**Event Horizon Telescope** 

# Introduction to Black Hole Accretion

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**Event Horizon Telescope** 

#### Four Images of a Black Hole Accretion Flow



#### EHTC+ 2019

- accretion flows make black holes visible
- black hole characterized by mass M and spin a (in GR!).
- accretion flow characterized by accretion rate  $\dot{M}$  and magnetic flux  $\phi$ .

#### Black Hole Mass = M

#### Black Hole Spin = a

Accretion Rate =  $\dot{M}$ 

Magnetic Flux =  $\phi$ 



Black Hole Mass = M  $r_g \equiv GM/c^2$   $t_g \equiv GM/c^3$   $6 M_{\odot} \lesssim M \lesssim 10^{10} M_{\odot}$ M87:  $M \simeq 6 \times 10^9 M_{\odot} (EHTC+ 2019)$   $GM/c^2 \simeq 59 AU$  $GM/c^3 \simeq 8.2 hr$ 

Accretion Rate =  $\dot{M}$ 

Magnetic Flux =  $\phi$ 

# Black Hole Spin = a



# Particle Motion Near a Black Hole: Effective Potential $(r, \theta)$ $l \equiv r^{2}\dot{\theta}$ $\psi_{eff} \uparrow$ $\psi = -\frac{GM}{r}$



#### **Particle Motion Near a Black Hole: Effective Potential**



#### **Particle Motion Near a Black Hole: Effective Potential**



#### Photon Orbits Near a Black Hole: Effective Potential



#### **Photon Motion Near a Black Hole: Effective Potential**



Distance  $\equiv D$ M87:  $GM/(c^2D) \simeq 3.8 \,\mu as$ 

Event Horizon:  $2GM/(c^2D)$ Photon Orbit:  $3GM/(c^2D)$ Photon Ring:  $\sqrt{27}GM/(c^2D)$ 

Strong gravitational lensing

projection on sky, nonspinning black hole

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Accretion Rate = M

 $L = \epsilon \dot{M}c^{2}$  $L_{Edd} \equiv 4\pi G M m_{p} c / \sigma_{T}$ 

#### M87:

 $\dot{M}_{Edd} \simeq 137 \ M_{\odot} \ yr^{-1}$  $\dot{M}/\dot{M}_{Edd} \sim 10^{-5}$ (EHTC+ 2019) Black Hole Spin = a

a  $\equiv$  J c/(GM<sup>2</sup>) -1 < a < 1 hard to measure! M87: a ≥ 0.5 models are consistent w data (EHTC+ 2019)

Magnetic Flux =  $\phi$ 



$$\Phi \equiv \int d\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B}$$

$$\Phi_{cr} \equiv (\dot{M} r_g^2 c)^{1/2}$$

cross section: black hole, magnetic field, accretion flow



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M87: a ≥ 0.5 models are consistent w data (EHTC+ 2019)
Magnetic Flux = Φ

Black Hole Spin = a

 $a \equiv J c/(GM^2)$ 

-1 < a < 1

 $\Phi_{cr} \equiv (\dot{M}r_g^2 c)^{1/2}$ 

SANE:  $\Phi/\Phi_{cr} \lesssim 15$ MAD:  $\Phi/\Phi_{cr} \simeq 15$ (Igumenshchev+ 2003)

M87: ?



#### **Accretion Flow Models**



EHTC+ 2019

#### **Accretion Flow Dynamical Model**



color shows rest-mass density

Wong, Prather, CG

a = 0.94;  $\dot{M}/\dot{M}_{Edd} \ll$  1 (nonradiative); MAD

### General Relativistic Magnetohydrodynamics Models

Covariant, magnetized fluid model for accreting plasma 3D, time dependent Kerr-Schild coordinates: inner boundary inside horizon Captures turbulent fluctuations Codes (harm, koral, bhac, ...) consistent (Porth+ 2019)

Inside the sausage factory:

ILES = no explicit dissipation (viscosity, resisitivity, heat conduction) Plasma is *collisionless* Initial conditions are artificial Radiation not included Pair production physics not included

![](_page_14_Picture_4.jpeg)

#### **Blandford-Znajek Effect**

Black hole free energy associated with |a| > 0 (Penrose 1969)
Extractable via magnetic fields (Blandford & Znajek 1977)
Analogous stellar spin-down by magnetized wind
Collimated, pulsar-like wind:

$$L_{BZ} \sim a^2 \ 4\pi r_g^2 \ B^2 \ c$$

Use magnetic flux to link to M (e.g. Tchekhovskoy+ 2011),

$$L_{BZ} \simeq 0.01 \ a^2 \ \left(\frac{\Phi}{\Phi_{cr}}\right)^2 \dot{M}c^2$$

GRMHD models show BZ-like jet for |a| > 0

![](_page_15_Picture_6.jpeg)

# $+\,0.0~\mathrm{days}$

![](_page_16_Figure_1.jpeg)

M87 model M = 6.5 x 10<sup>9</sup> M<sub>☉</sub> a = 0.94 M ~ 10<sup>-5</sup> M<sub>Edd</sub> MAD

synchrotron emission

#### **Radiative Transfer Models**

Covariant, polarized radiative transfer model Codes (ipole, bhoss, grtrans, ...) convergent (Gold+ 2019) Electron distribution function  $\Rightarrow$  transfer coefficients

Inside the sausage factory:

Post-processing step (radiation not included in evolution) electron distribution function *assumed* Fast light approximation

![](_page_17_Picture_4.jpeg)

## **Main Points**

- Accretion flows make black holes visible
- Four key parameters: M, a,  $\dot{M}$ ,  $\phi/\phi_{cr}$
- Strong gravitational lensing related to photon orbit produces photon ring
- General relativistic magnetohydrodynamics (GRMHD) models produce jets powered by Blandford-Znajek process
- GRMHD models + radiative transfer reproduce Event Horizon Telescope observations of M87