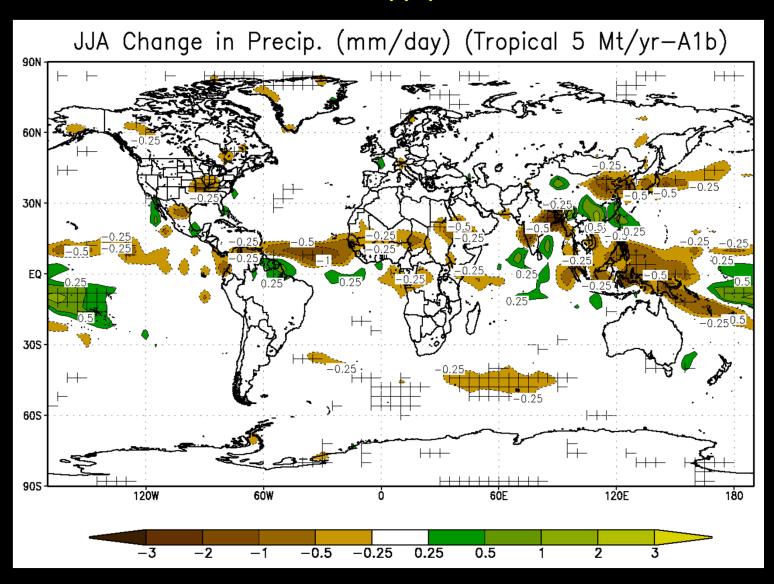


## Impacts of Stratospheric Sulfate Geoengineering on Food Supply in China

Lili Xia and Alan Robock

Department of Environmental Sciences
Rutgers University, New Brunswick, New Jersey

## How does stratospheric sulfate geoengineering affect food supply in China?

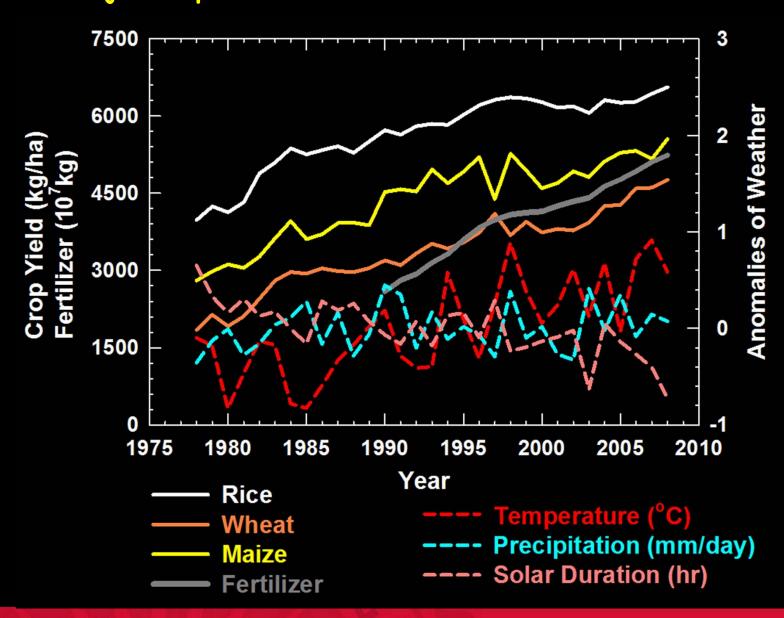


= significant at the 95% level (Robock et al., 2008)

