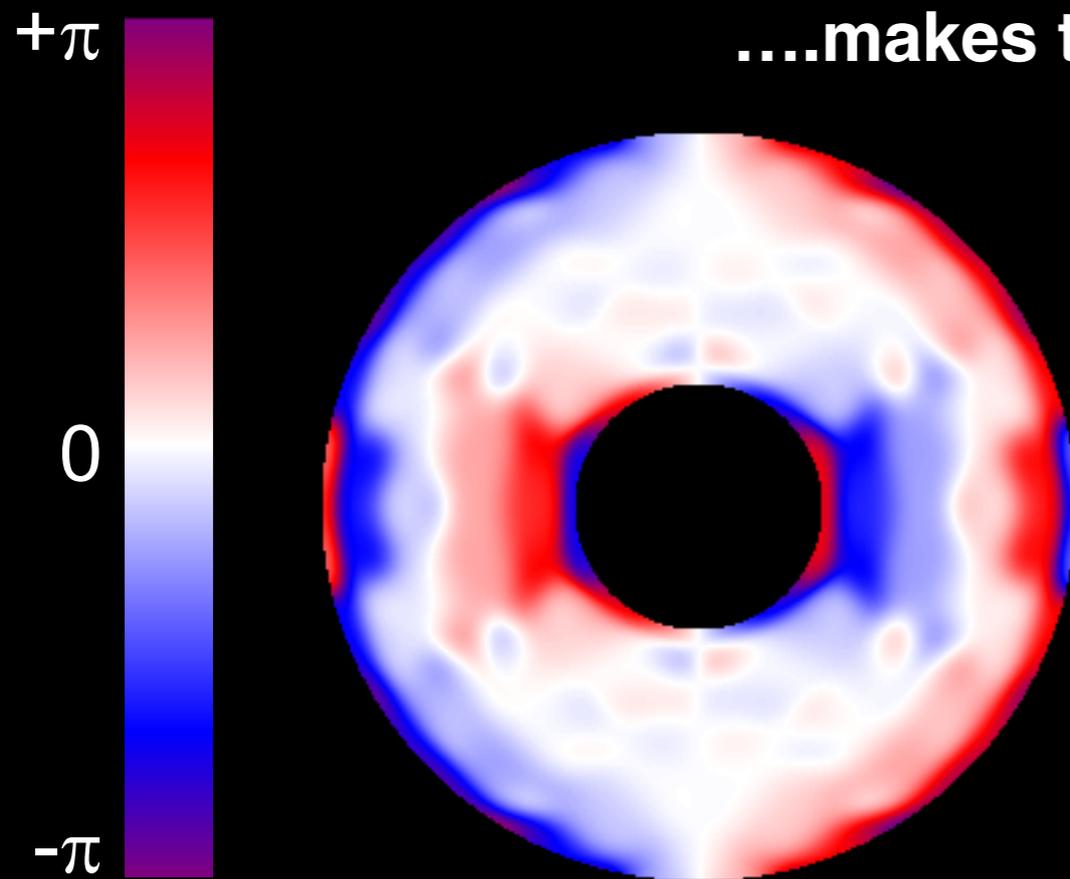


R Stuik

Apodizing Phase Plate (APP)

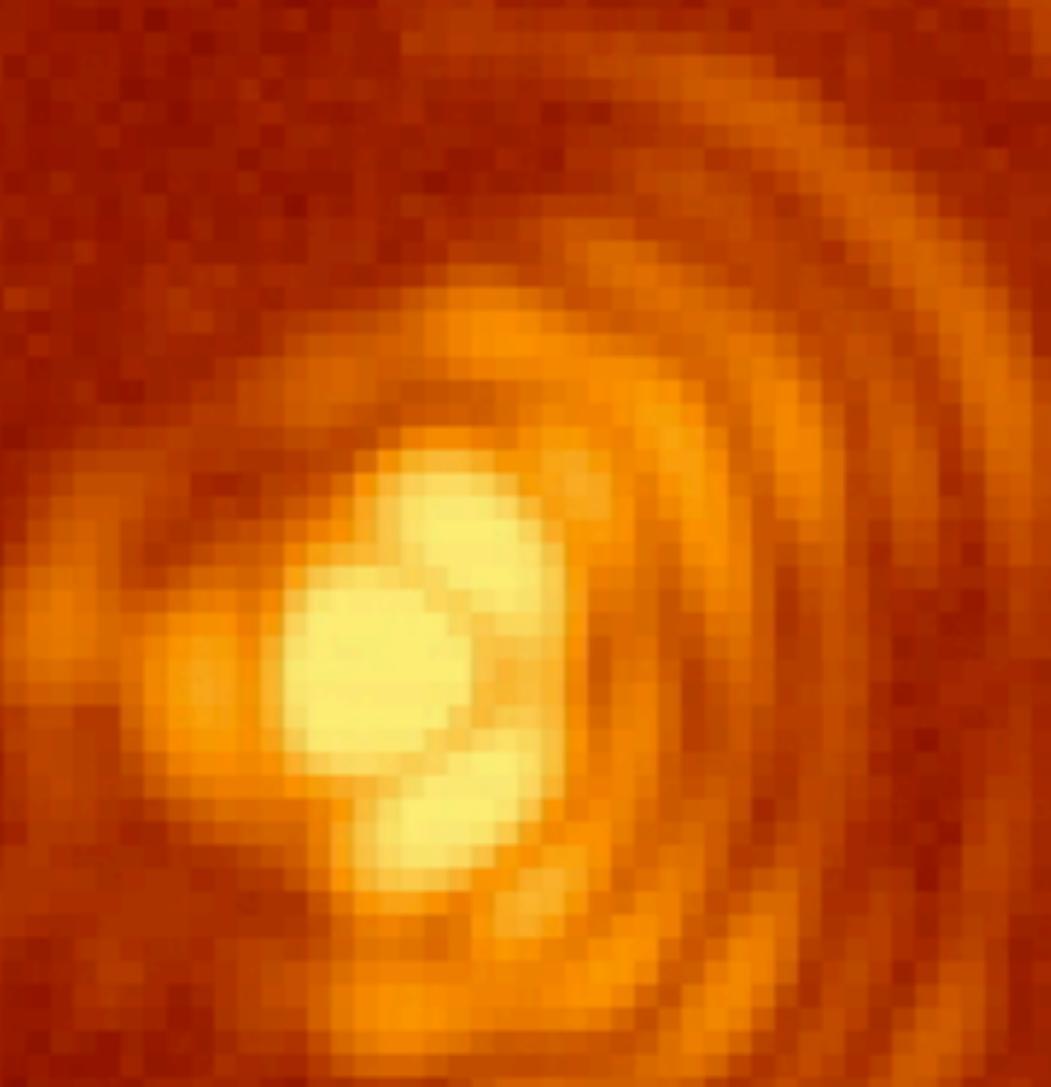
Adding this phase on your telescope pupil.....

....makes this PSF for all objects in your focal plane



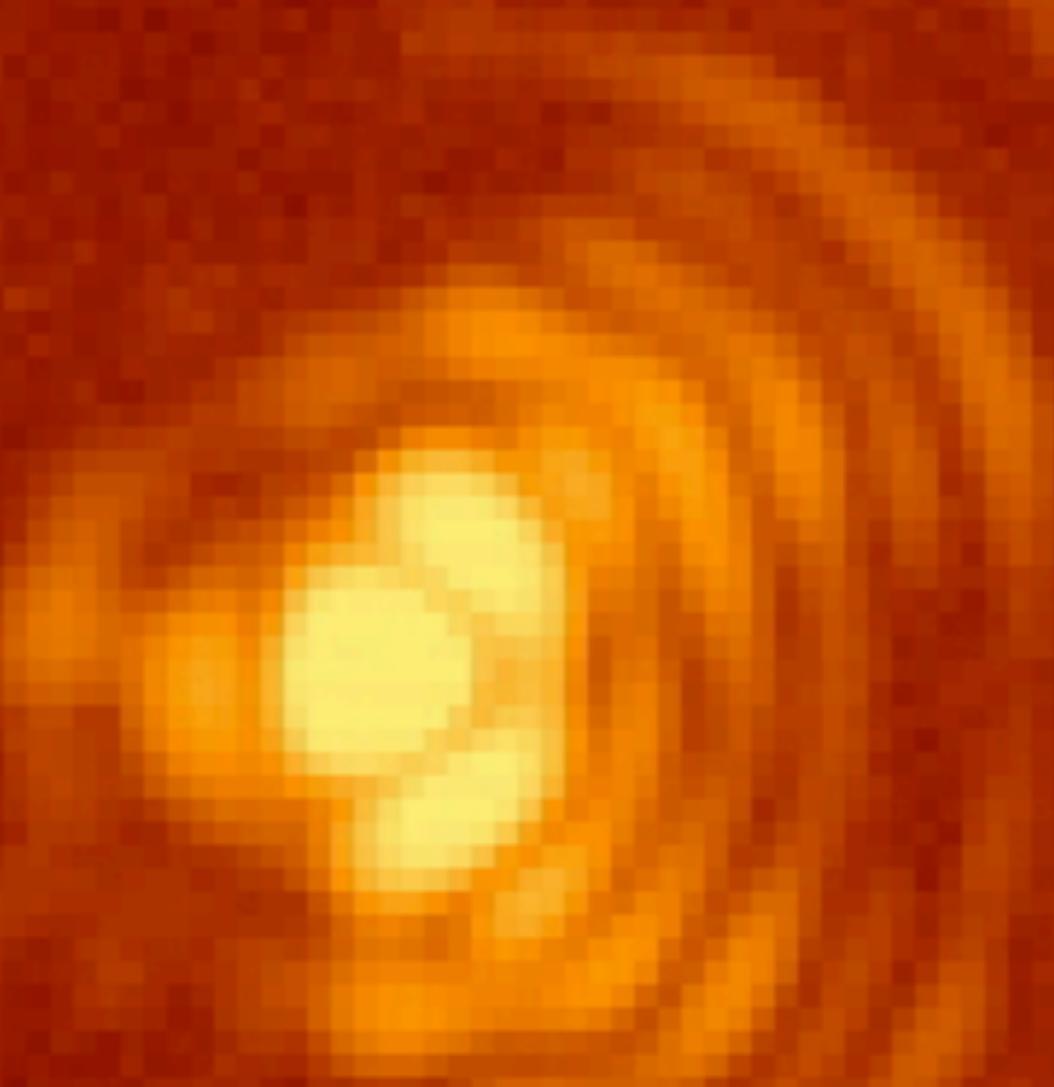
- **Chromatic**
- **Impossible to make complex patterns**
- **Only 180 degree search space**

**Pupil plane coronagraphs not degraded
by telescope vibrations that AO cannot catch**



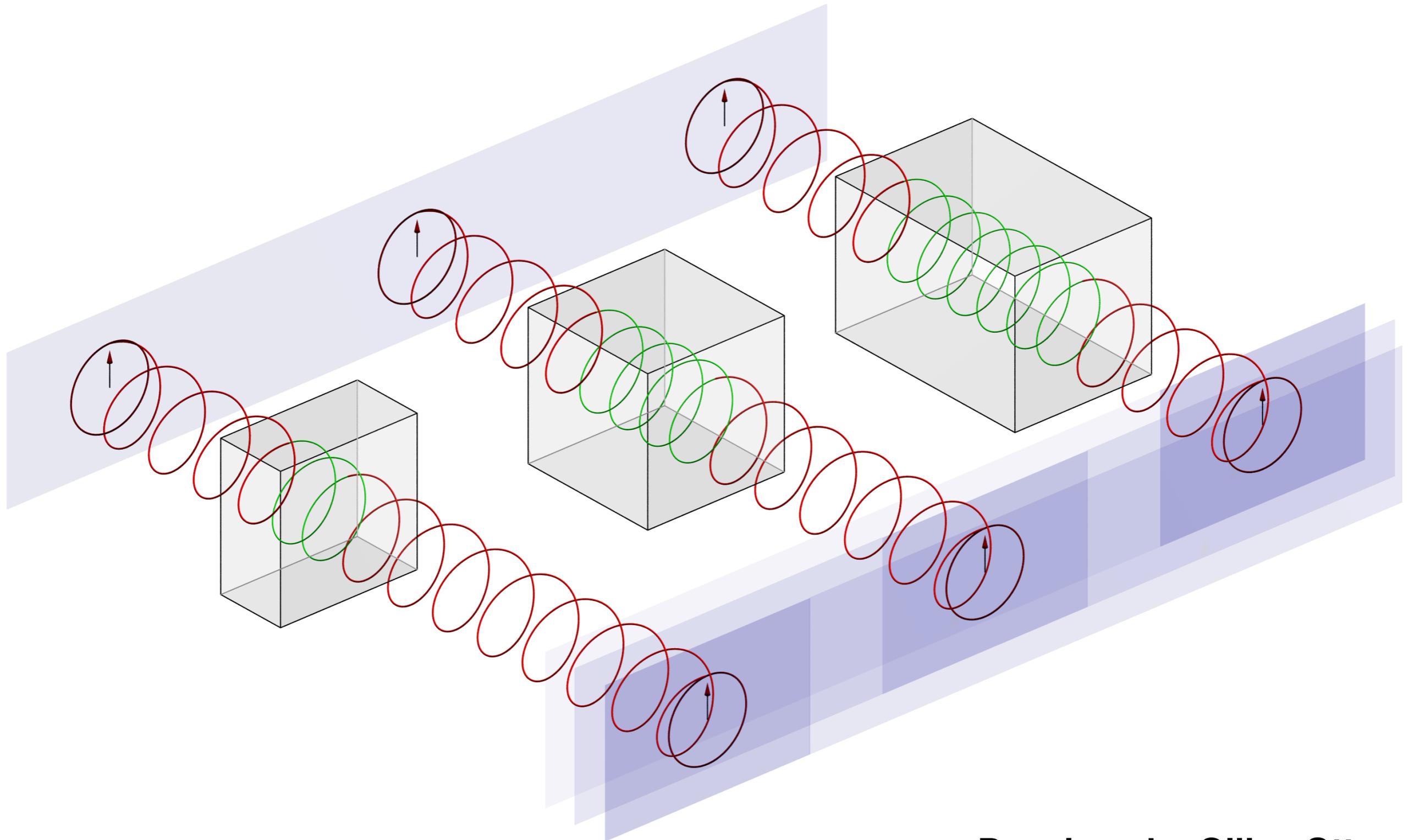
VLT/NaCo 4 microns at real time speed

**Pupil plane coronagraphs not degraded
by telescope vibrations that AO cannot catch**



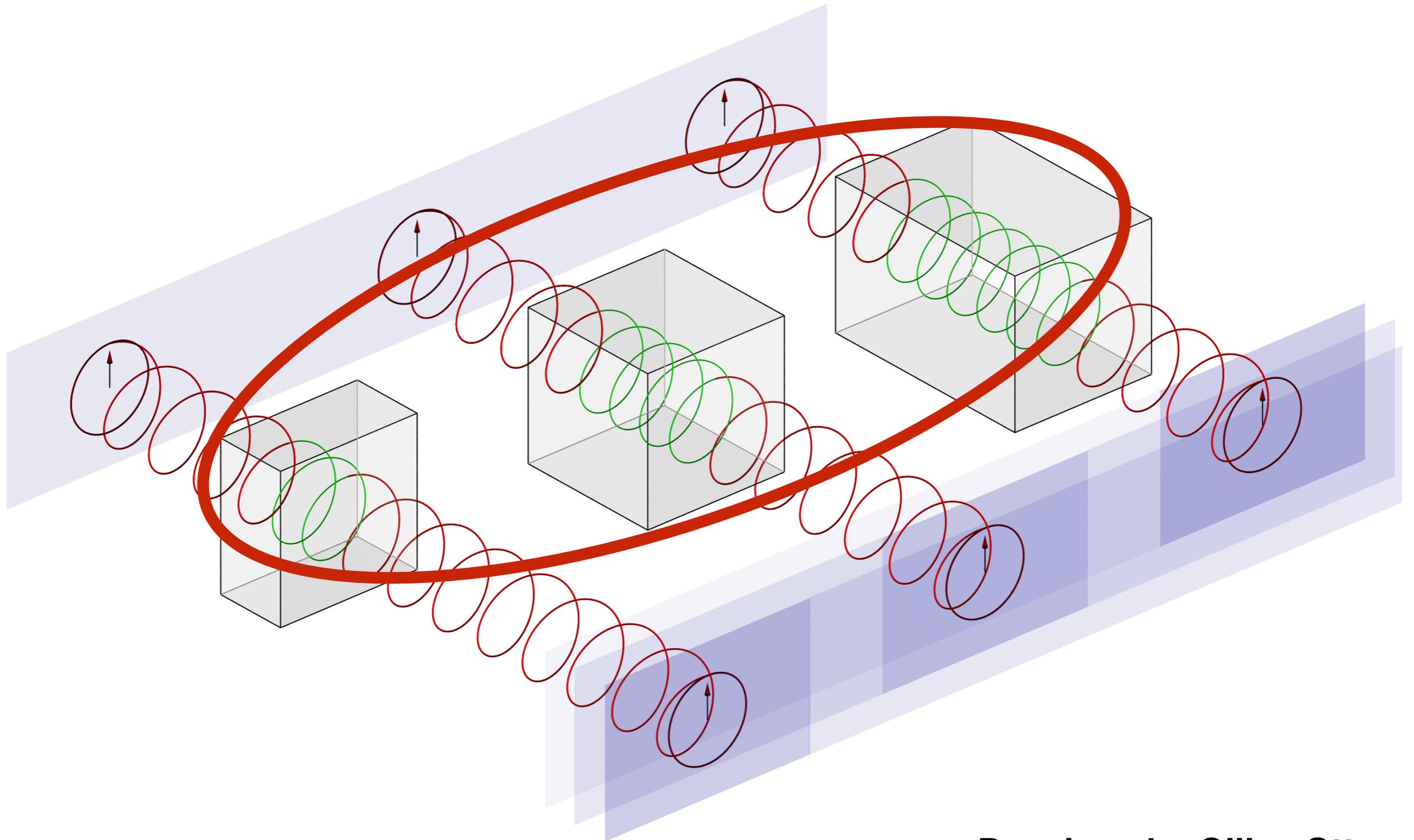
VLT/NaCo 4 microns at real time speed

Classical Phase



Drawings by Gilles Otten

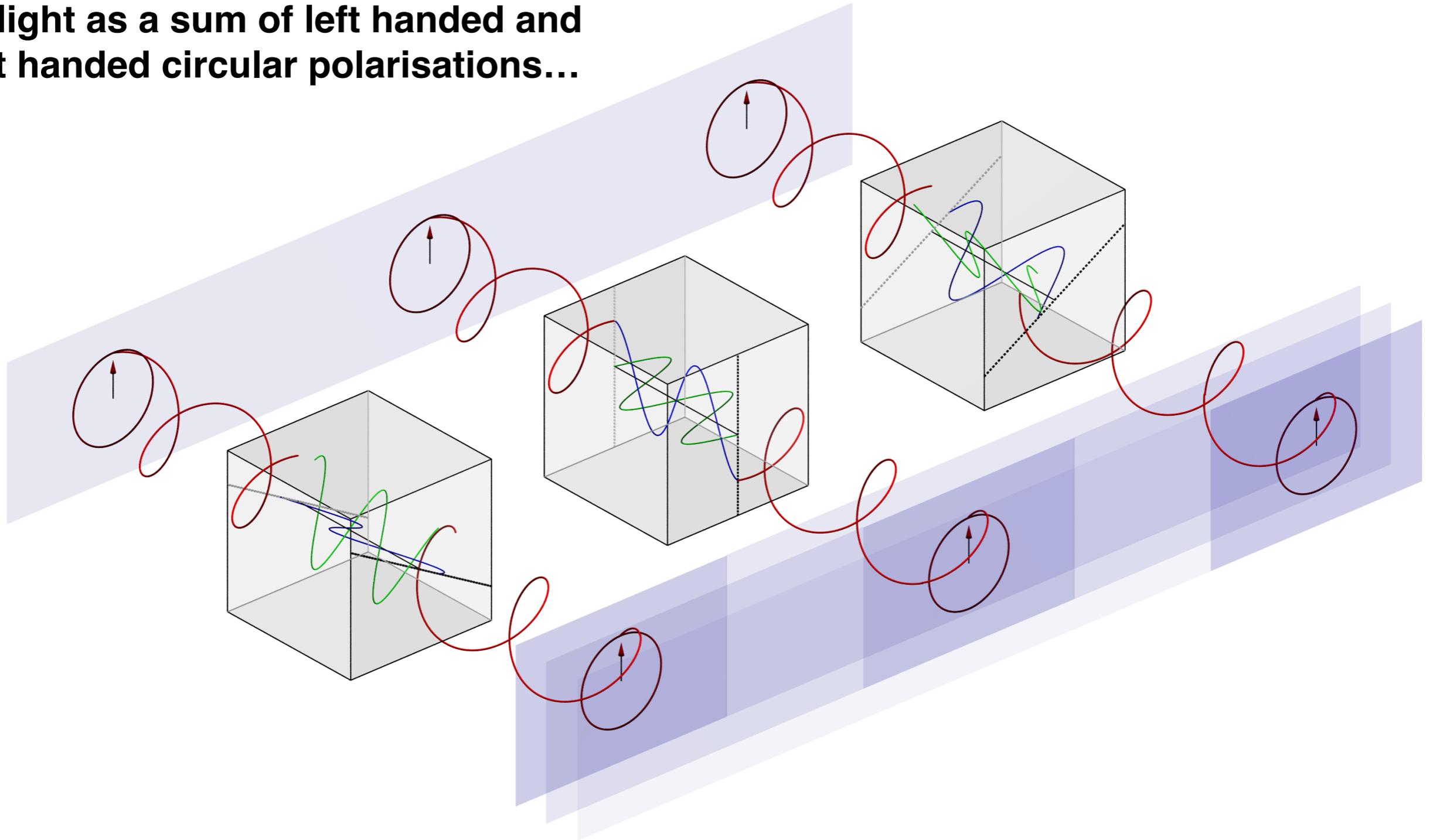
Classical Phase



Drawings by Gilles Otten

Geometric Phase

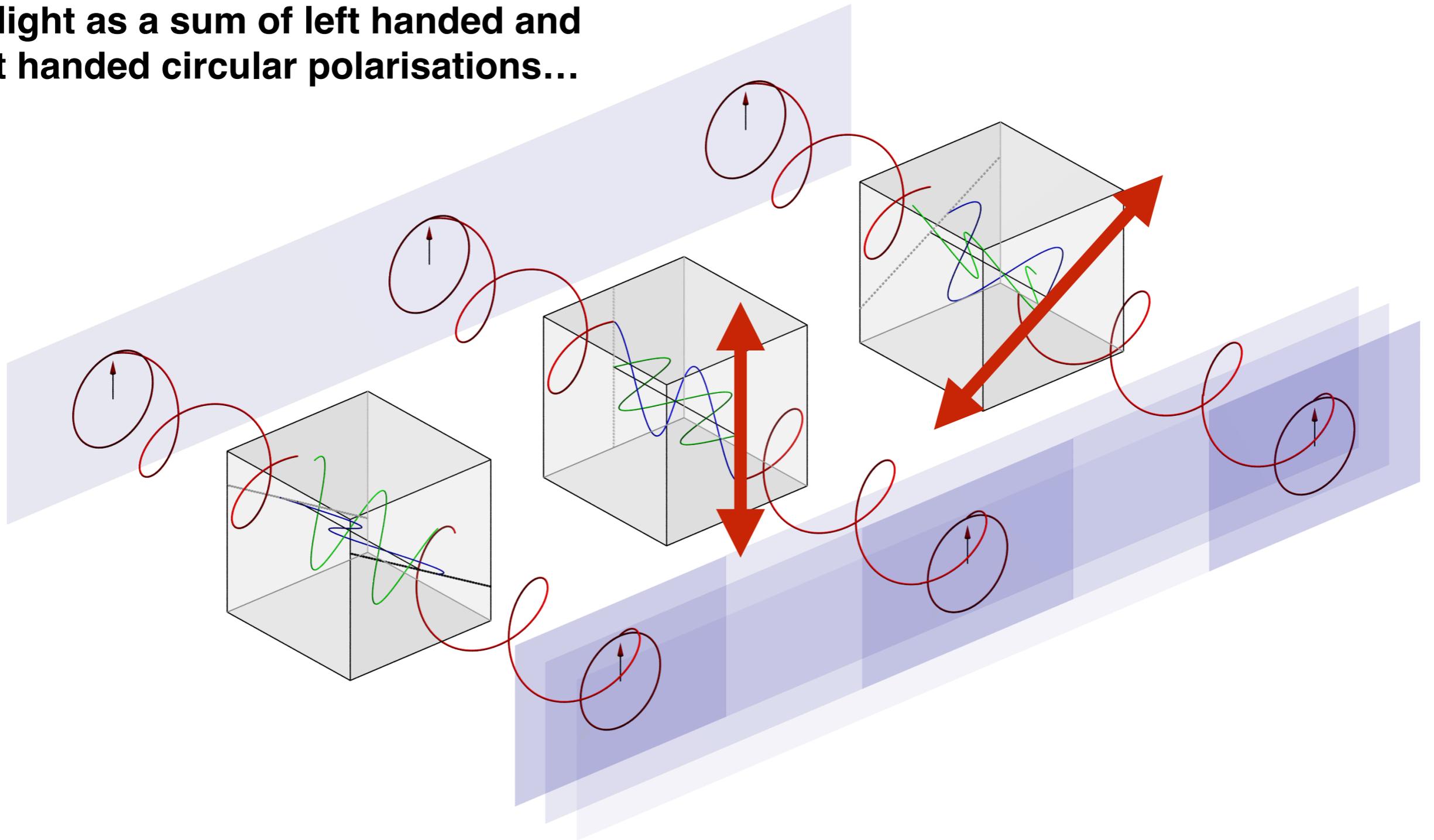
Starlight as a sum of left handed and right handed circular polarisations...