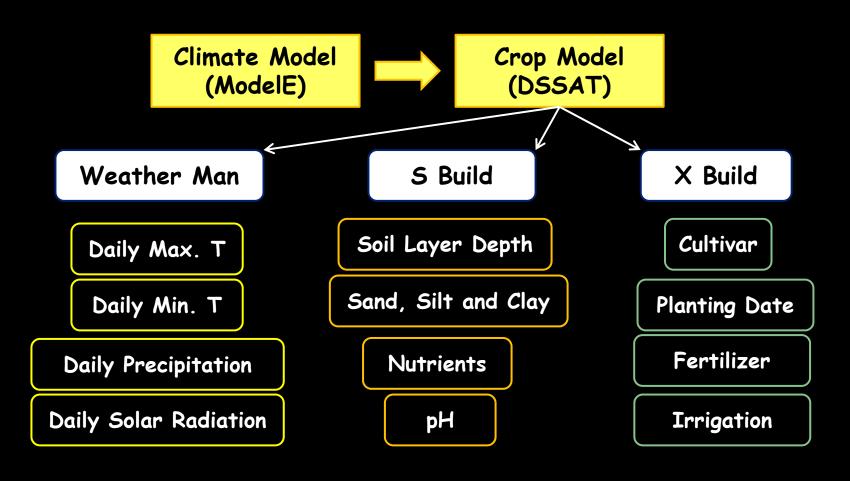
### Factors that affect crop yields

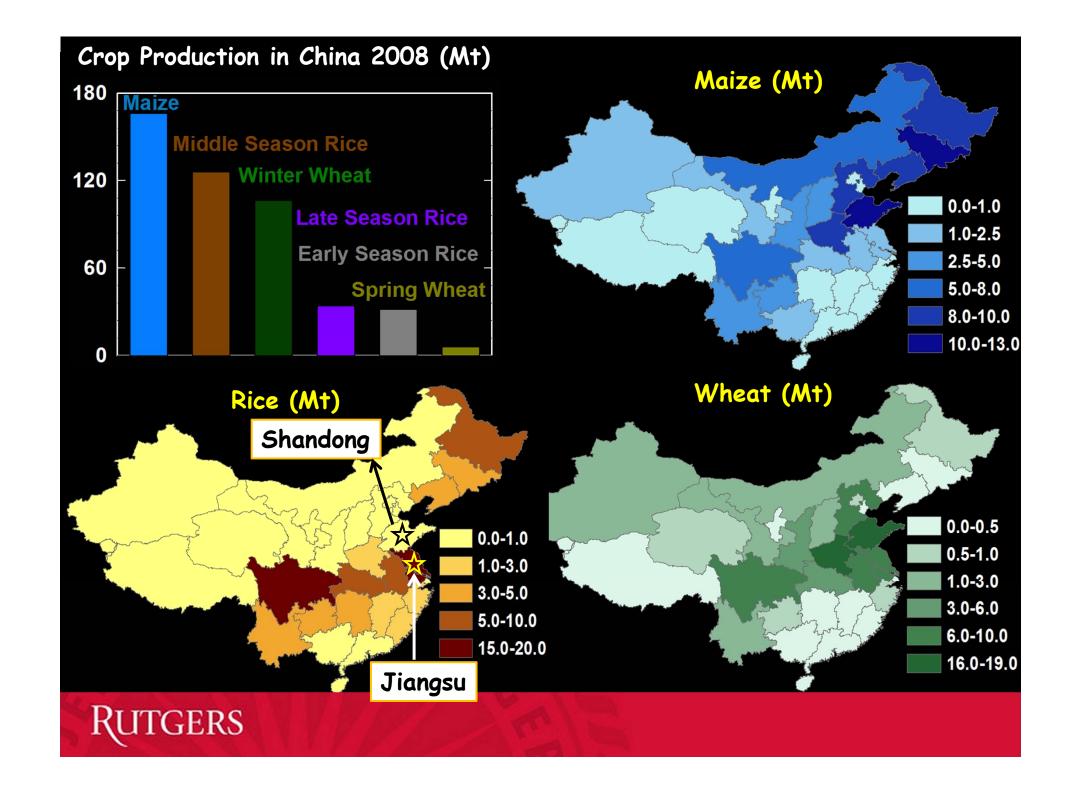
Natural	Agricultural techniques
Temperature	Timing of planting and harvest
Precipitation	Fertilizer
Solar radiation	Cultivar (type of seed)
CO <sub>2</sub>	Pesticides
<b>O</b> <sub>3</sub>	Irrigation
Soil	Tilling

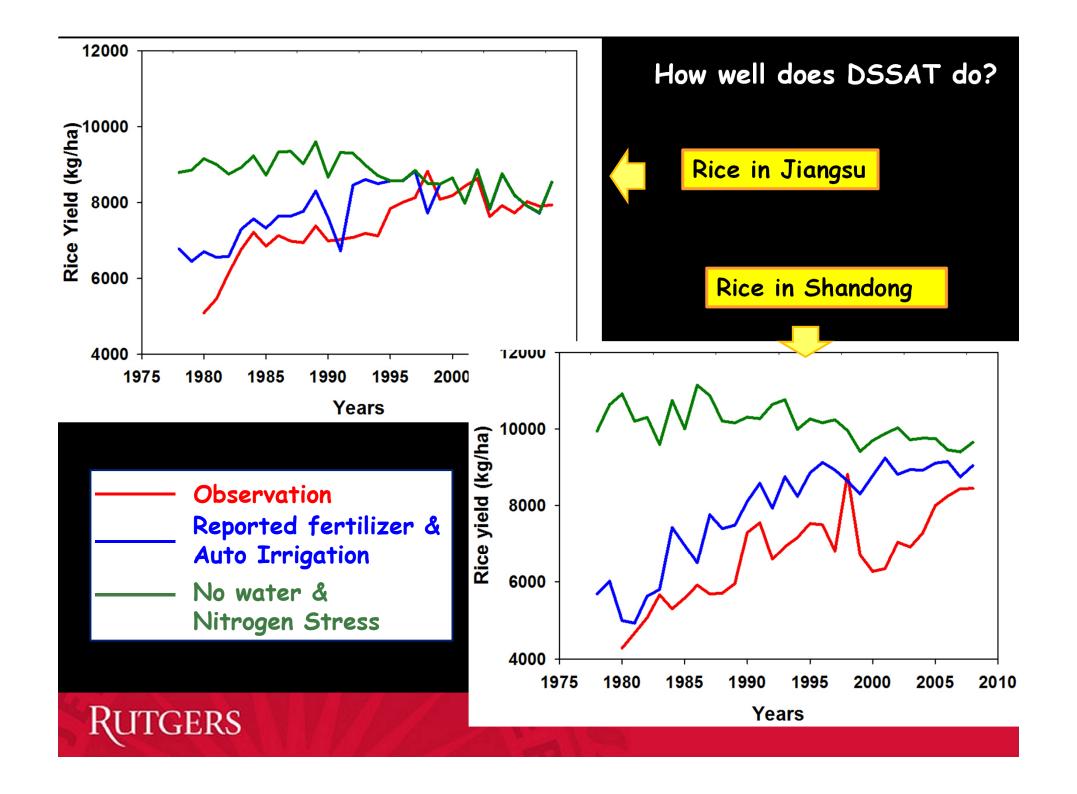
#### Yields of major crops and annual weather anomalies in mainland China



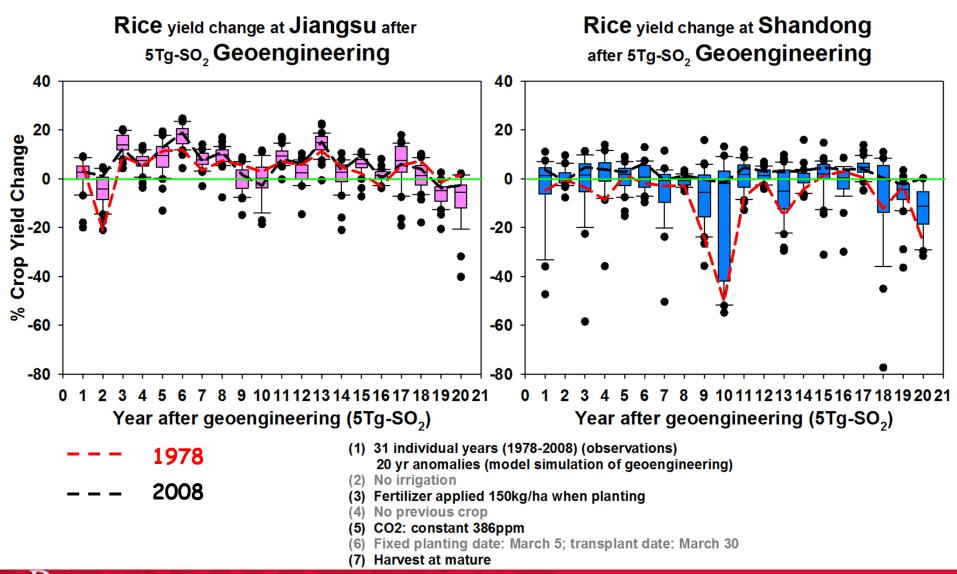
## How does stratospheric sulfate geoengineering affect food supply in China?