Drawings by Gilles Otten

Geometric Phase

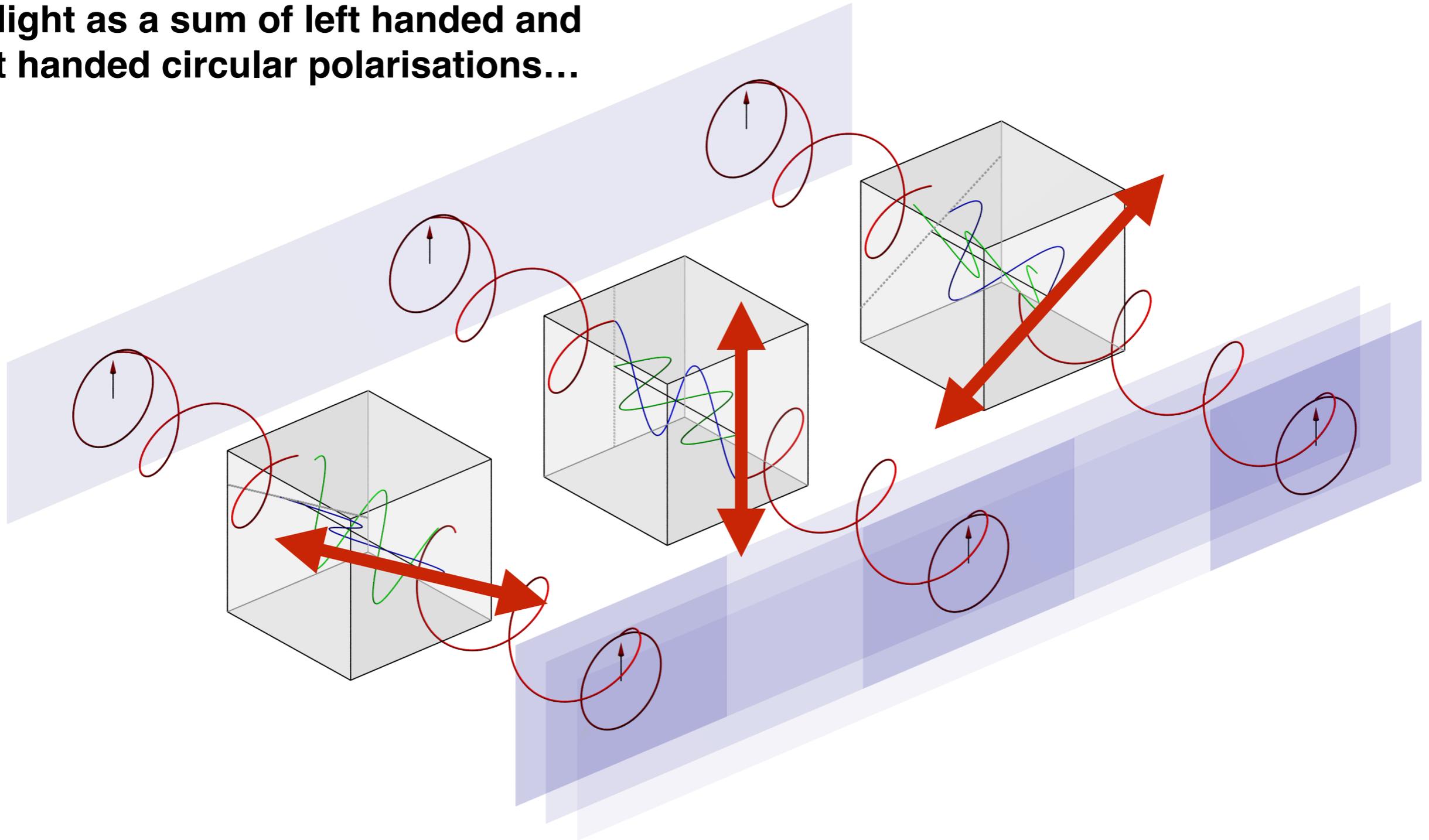
Starlight as a sum of left handed and right handed circular polarisations...



Drawings by Gilles Otten

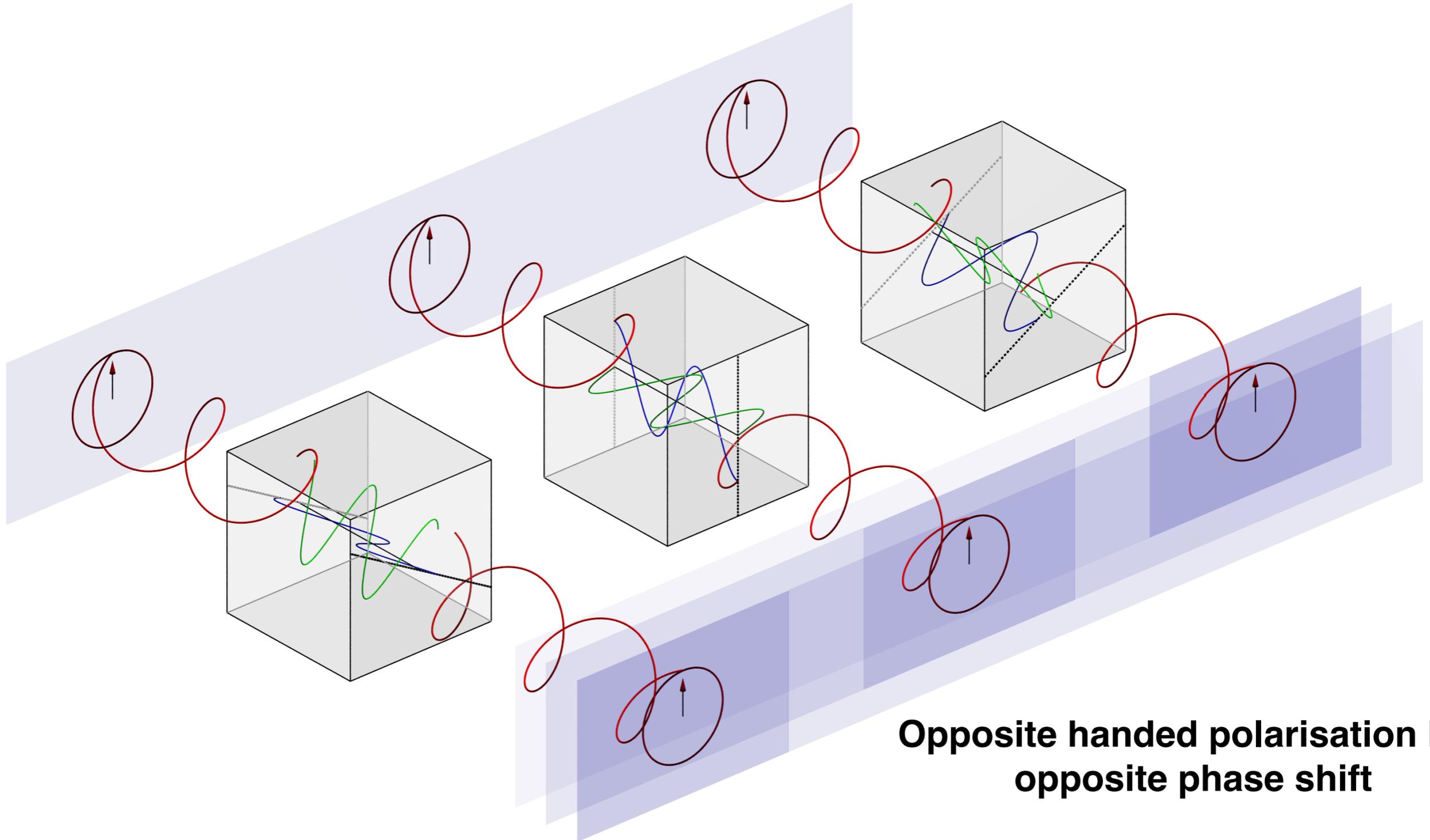
Geometric Phase

Starlight as a sum of left handed and right handed circular polarisations...



Drawings by Gilles Otten

Geometric Phase

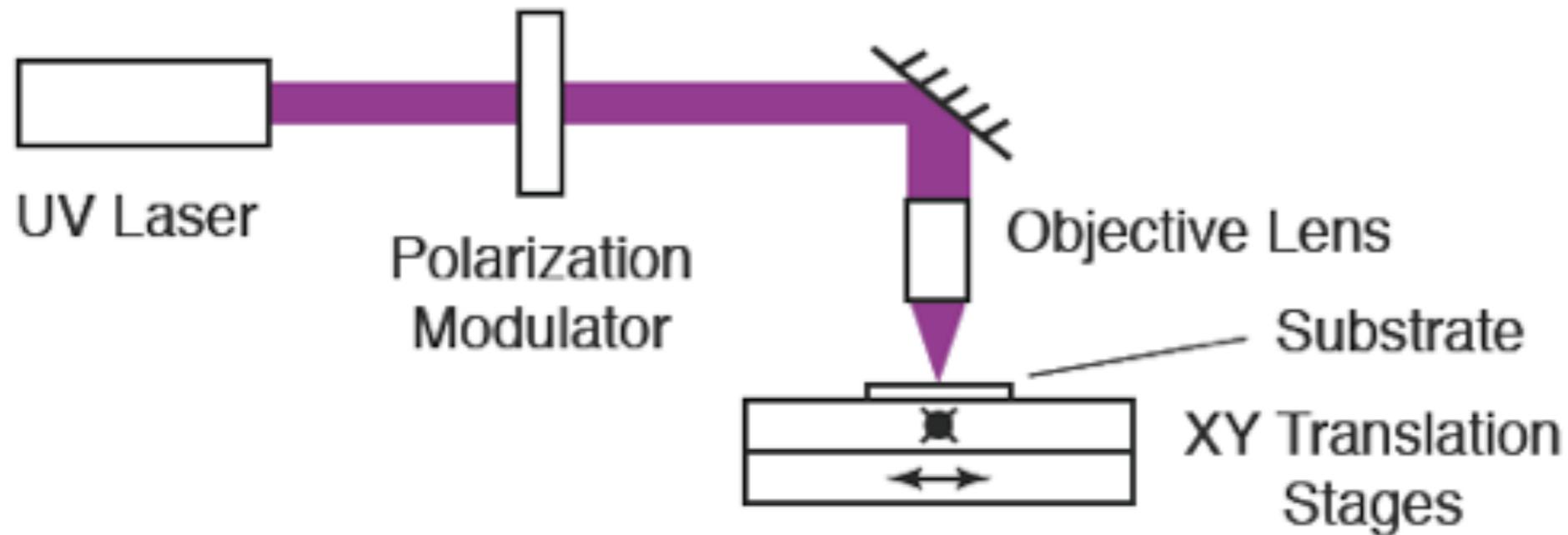


**Opposite handed polarisation has
opposite phase shift**

Drawings by Gilles Otten

Enabling freeform phase patterns

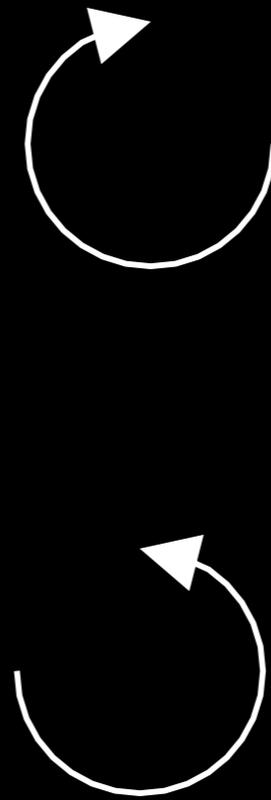
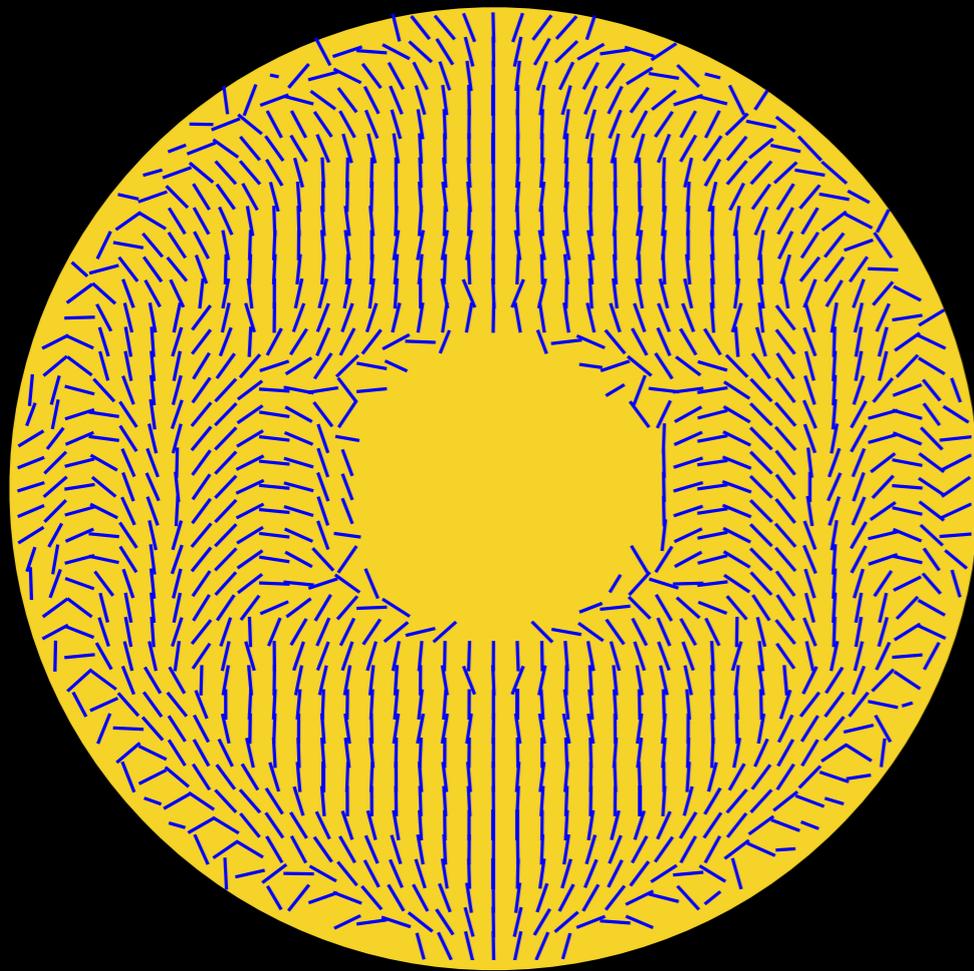
Typically 1 micron accuracy over >50mm optics



*Miskiewicz
& Escuti (2014)*

Vector APP coronagraph

Orientation of fast axis encodes the phase shift



- Inherently achromatic
- Liquid crystal allows complex pa
- Two PSFs

Geometric phase using self-aligning birefringent polymers

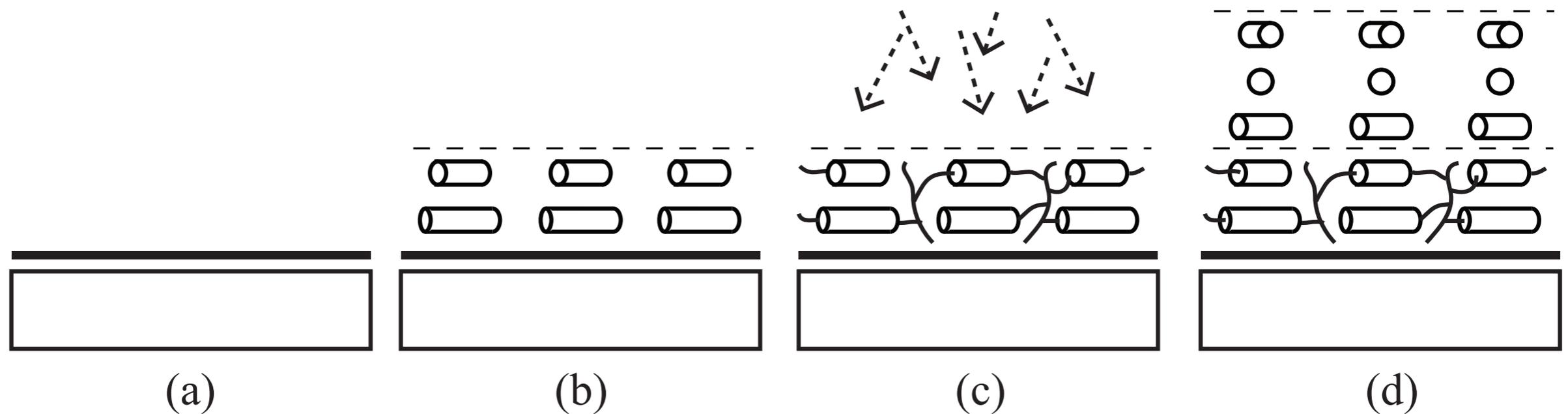
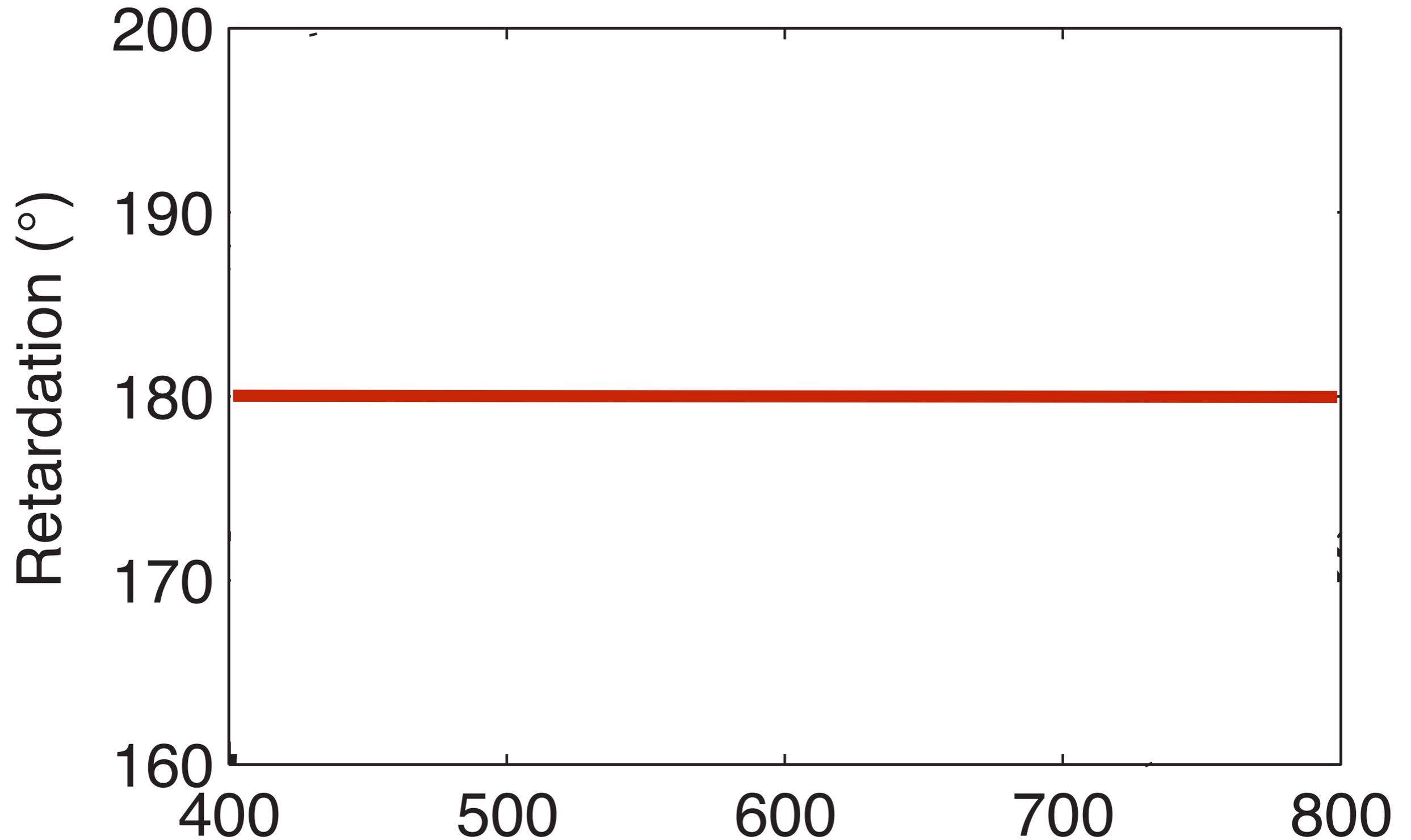
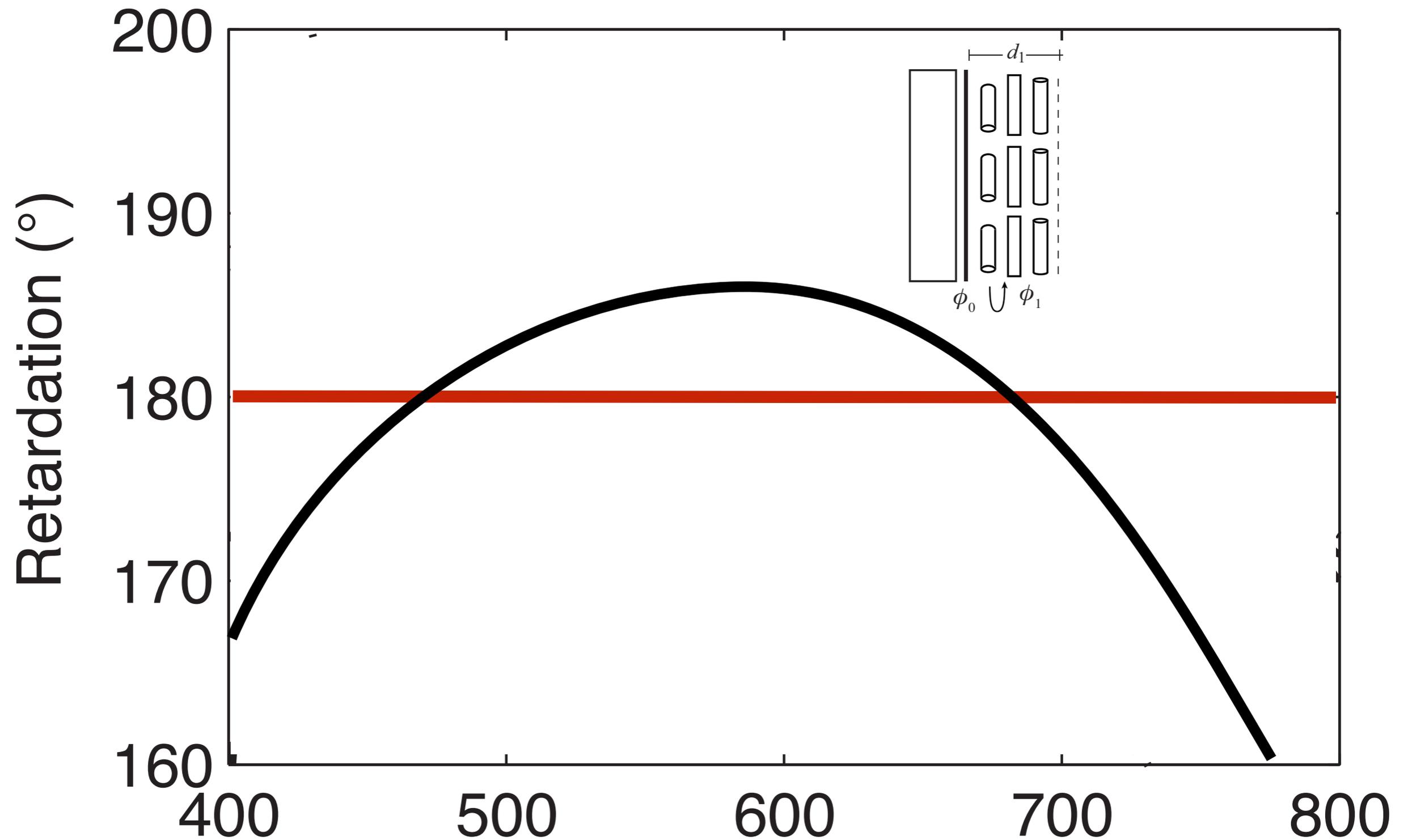


Fig. 8. The MTR fabrication procedure resulting in a monolithic broadband element, on a single substrate and alignment layer: (a) alignment layer processing; (b) LCP coating ($m = 1$); (c) LCP photo-polymerization; and (d) repeat LCP coating and curing for ($m \geq 2$).

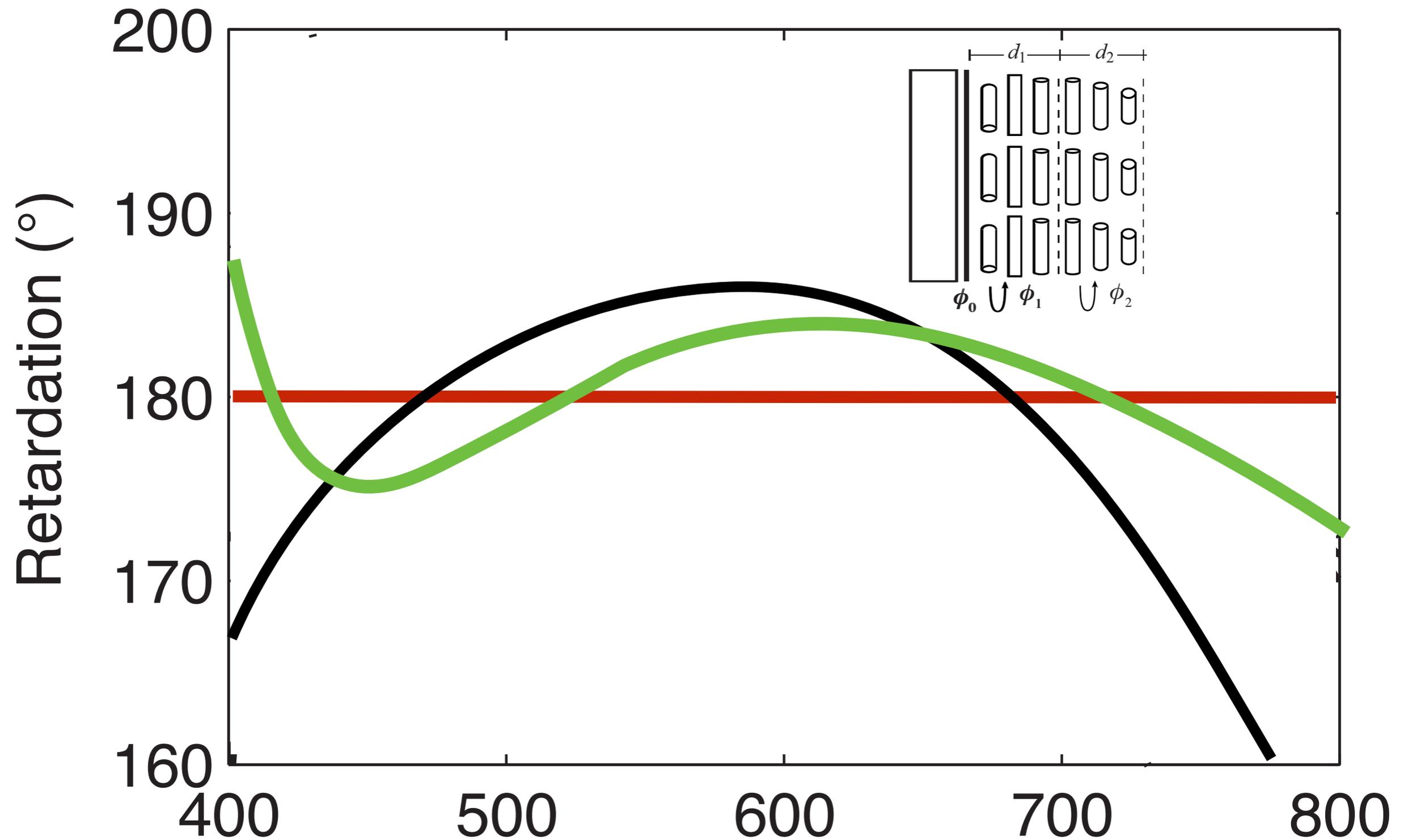
Broadband with additional layers



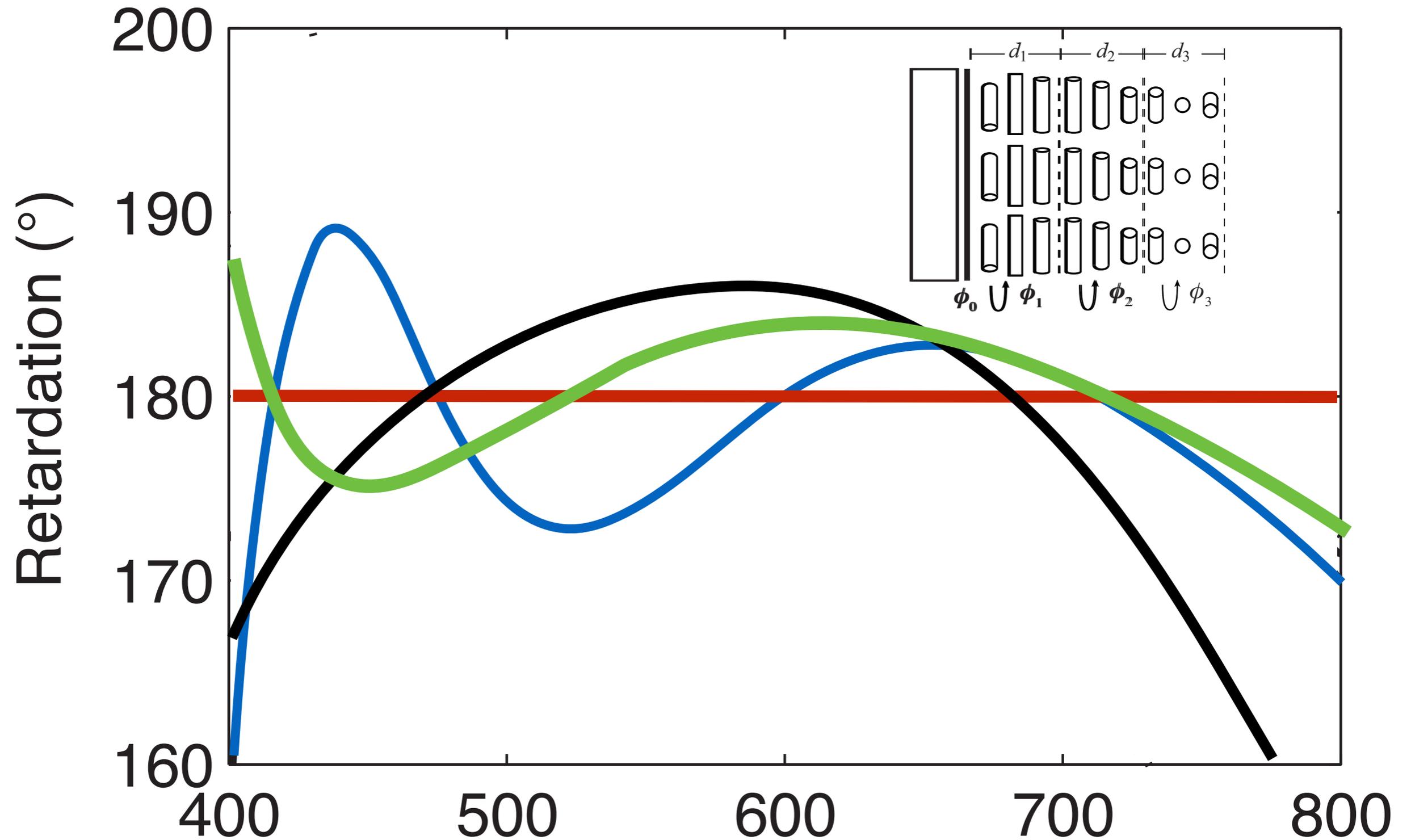
Broadband with additional layers



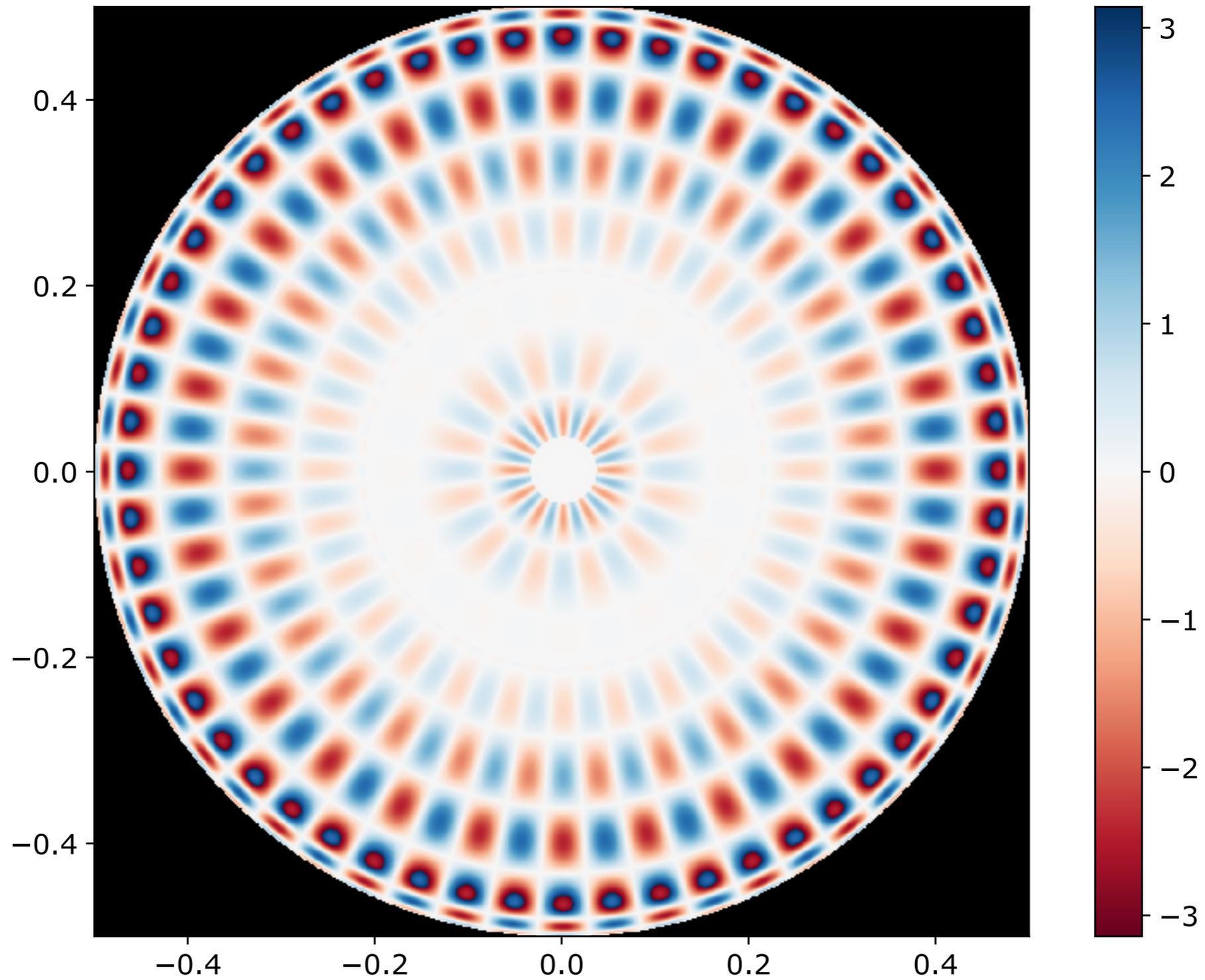
Broadband with additional layers



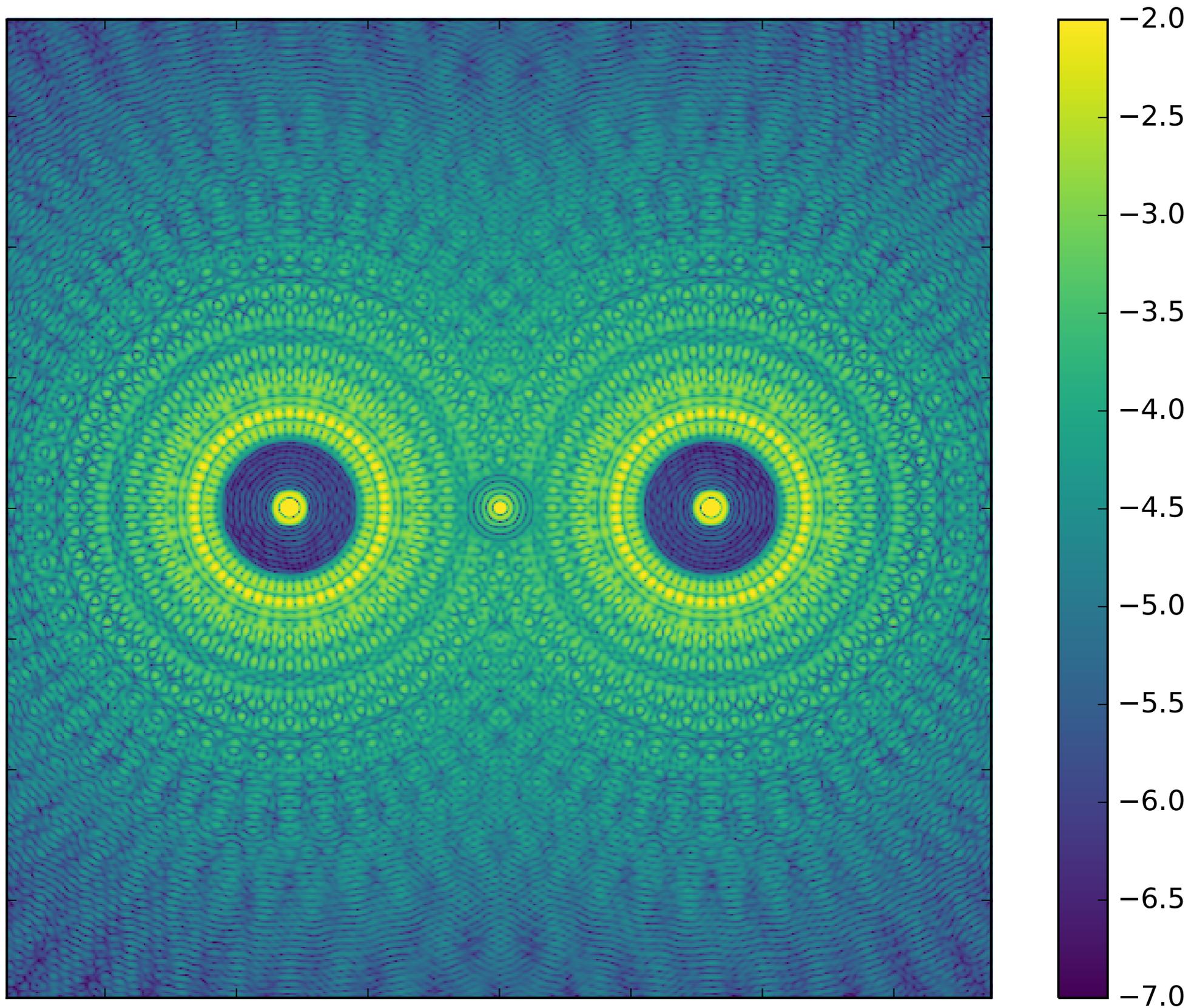
Broadband with additional layers



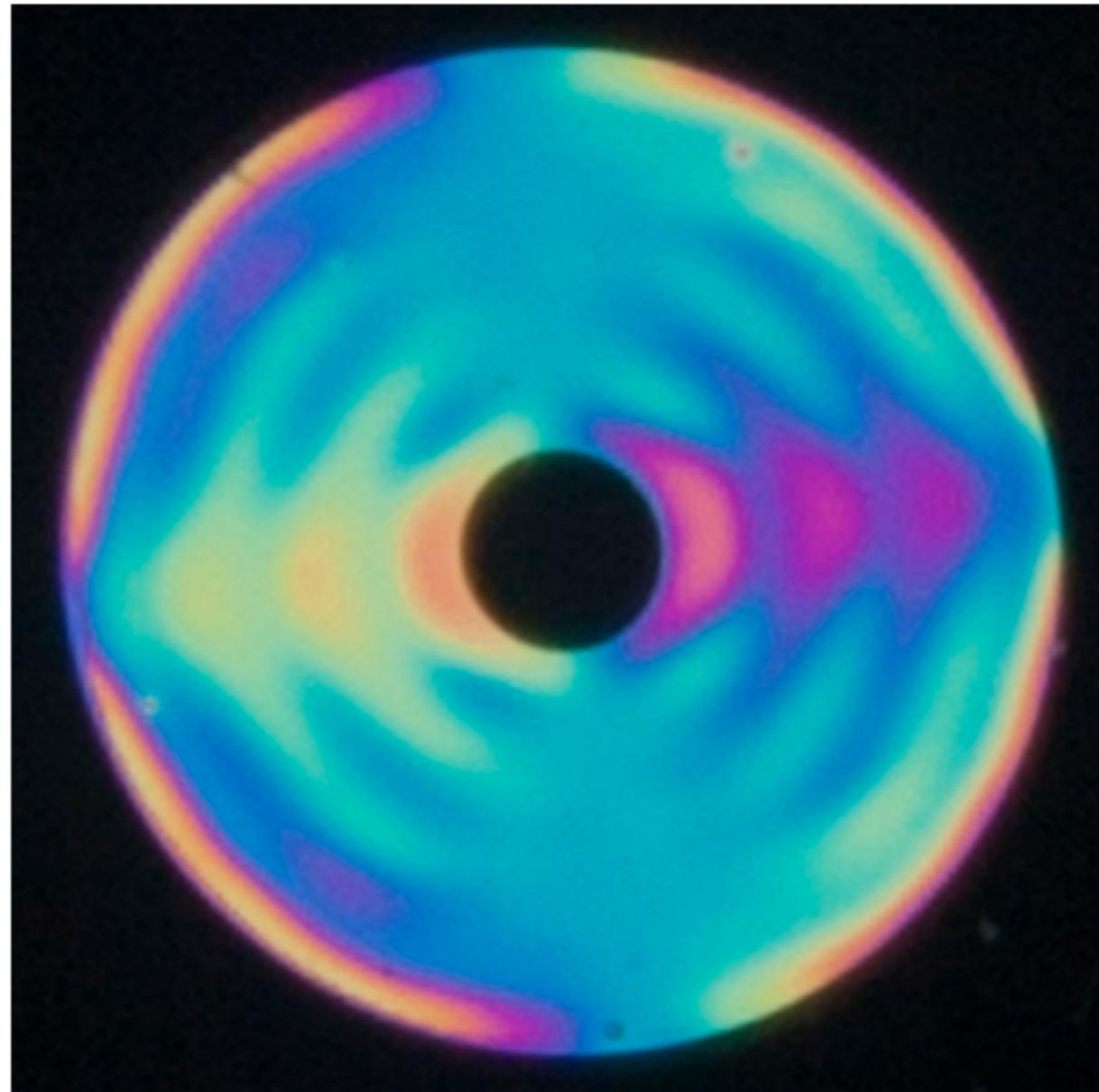
Opens up a new parameter space for coronagraph designs



360 degree APPs

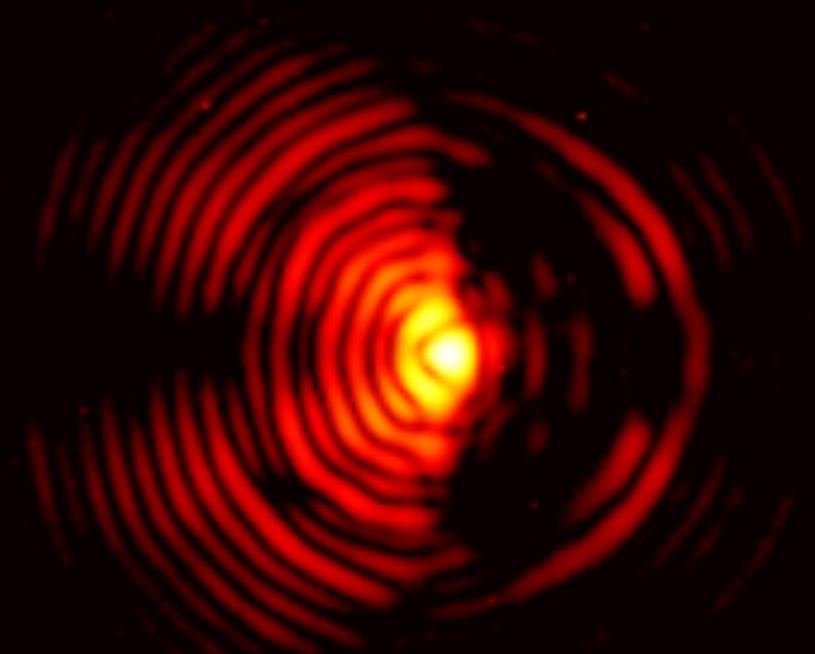
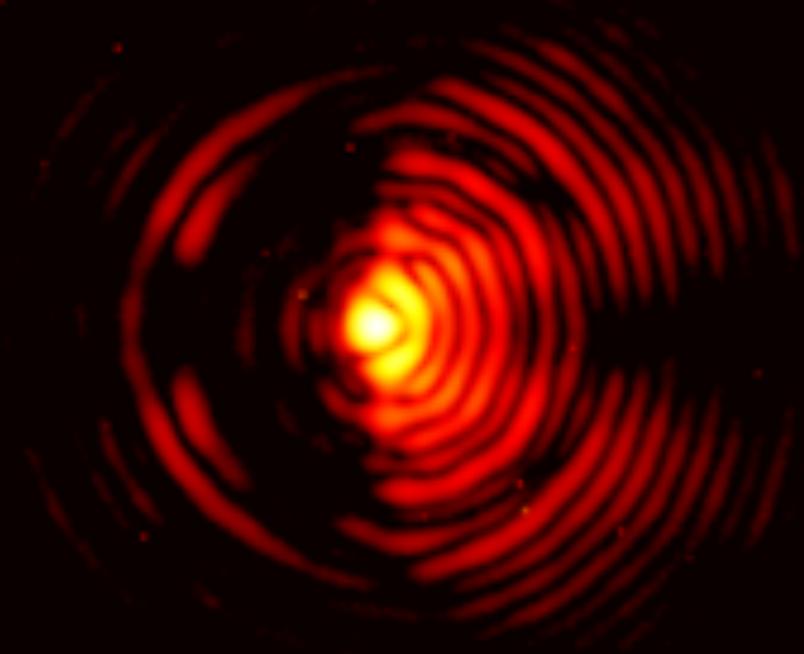


Prototype vAPP tested at optical wavelengths in Leiden

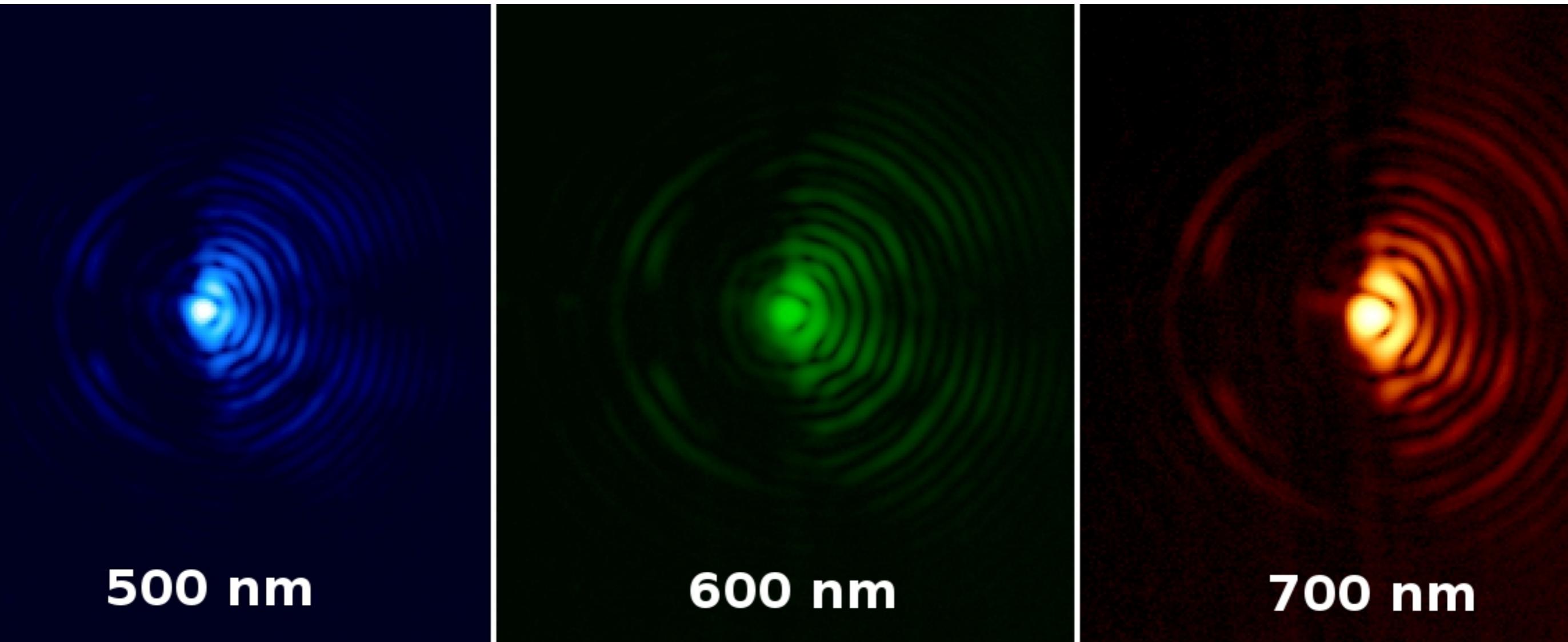


Otten+ (2014) SPIE 91511

Left-hand and right-hand circular polarizations have opposite phases

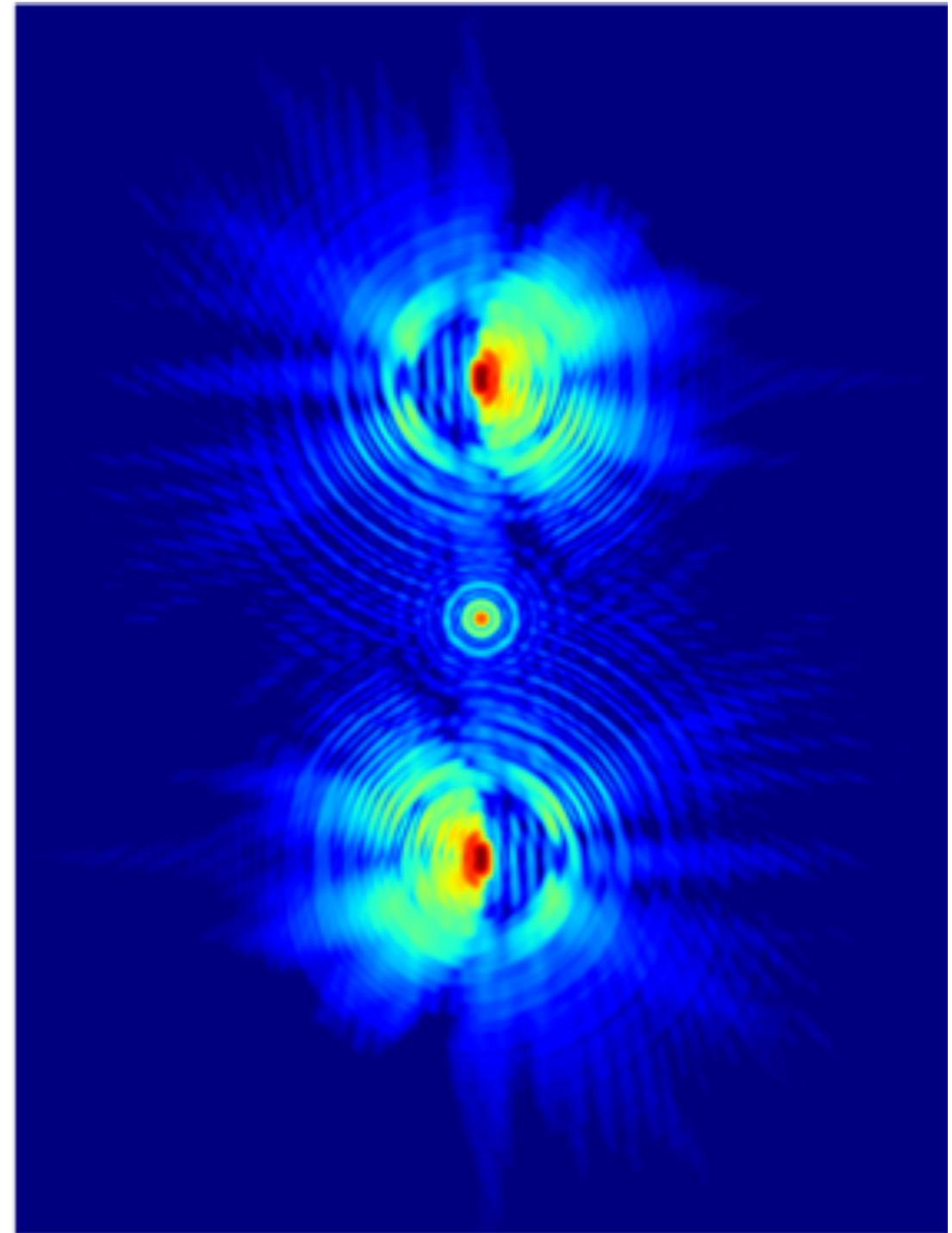
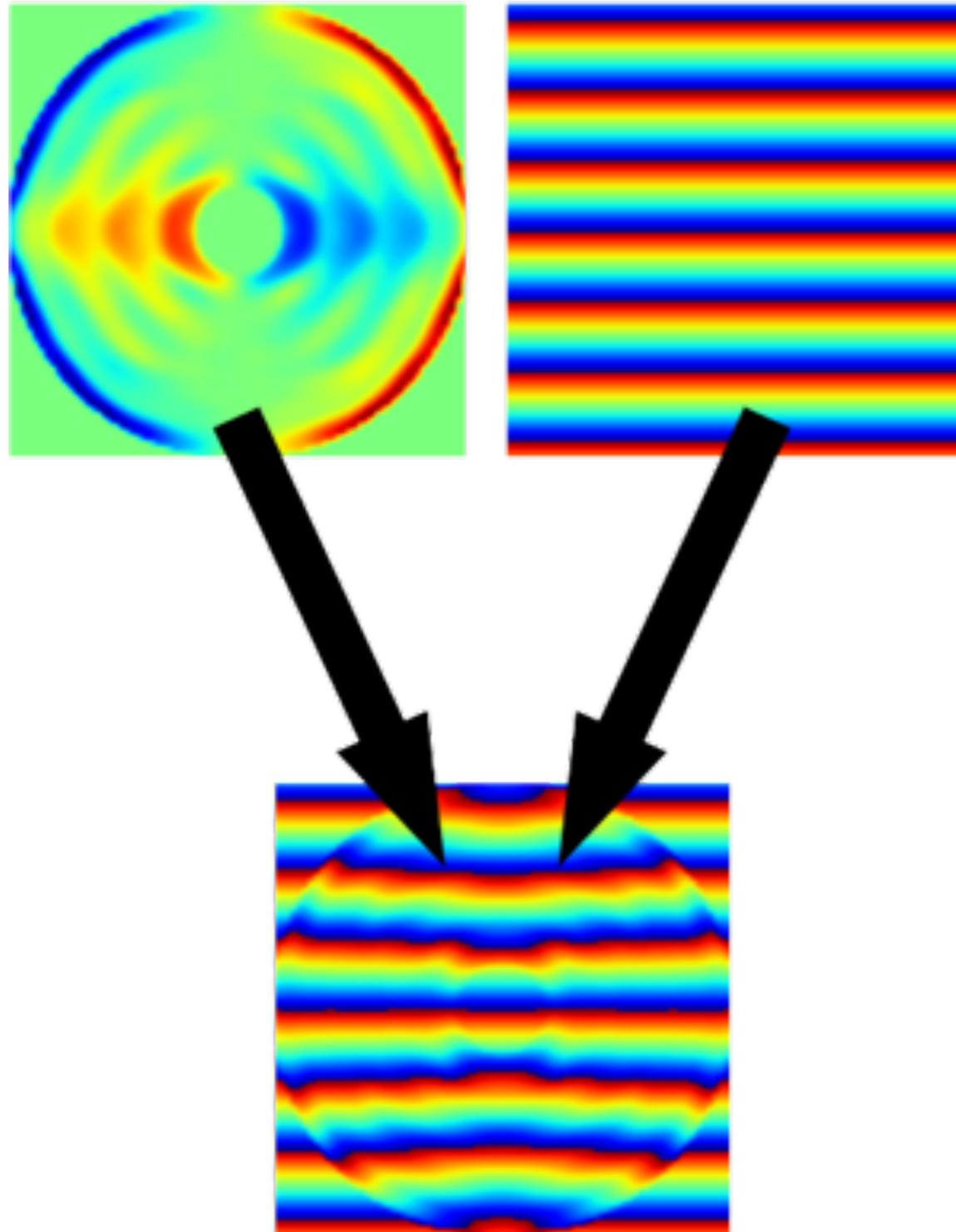


Broadband wavelength works



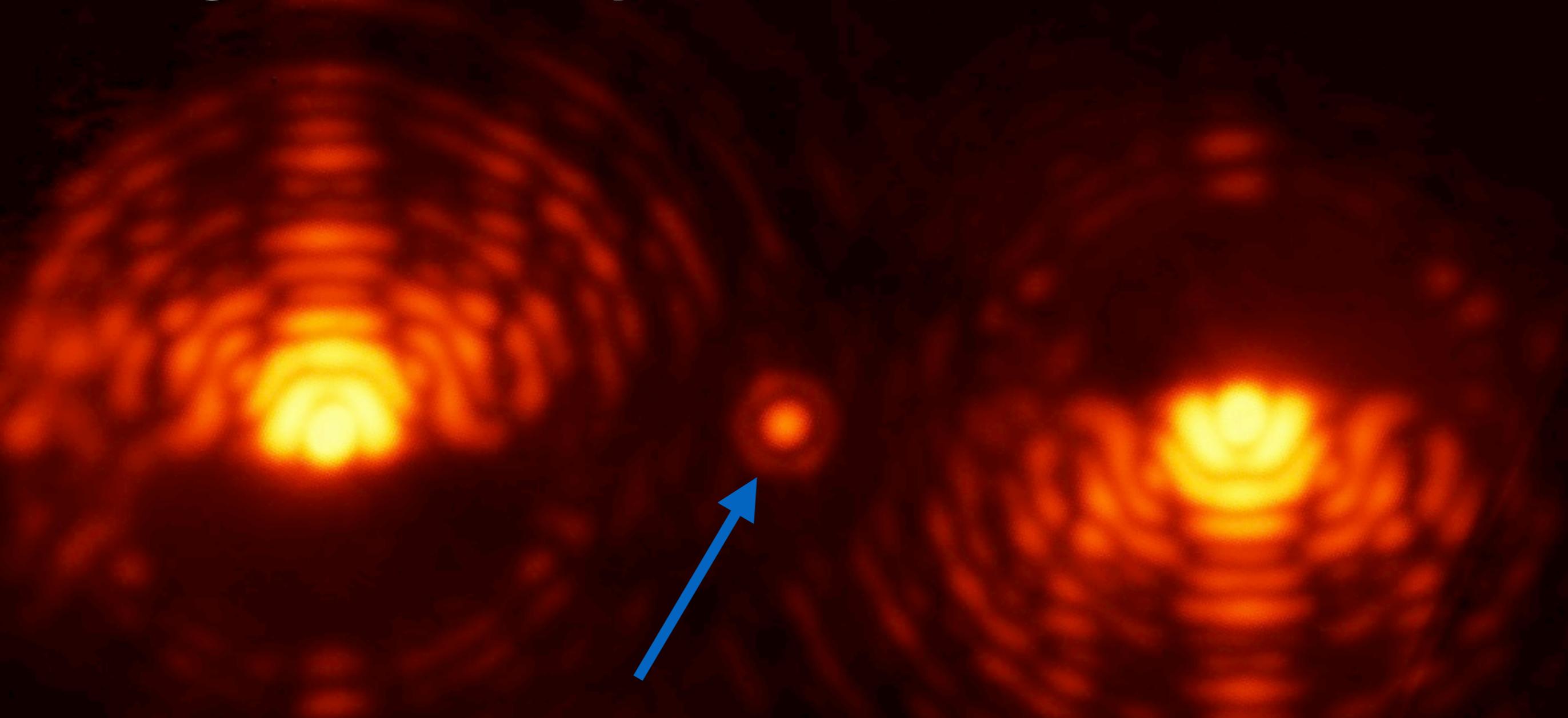
...but “leakage term” remains

Solved with: Grating vector APP (gvAPP)



Otten, Snik et al. 2014 SPIE

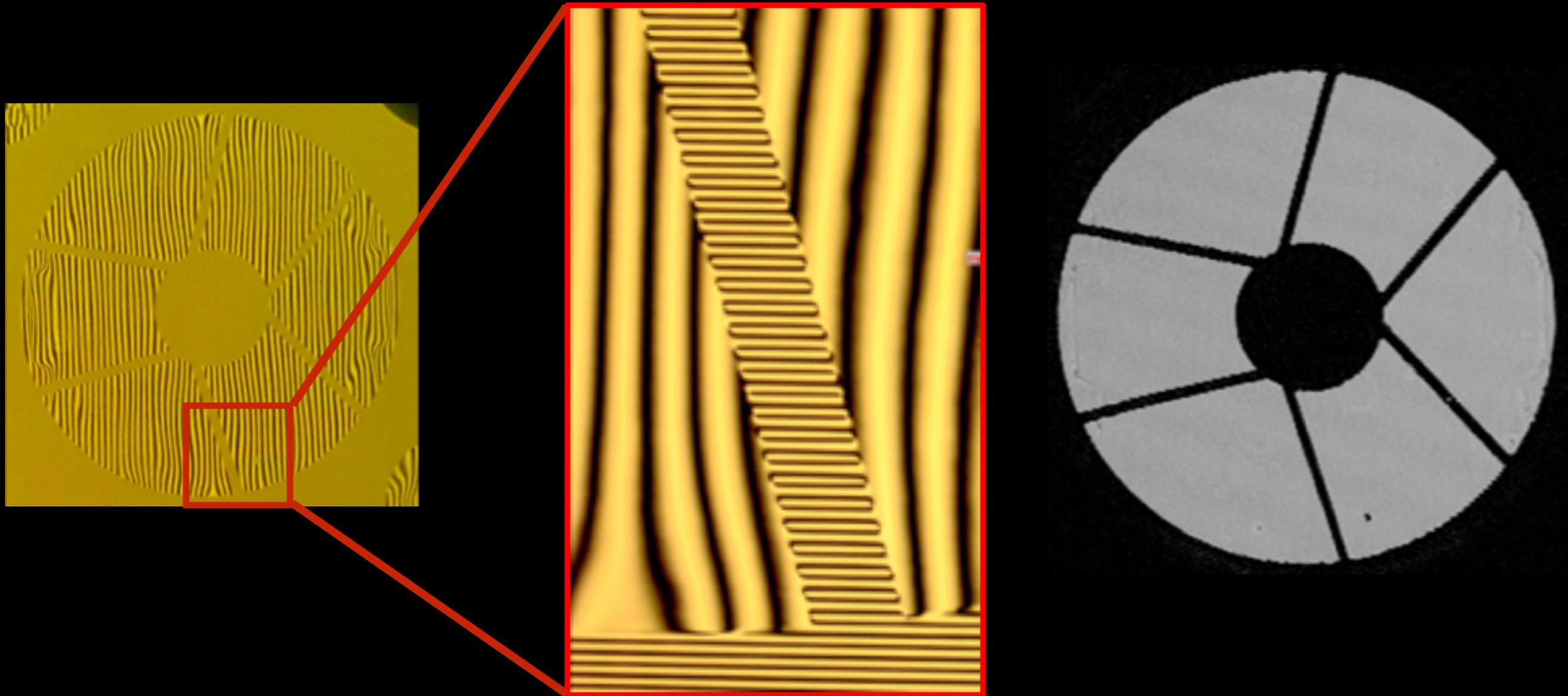
MagAO on-sky (2015) at 3.9 microns



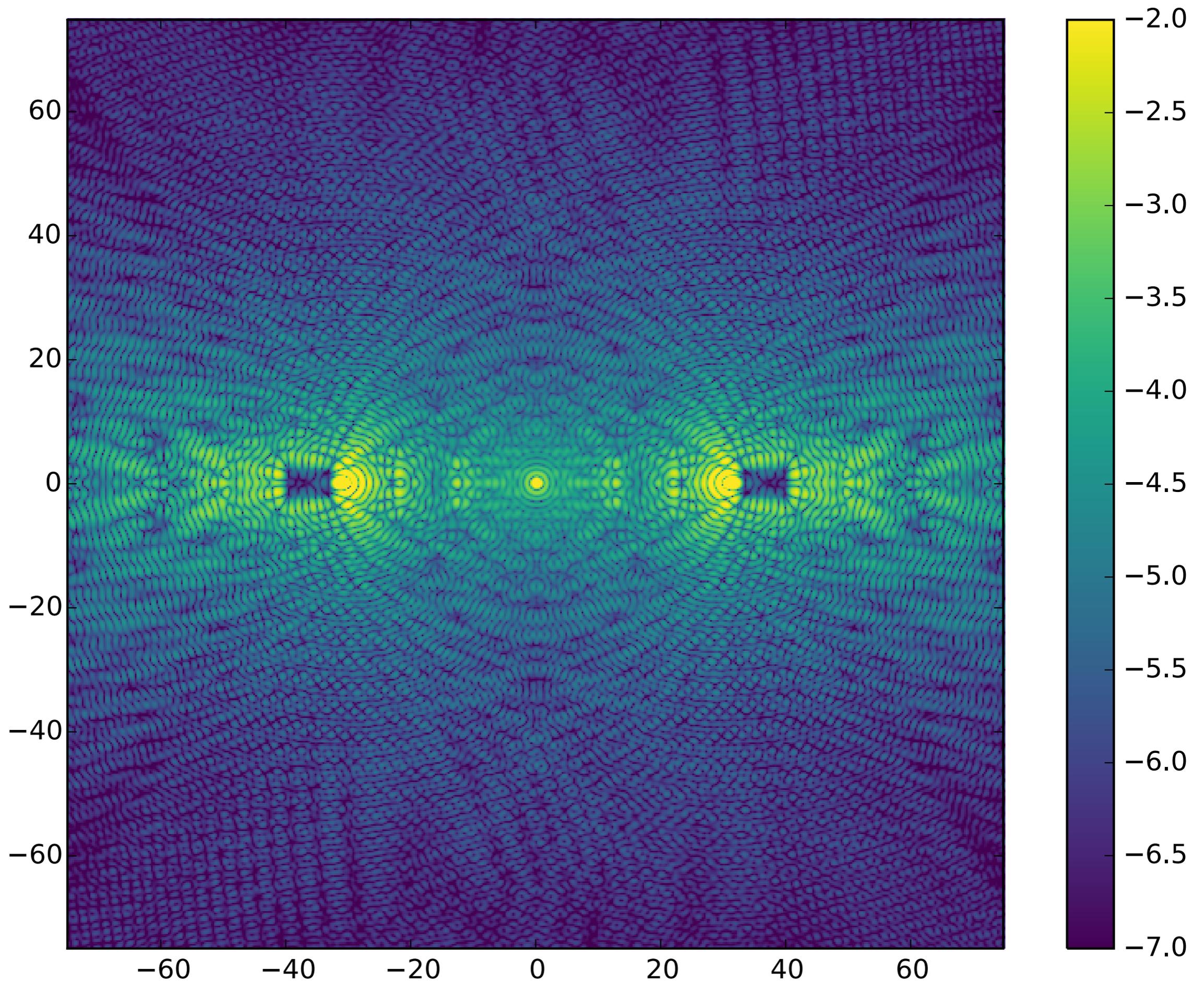
Unsaturated leakage term in every science image
- it's an astrometric and photometric reference!

Otten, Snik et al. (2017)

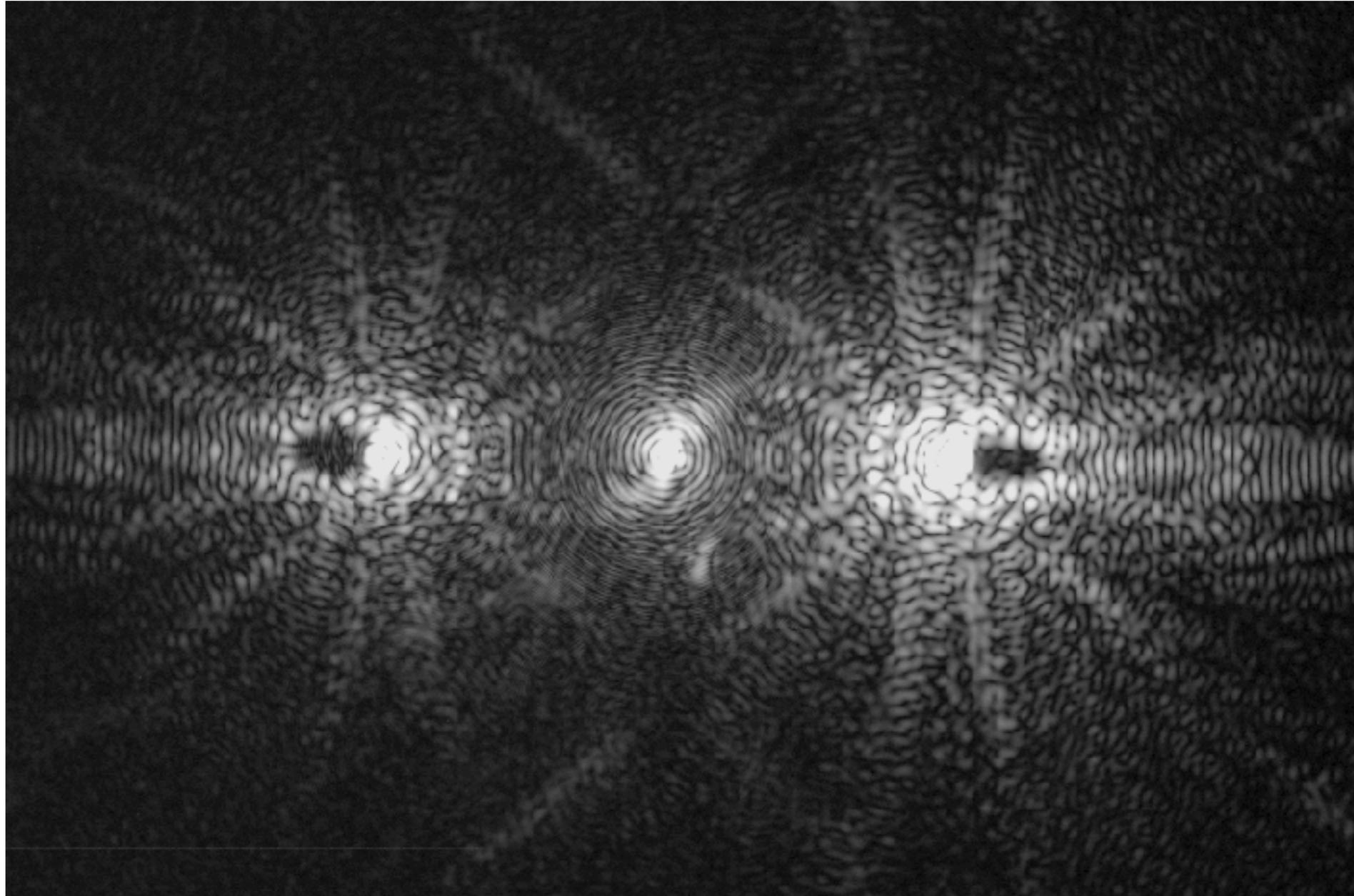
Grating aperture mask



Doelman+ (2017) SPIE

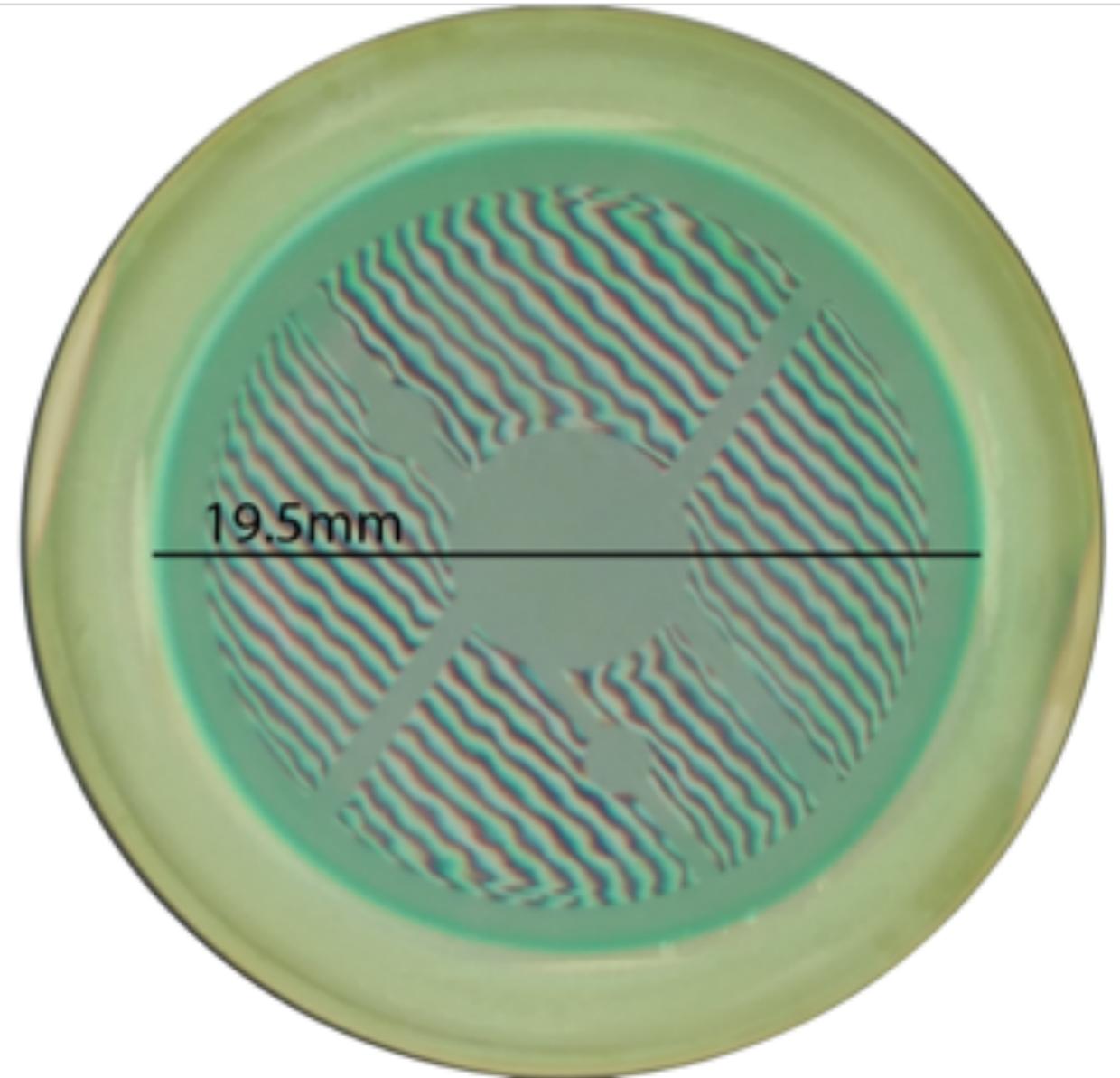
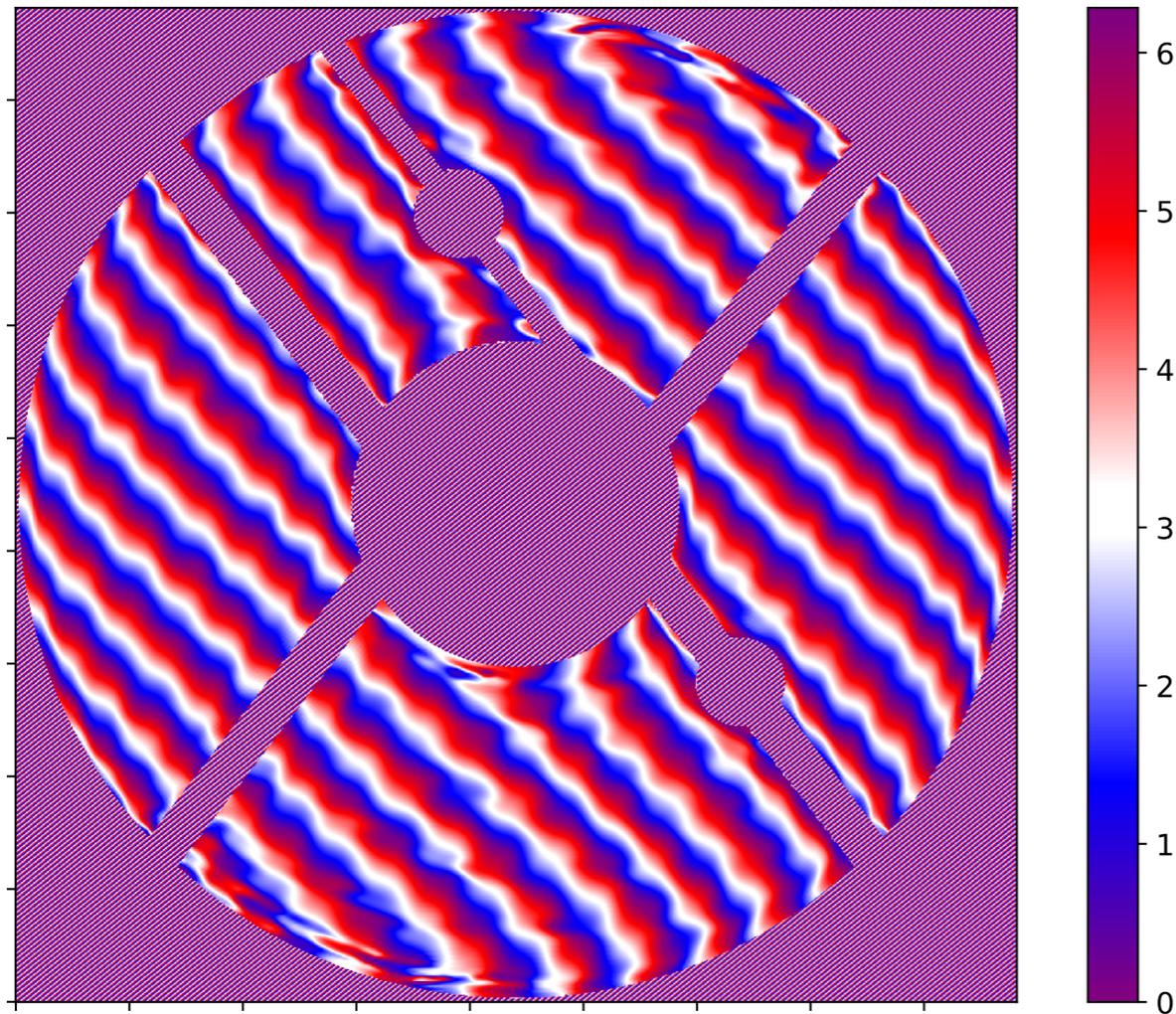


Lab measured PSF (monday!)



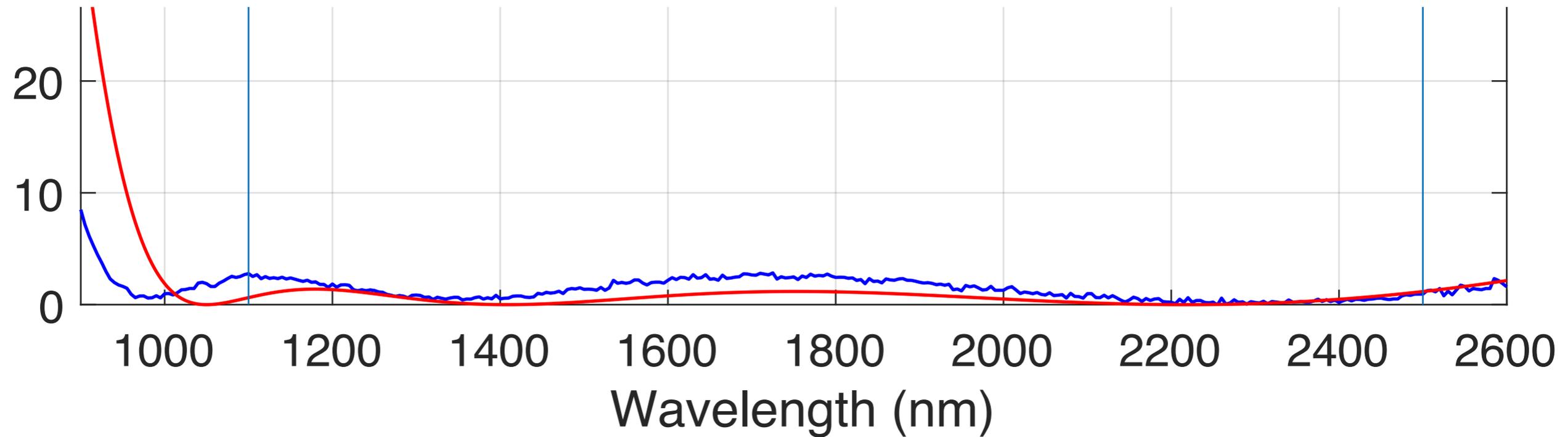
Courtesy Emiel Por

Subaru/SCExAO/CHARIS gvAPP

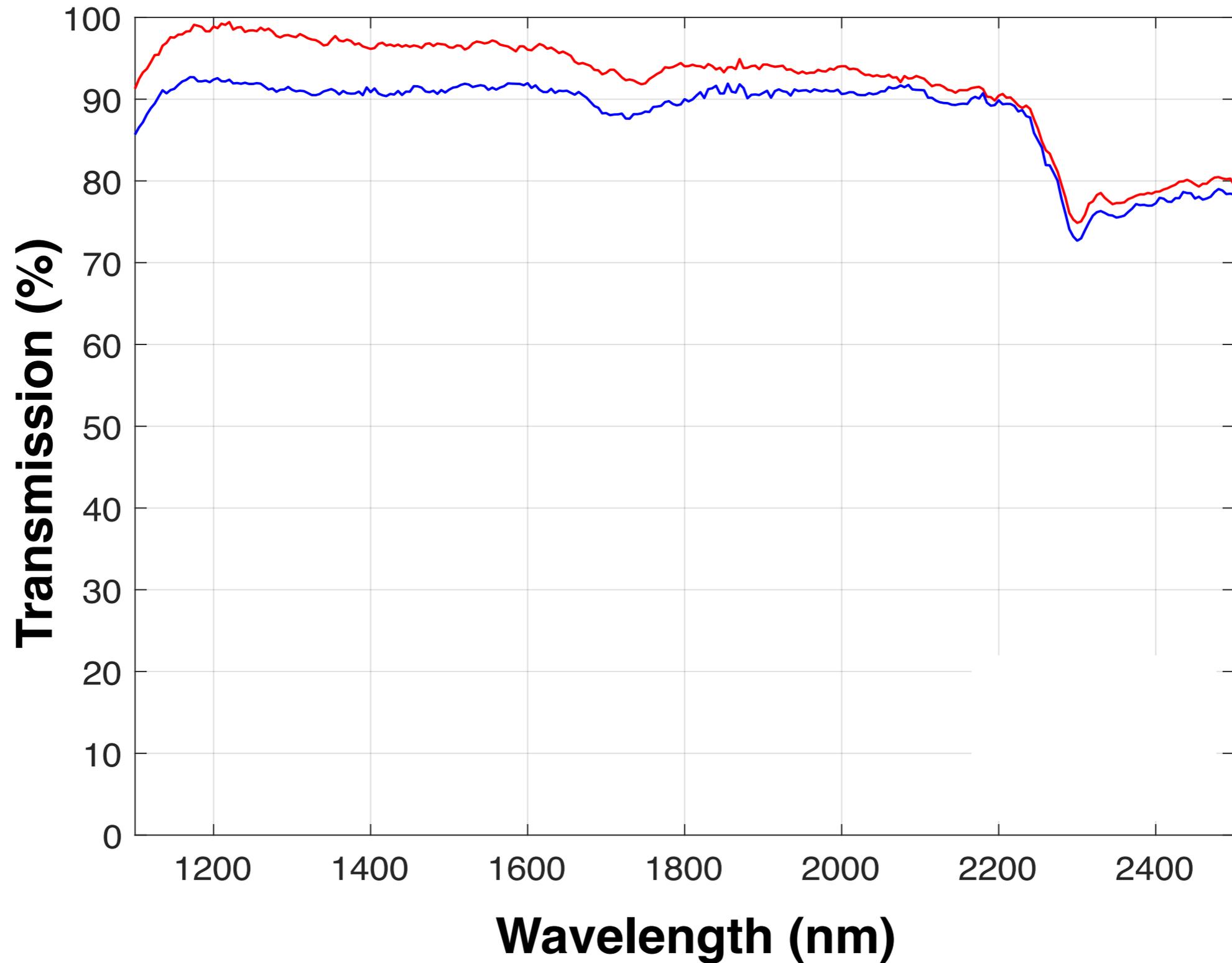


SCExAO Leakage term $< 5\%$

Leakage (%)

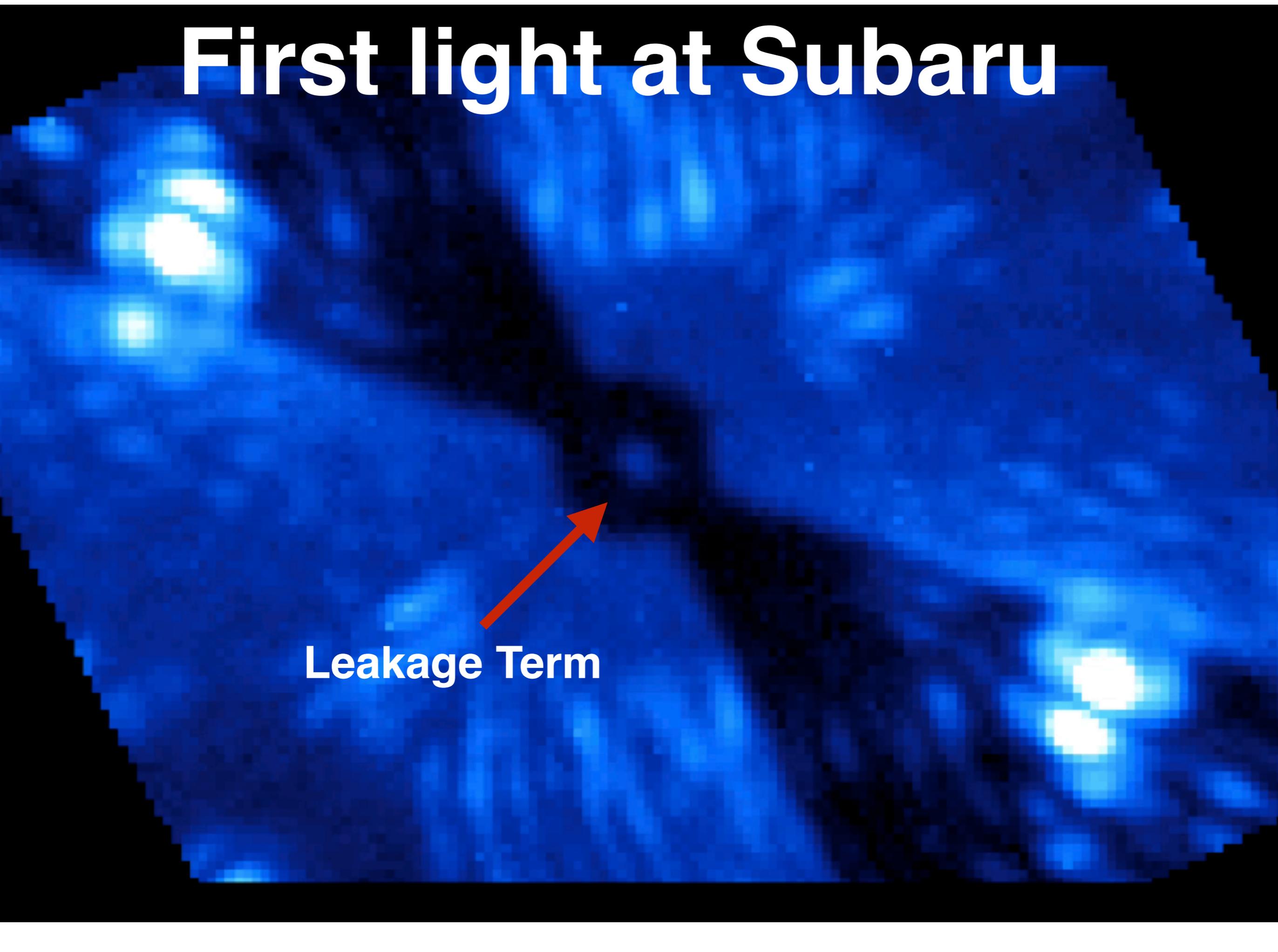


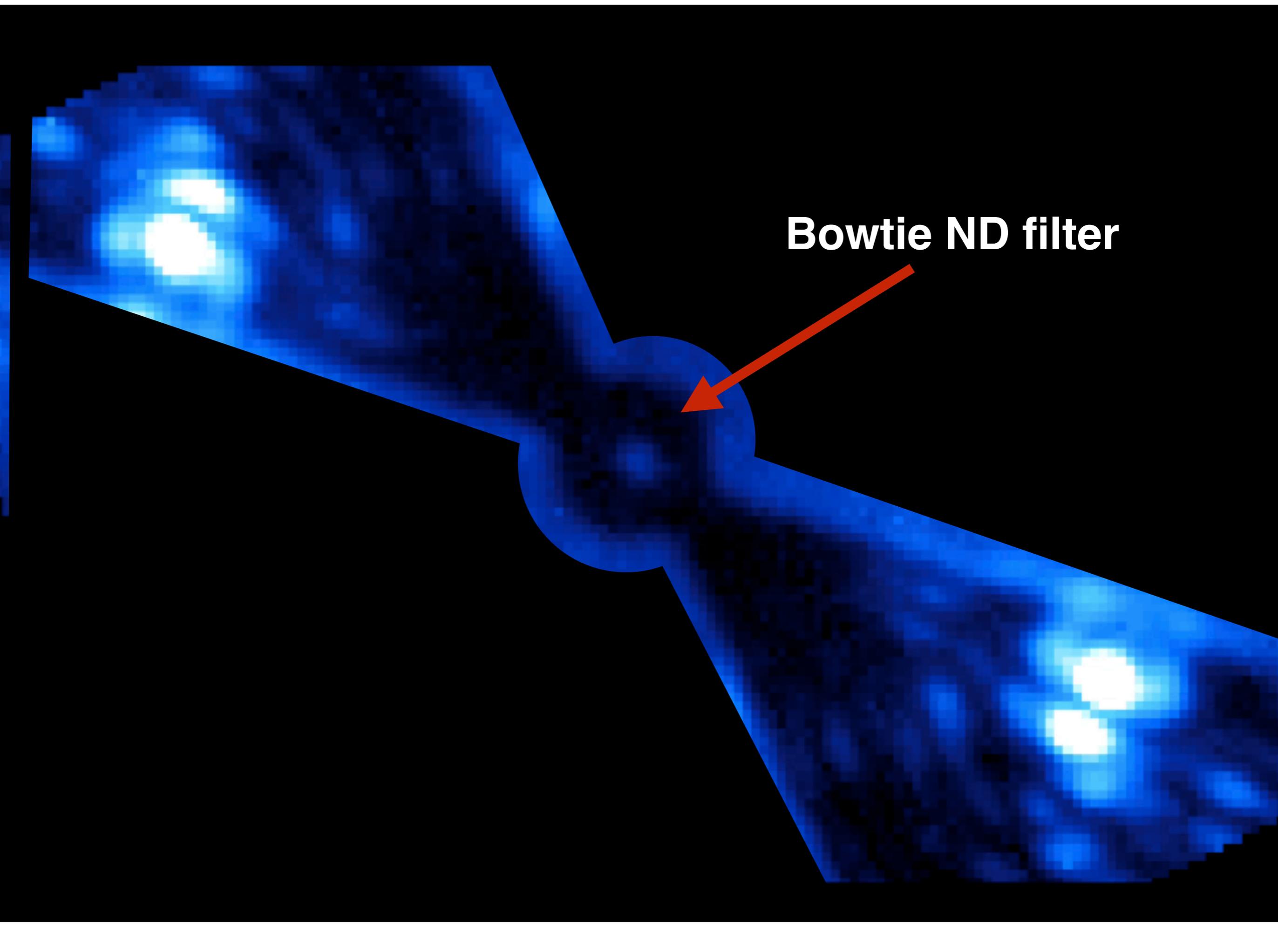
SCExAO gvAPP Transmission



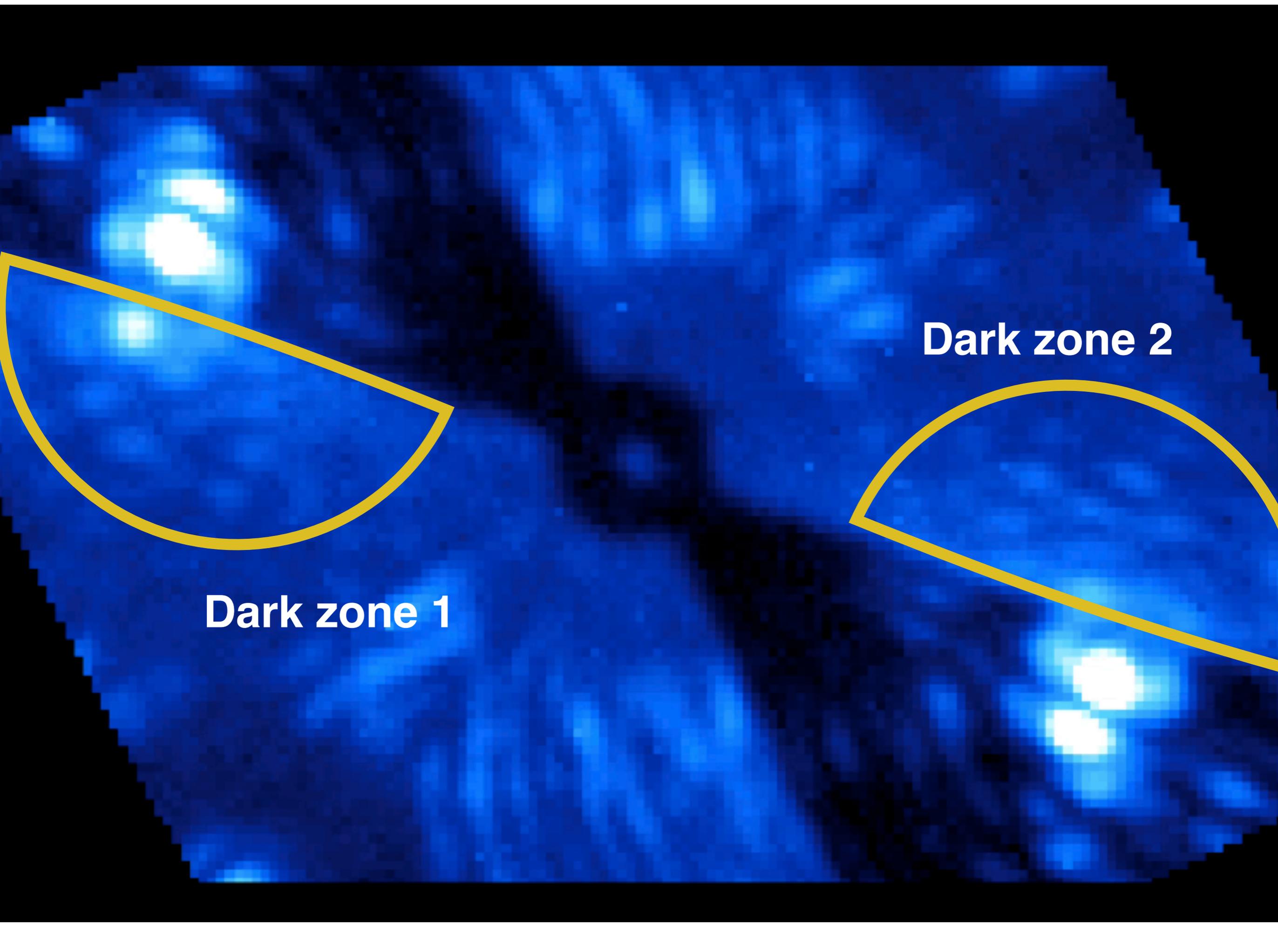
First light at Subaru

Leakage Term

The image is a circular field of view filled with stars of various colors, though the overall color scheme is blue. The stars are of different magnitudes, with some appearing as bright, multi-pointed sources and others as faint, single points. A red arrow originates from the text 'Leakage Term' and points towards a specific, faint star located in the lower-central region of the image.

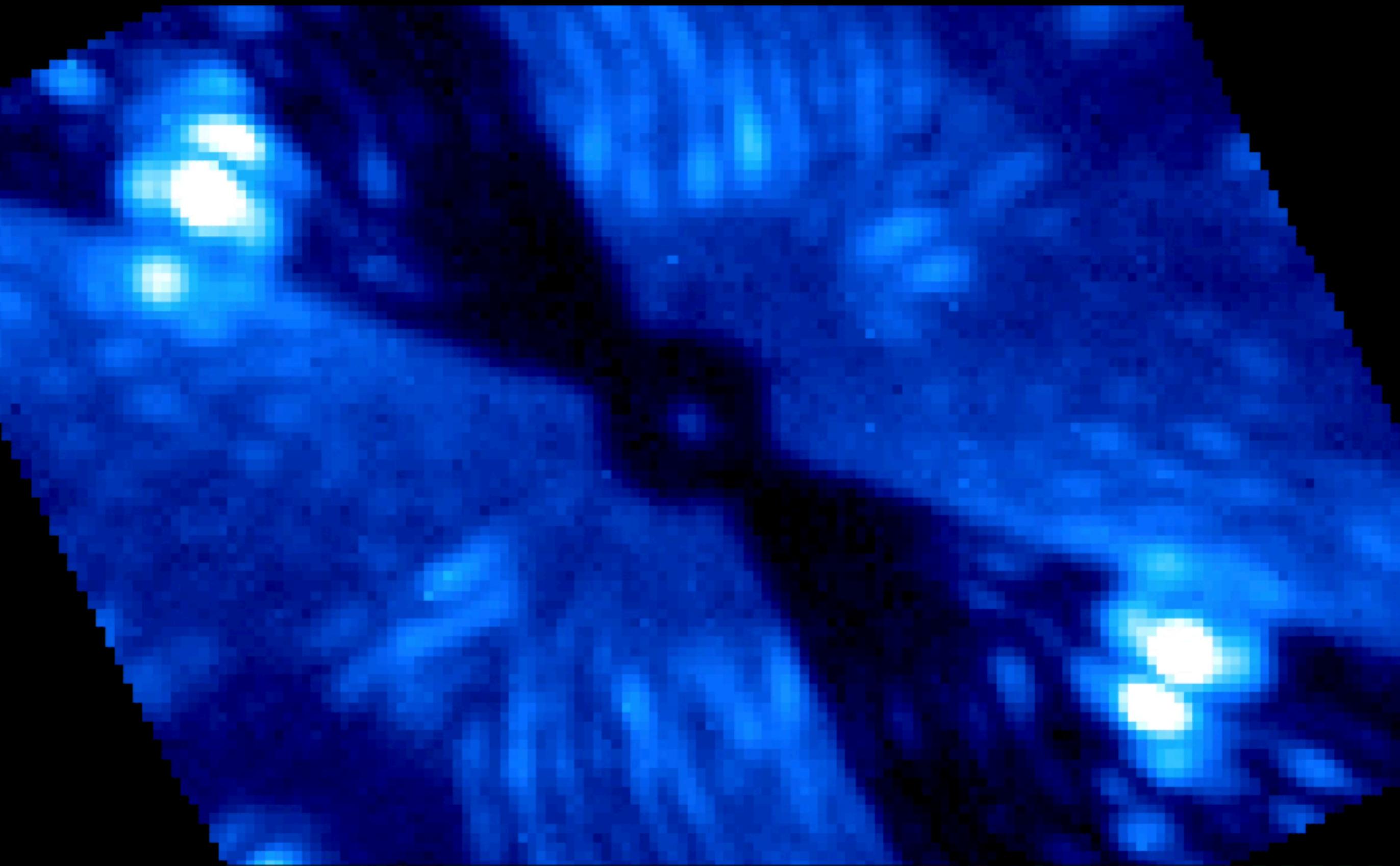


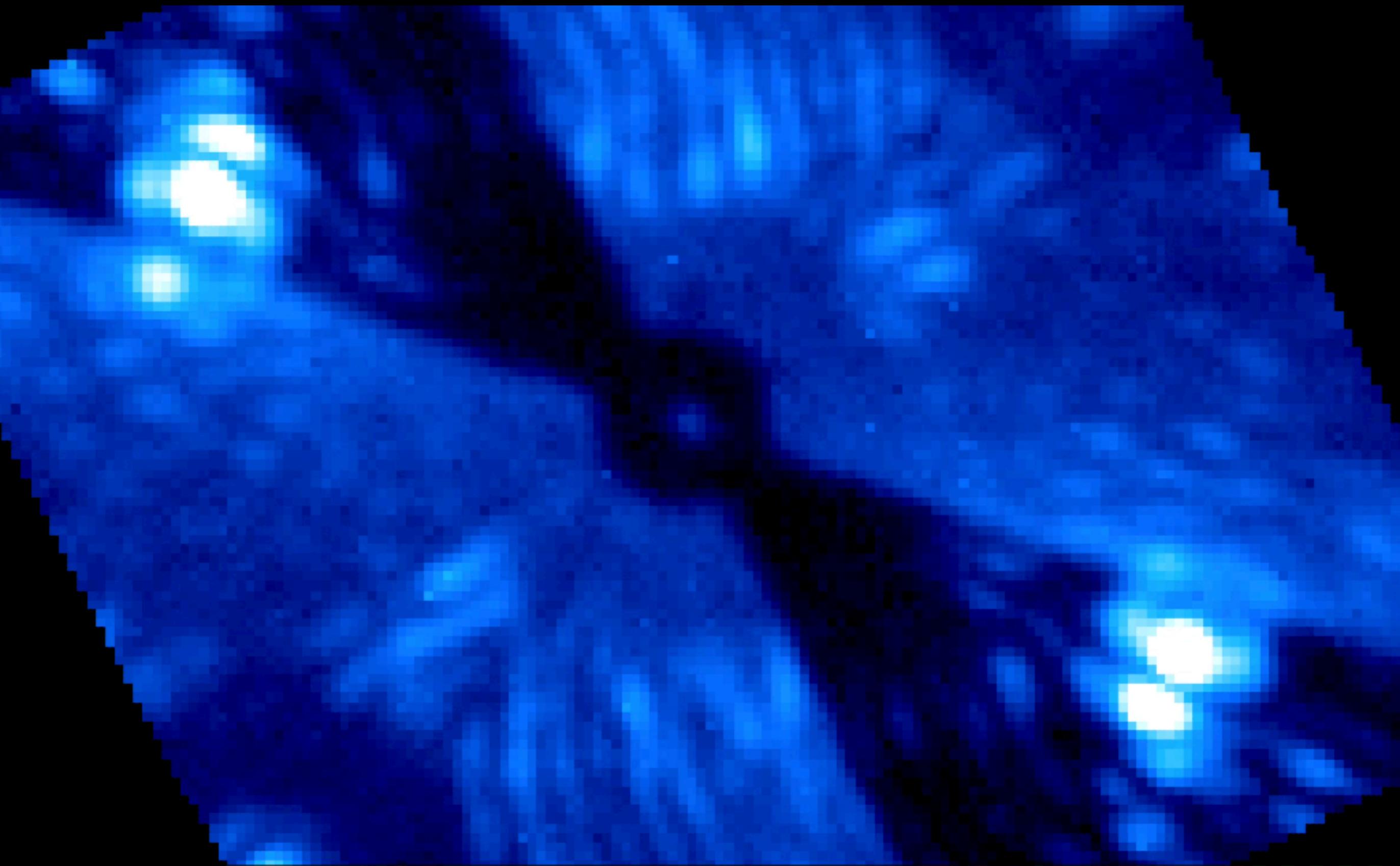
Bowtie ND filter



Dark zone 1

Dark zone 2



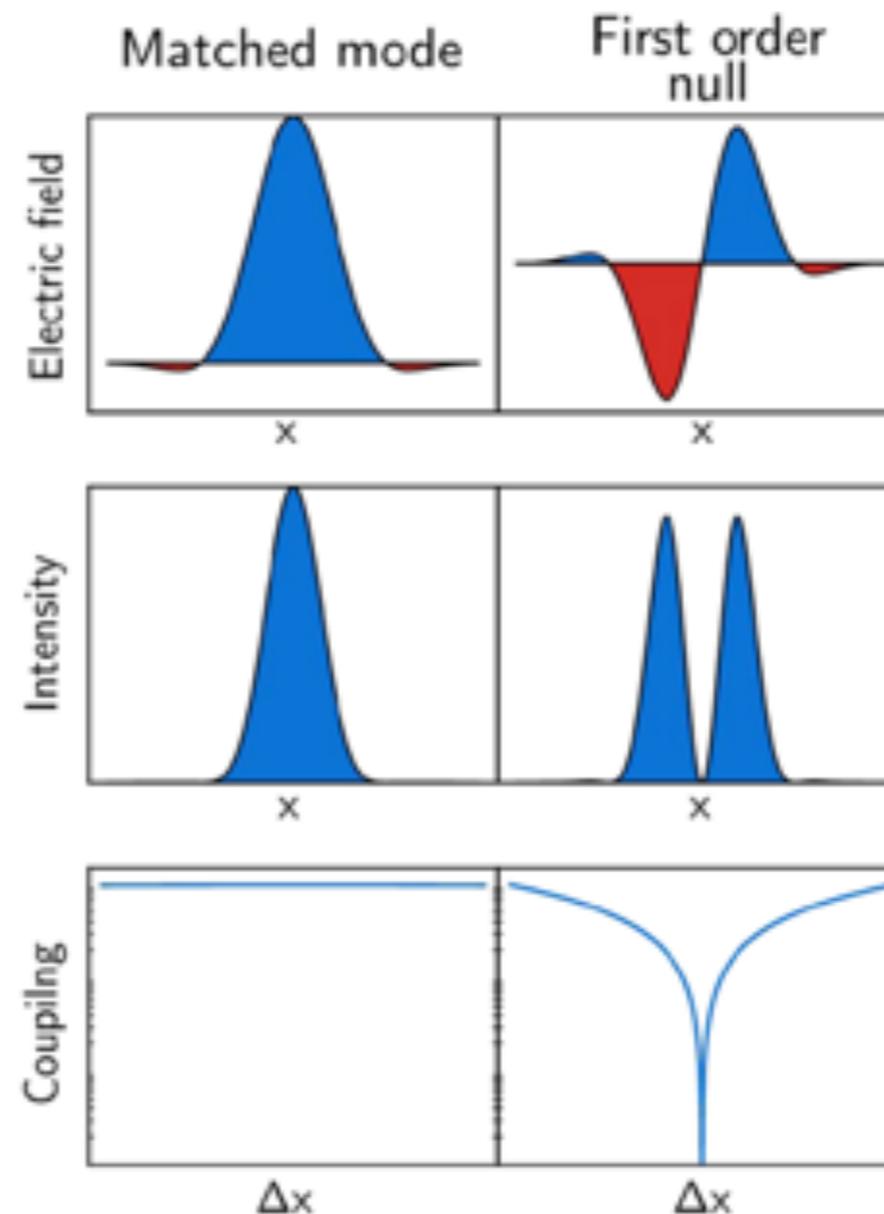


Single-mode Complex Amplitude Refinement coronagraph (SCAR)

Theory: Por and Haffert (2018) 1803.10691

Laboratory measurements: Haffert+ (2018) 1803.10693

Builds on idea of single-mode fiber as a rejection filter for starlight (Mawet+ 2017 ApJ) by shaping PSF with custom APP coronagraph



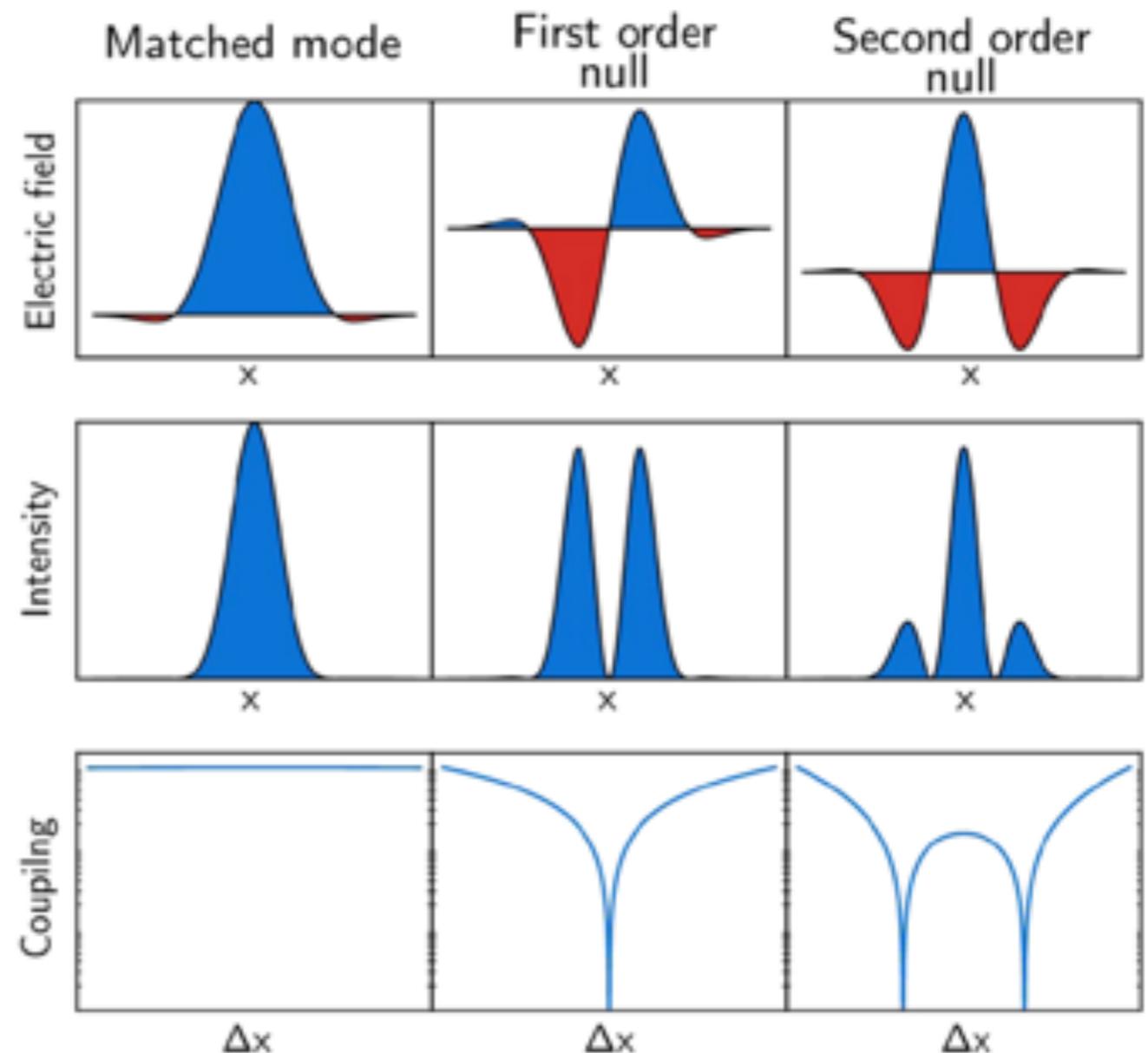
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Putting **SECOND** order null across fibre face makes it **BROADBAND**



APP reimages star onto lenslet array with single mode fibres

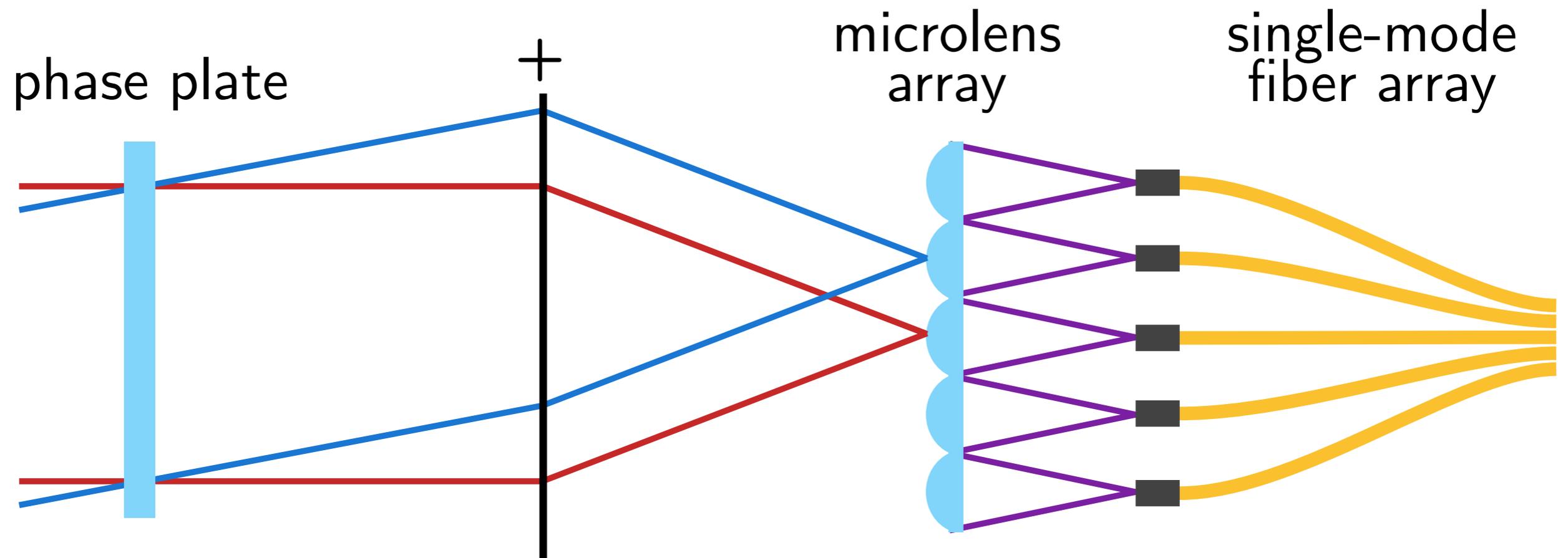
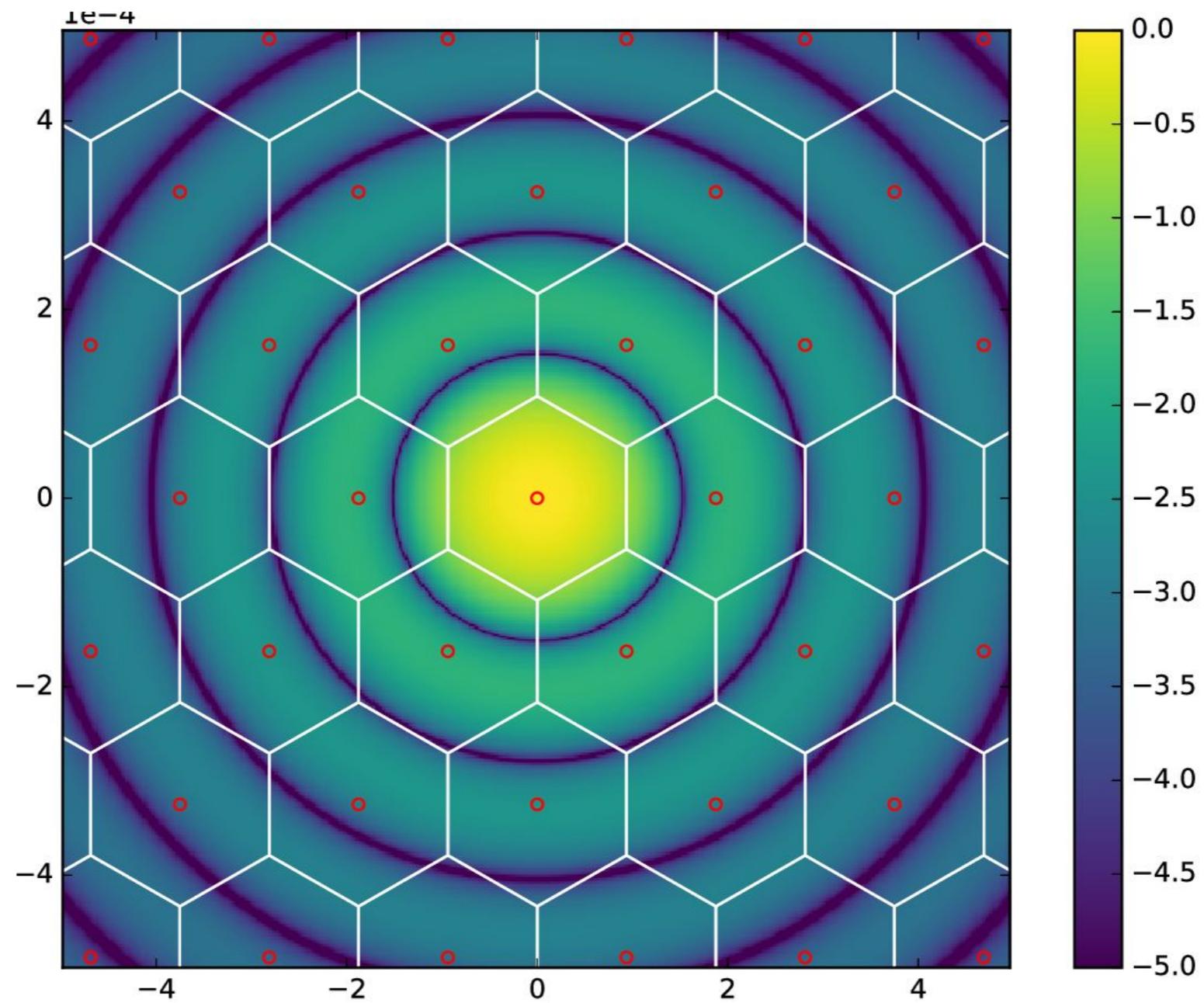
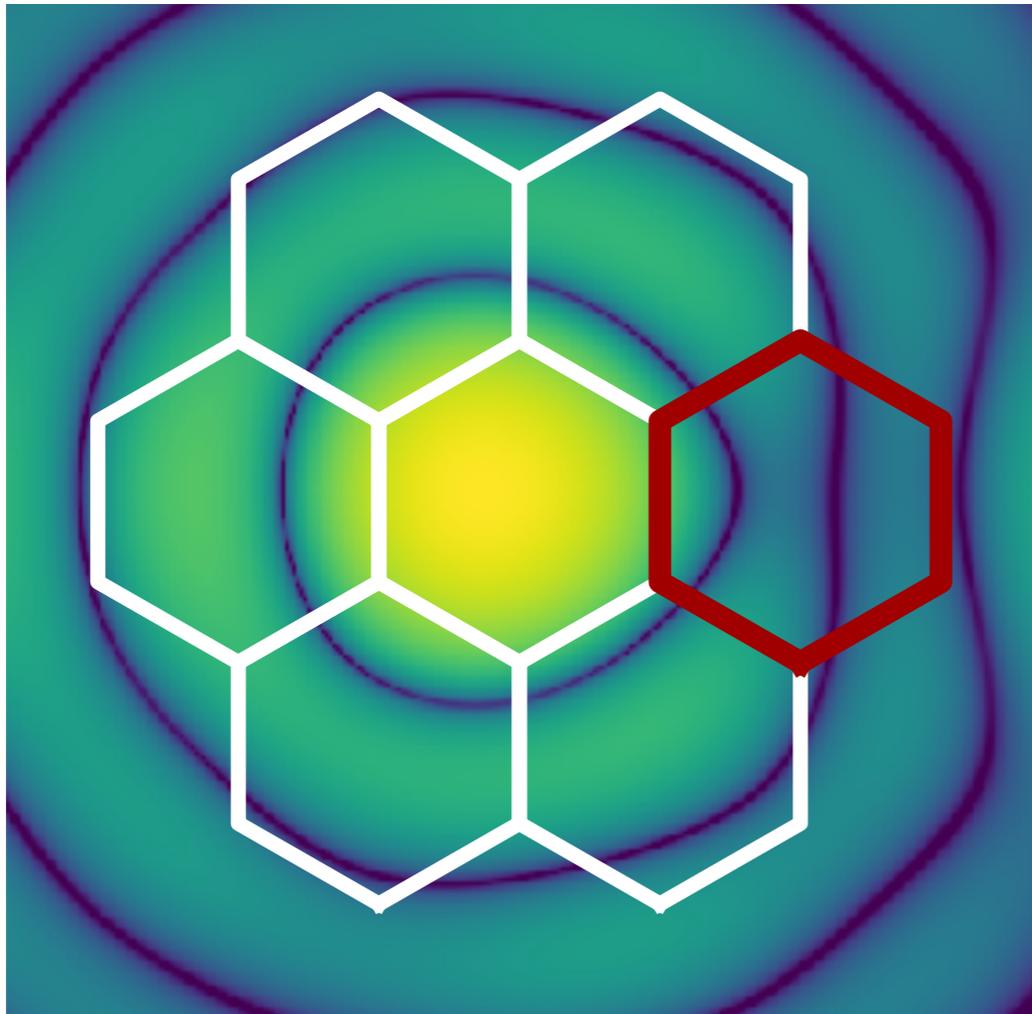


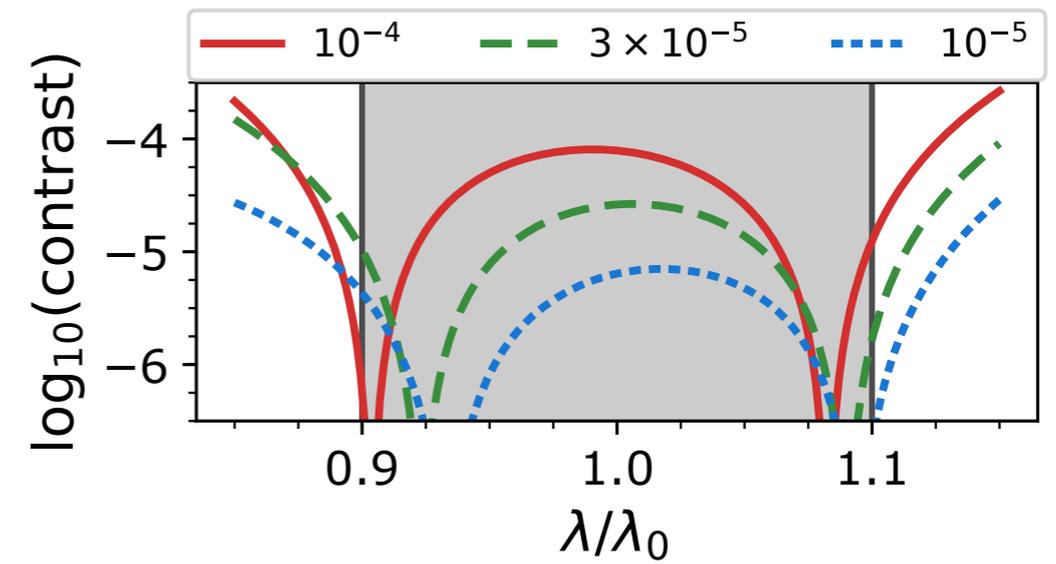
Image of star on hex lenslets



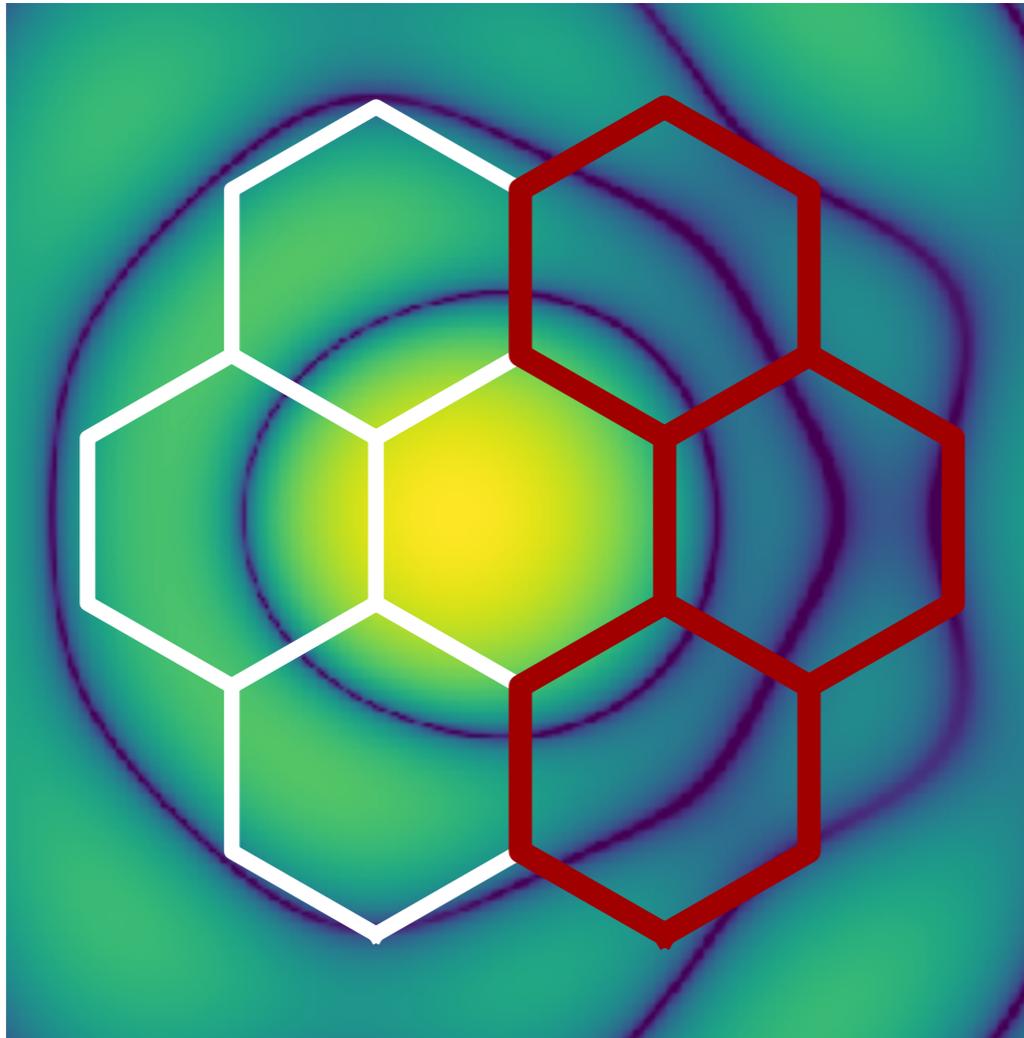
APP squeezes two nulls across one lens....



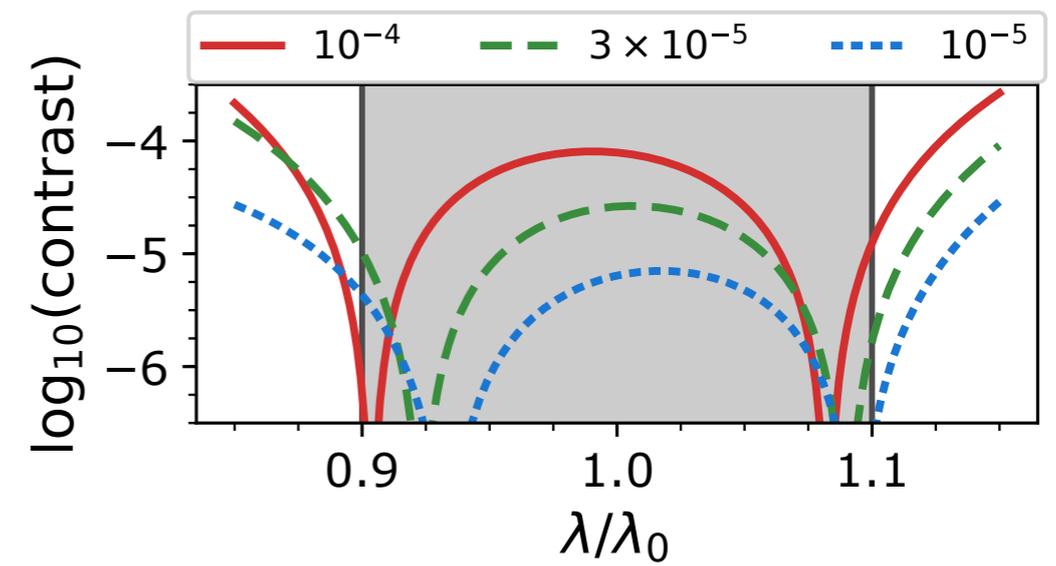
T=98%



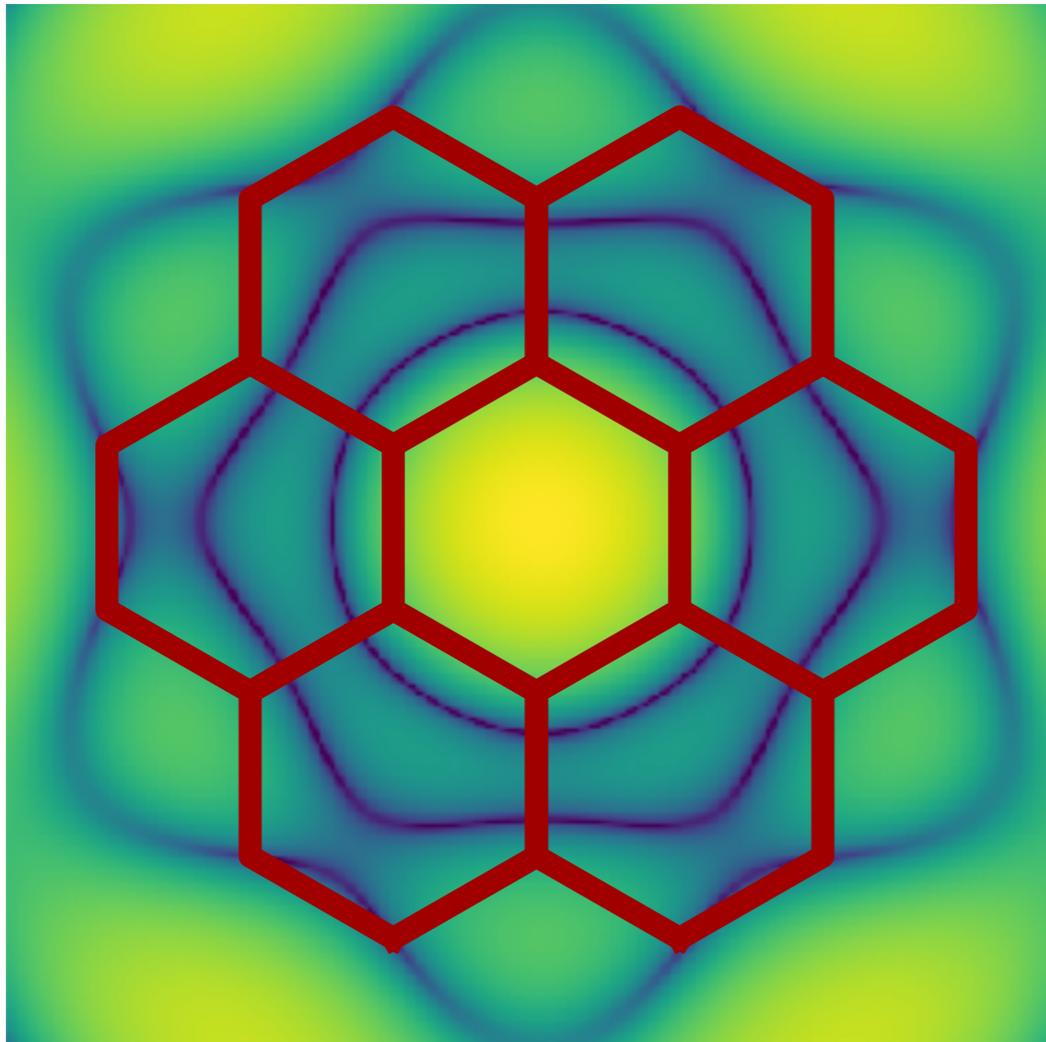
APP squeezes two nulls across three lenses....



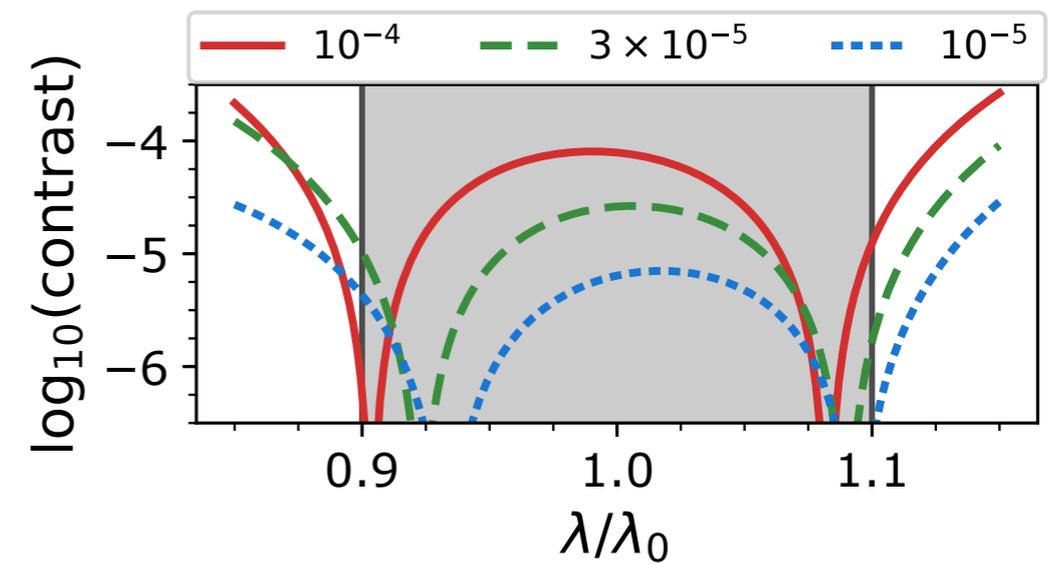
T=94%



APP squeezes two nulls across six lenses....

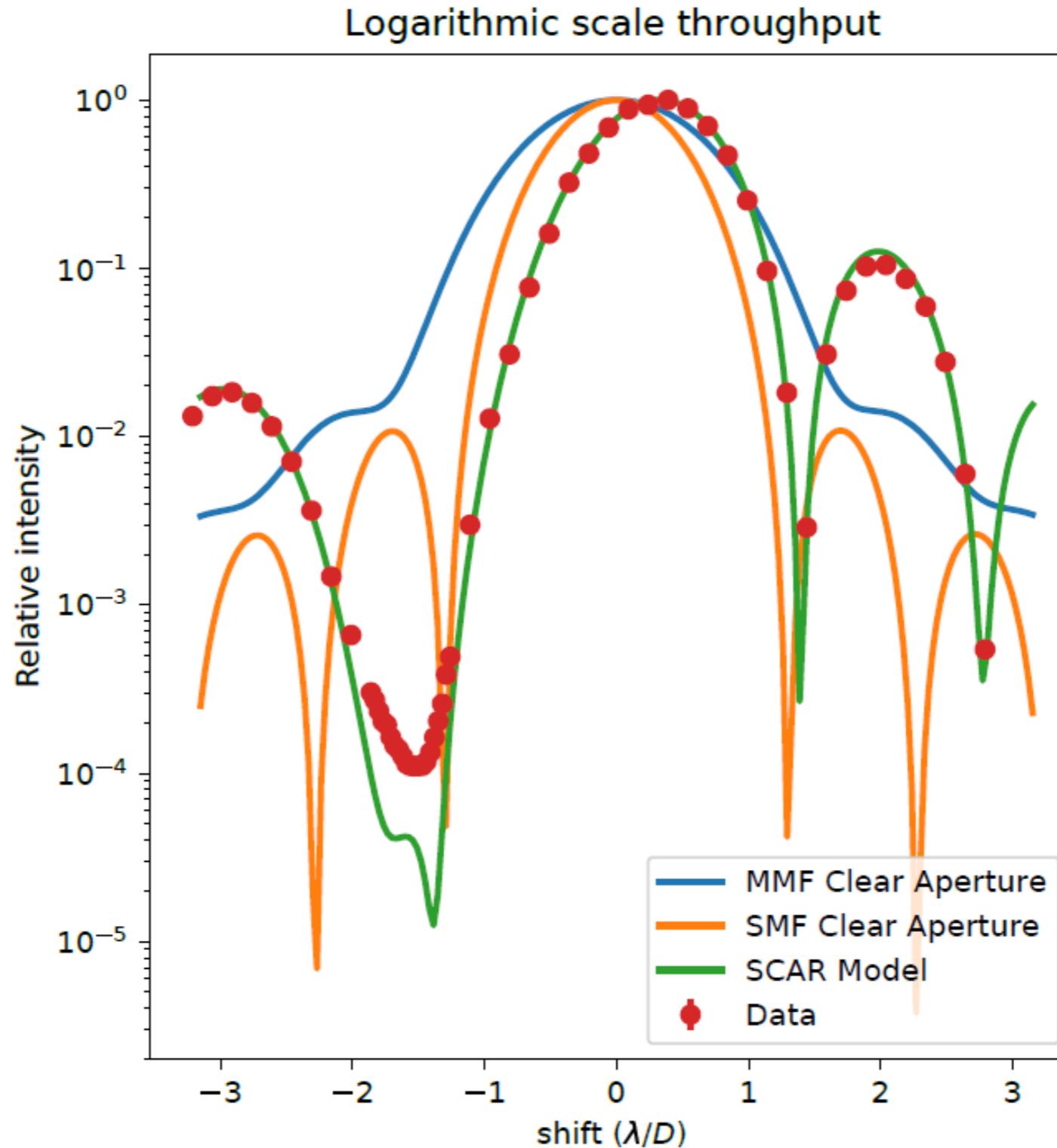


T=63%

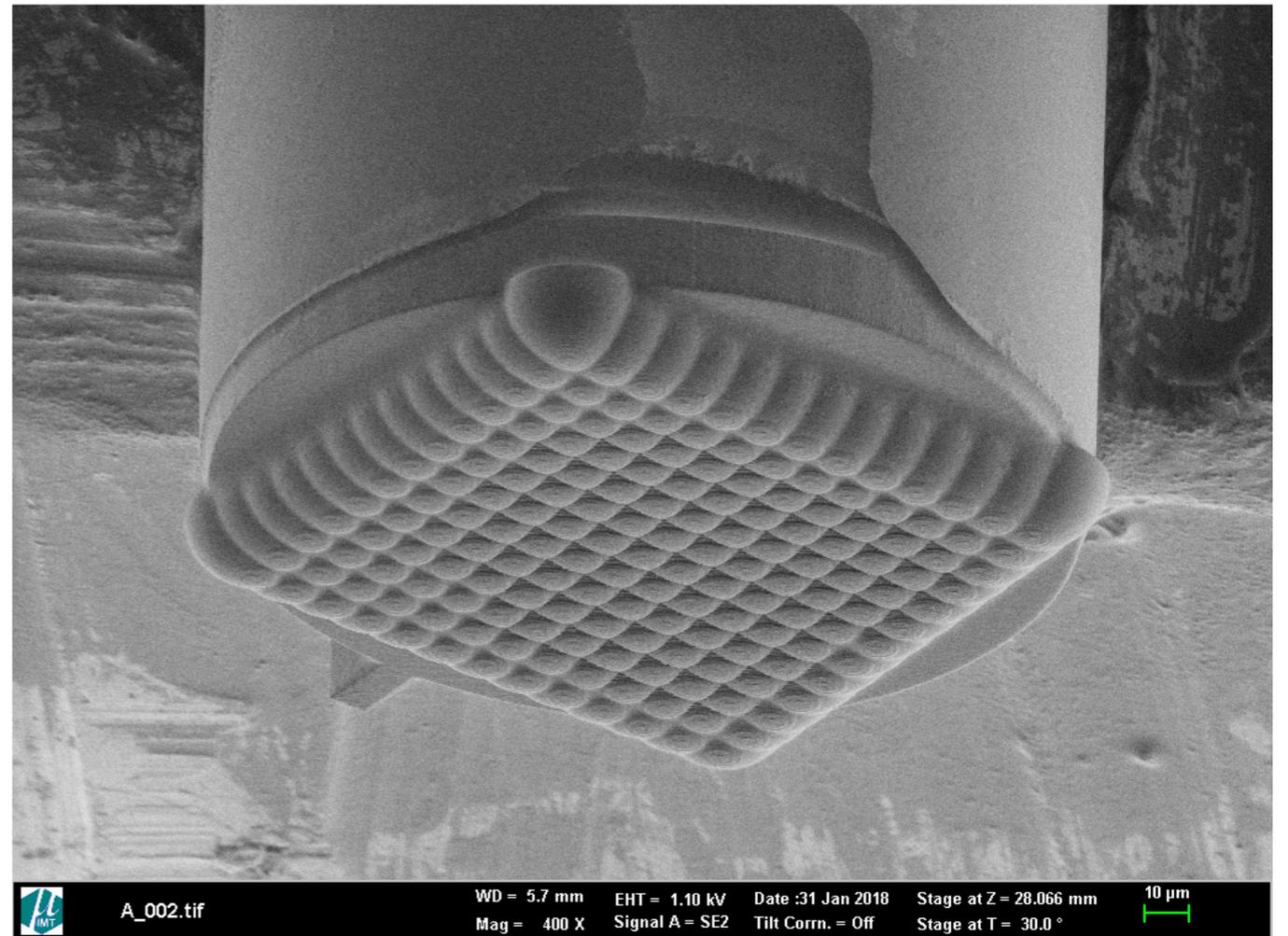
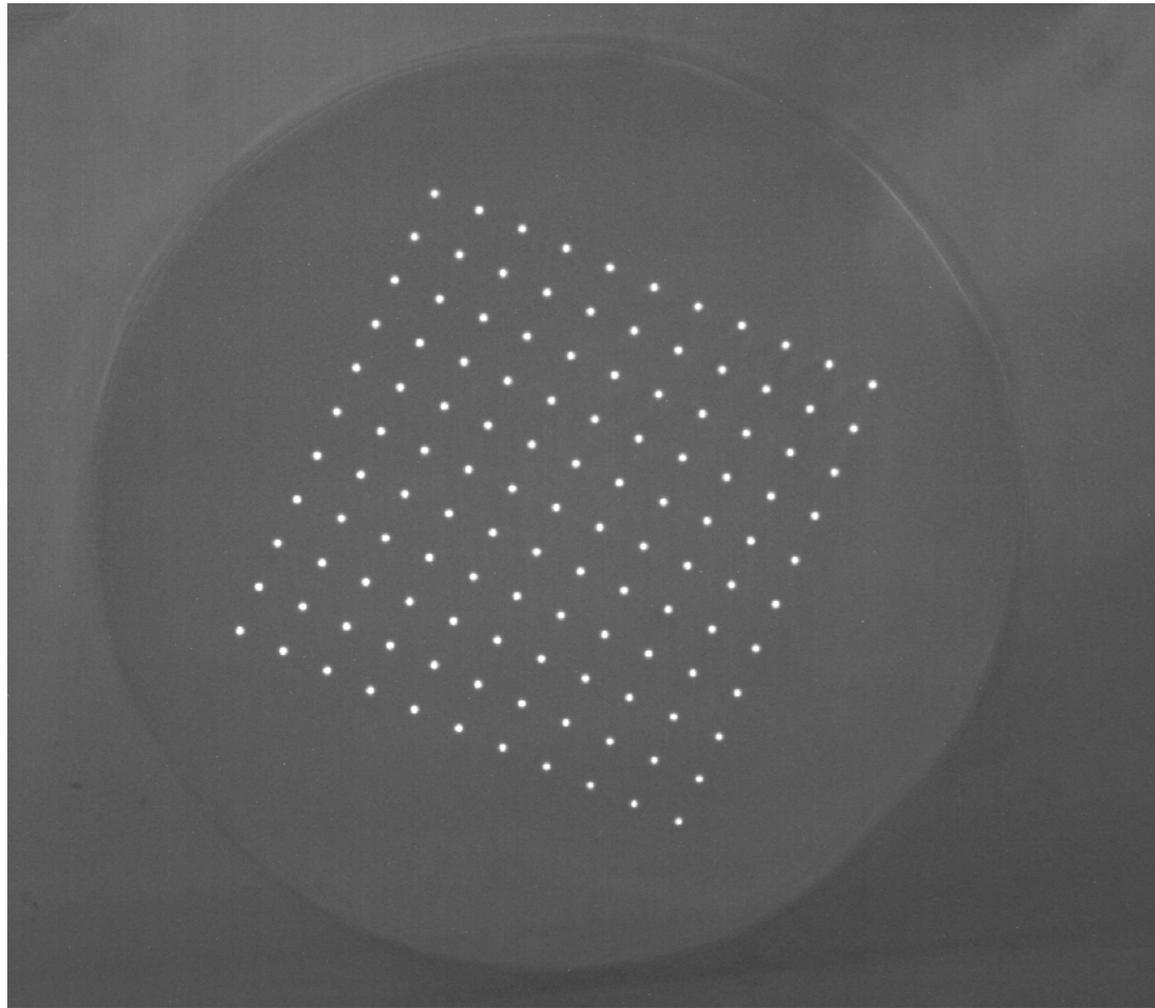


Robust to 0.1 λ/D tip tilt error!

SCAR APP tested in the lab

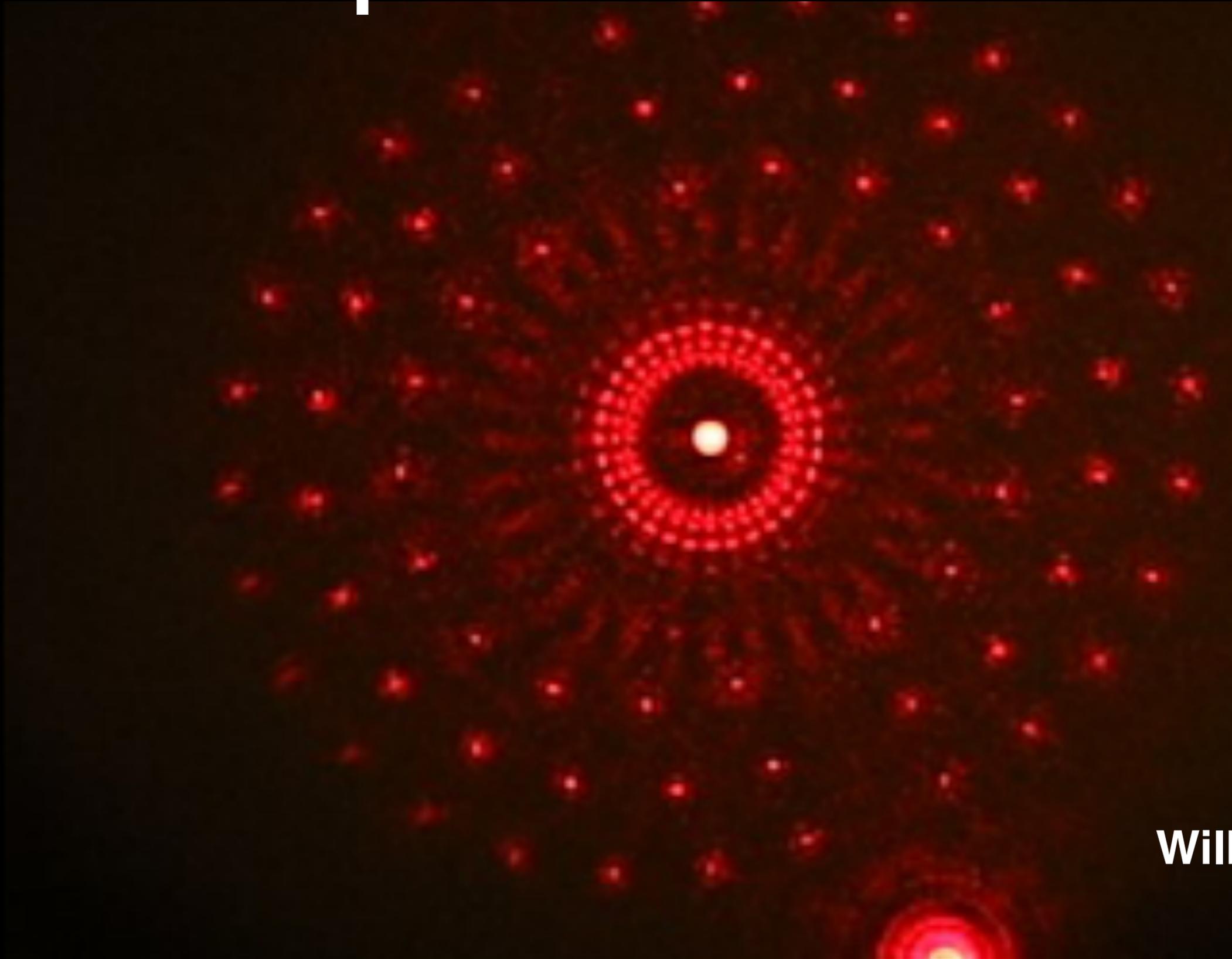


...and multi-fibre SCAR on the way



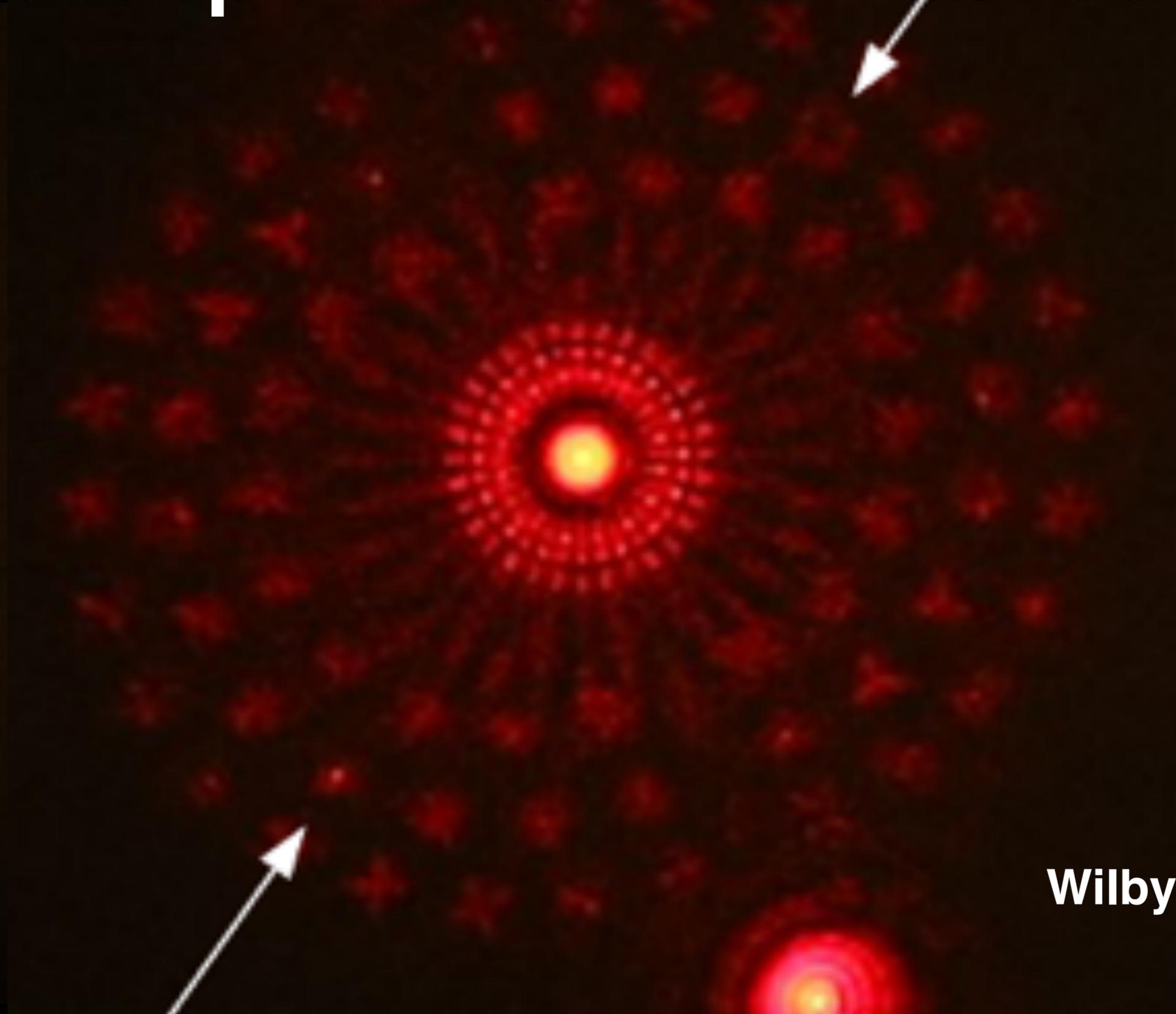
courtesy: Sebastiaan Haffert

Adding holograms to make focal plane wavefront sensors



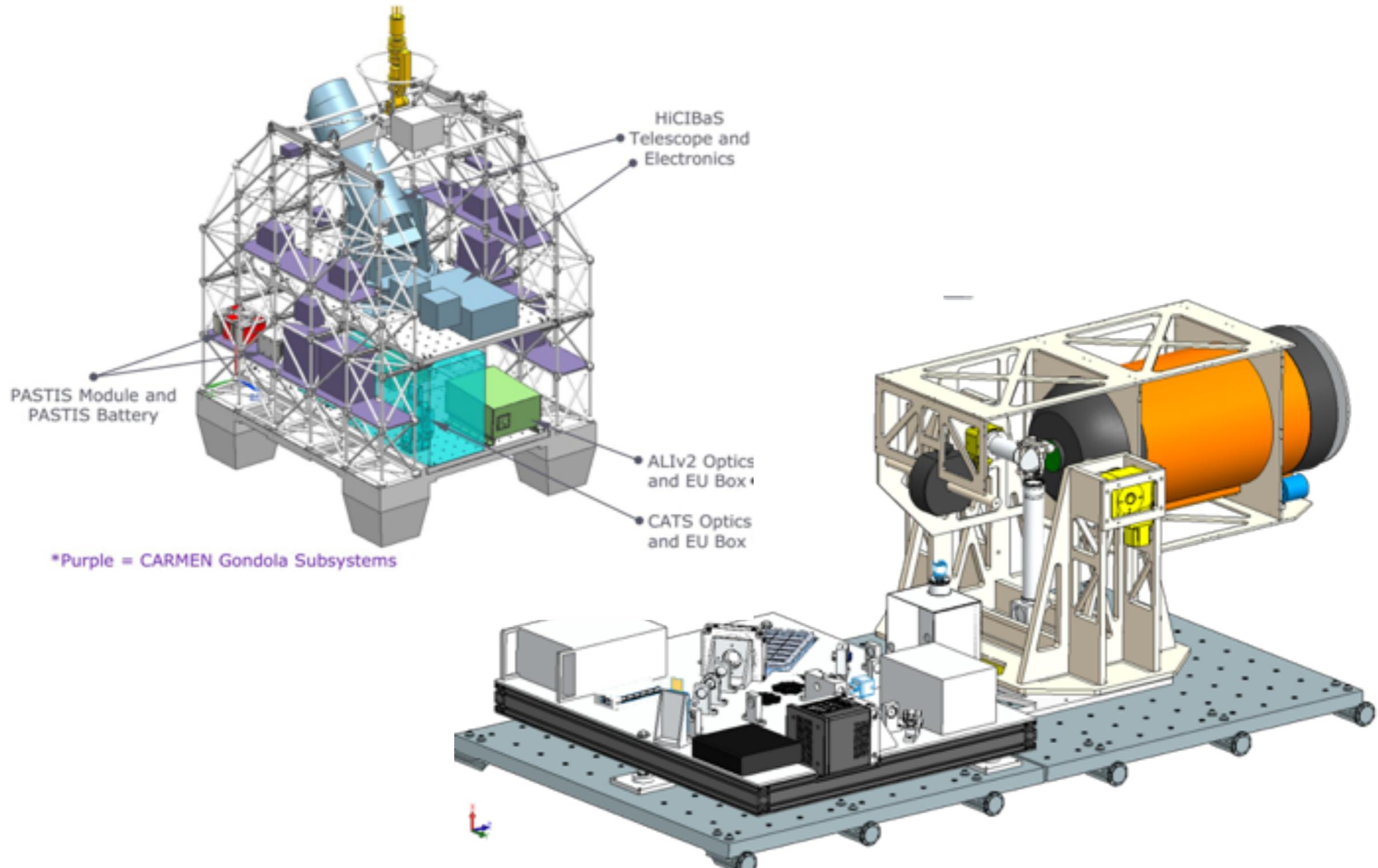
Wilby+ 2007

Adding holograms to make focal plane wavefront sensors

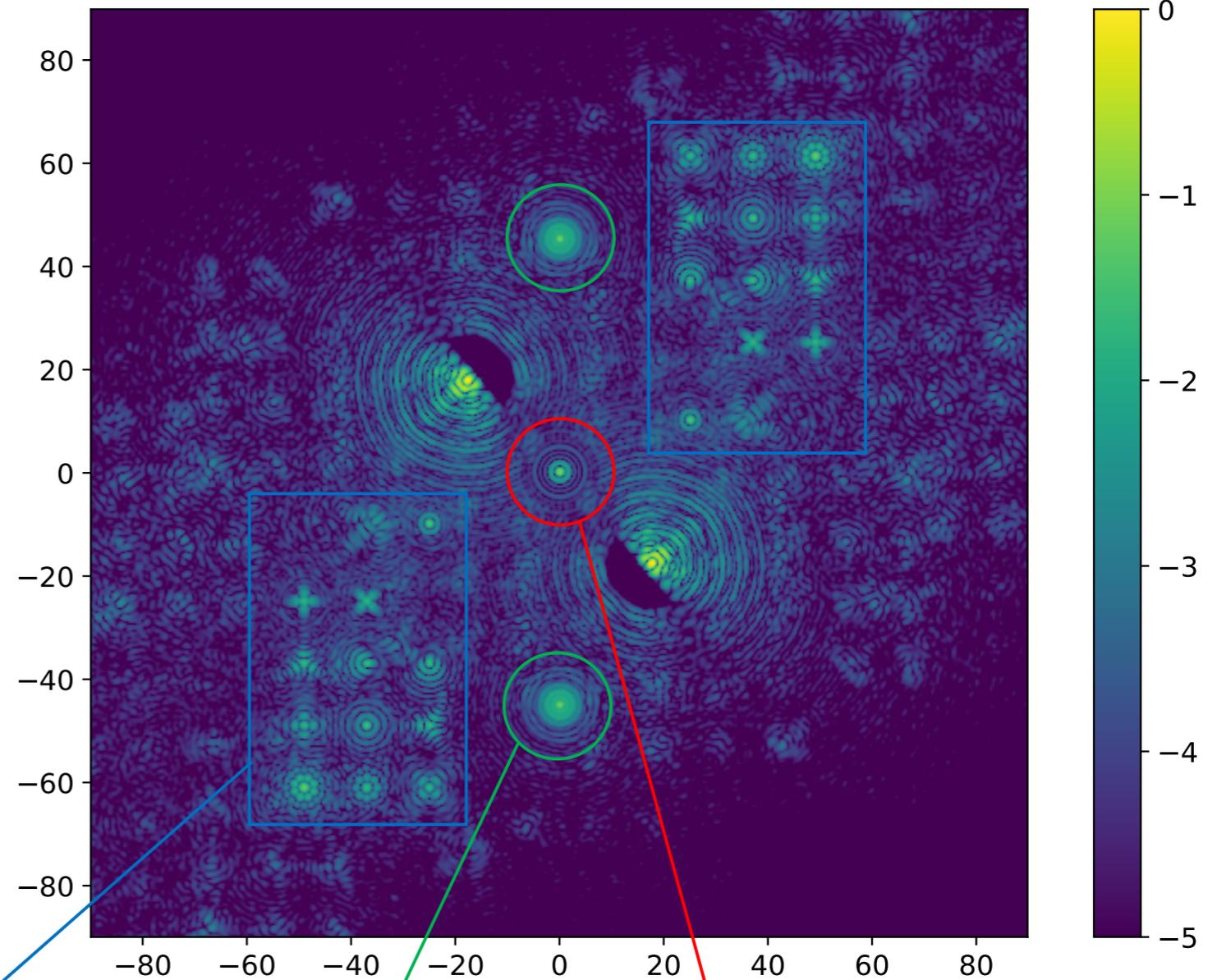
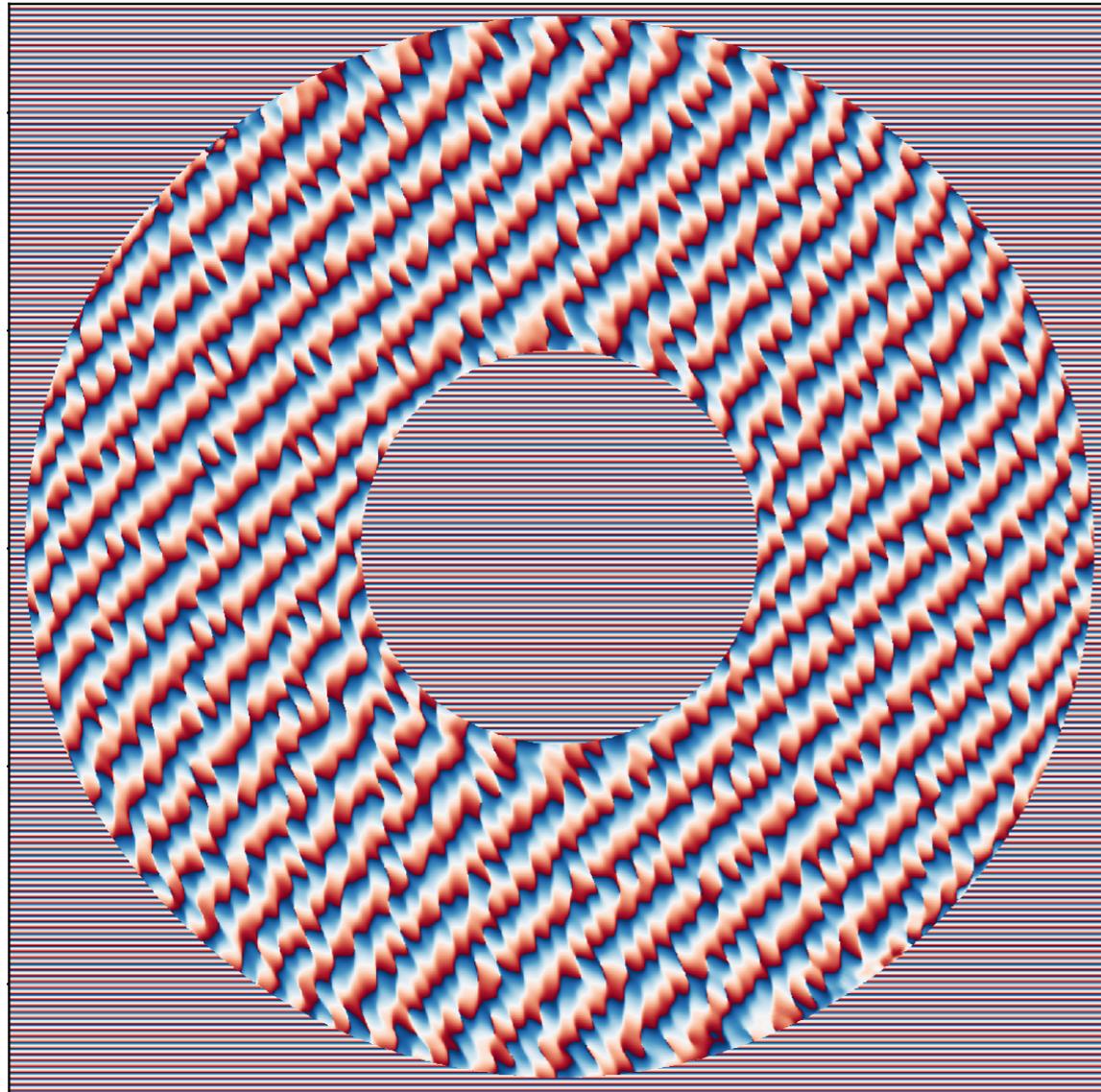


Wilby+ 2007

gvAPP+WFS for balloon experiment HiCiBaS in Aug 2018



vAPP for HiCIBaS

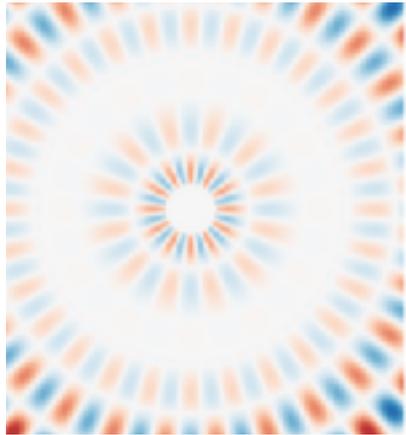


modal WFS spots

leakage term (F&F phase retrieval)

phase diversity spots

Conclusions



- **Complex broadband phase patterns are now possible**
- **Rich diversity of designs realisable**
- **Combining coronagraphs and wavefront sensing in one optic**
- **Pushing up the TRL**