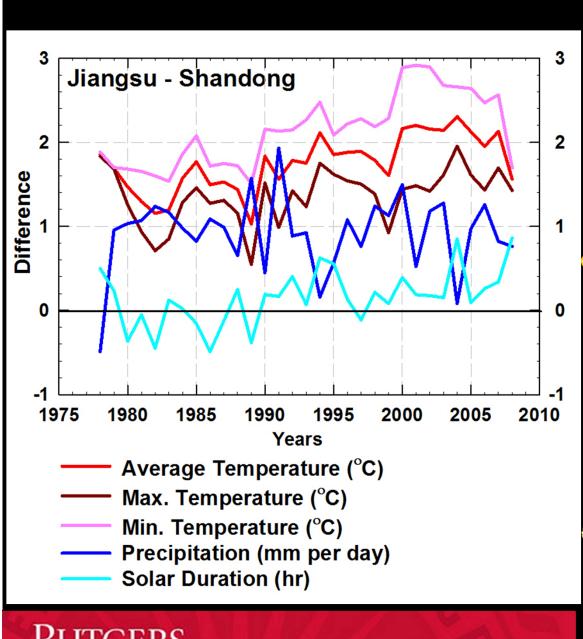




#### Difference responses after geoengineering



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# Three differences between two locations:

Soil profile

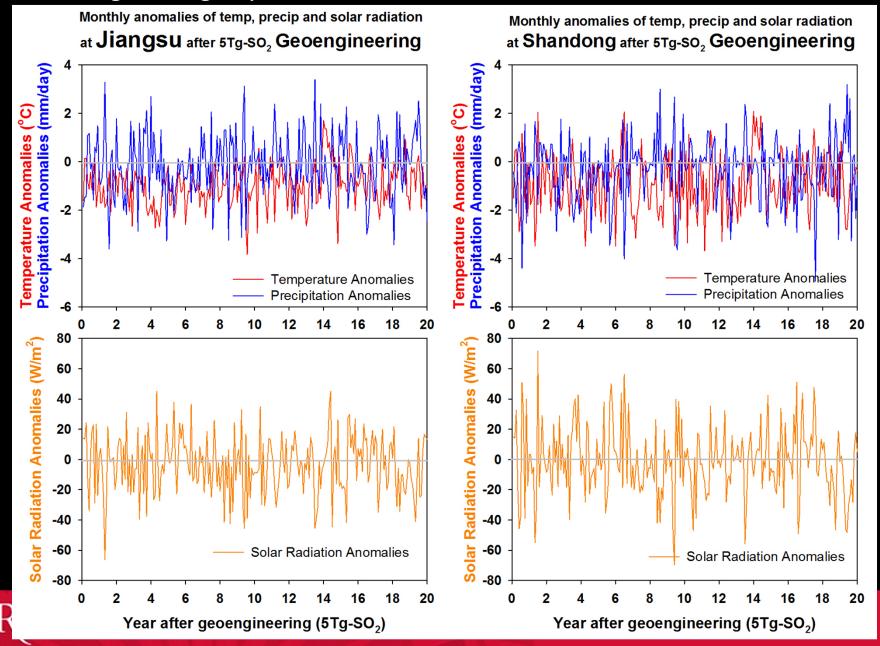
Climate before geoengineering

Geoengineering impacts on climate



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#### Geoengineering impacts on climate at two locations:



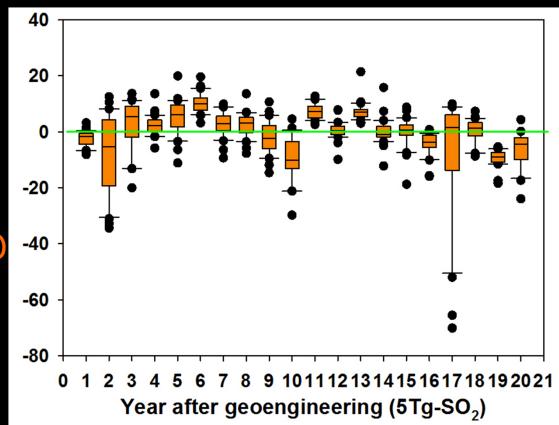
Jiangsu:

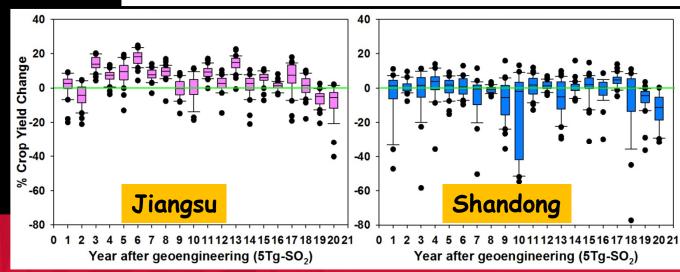
Soil profile

Climate

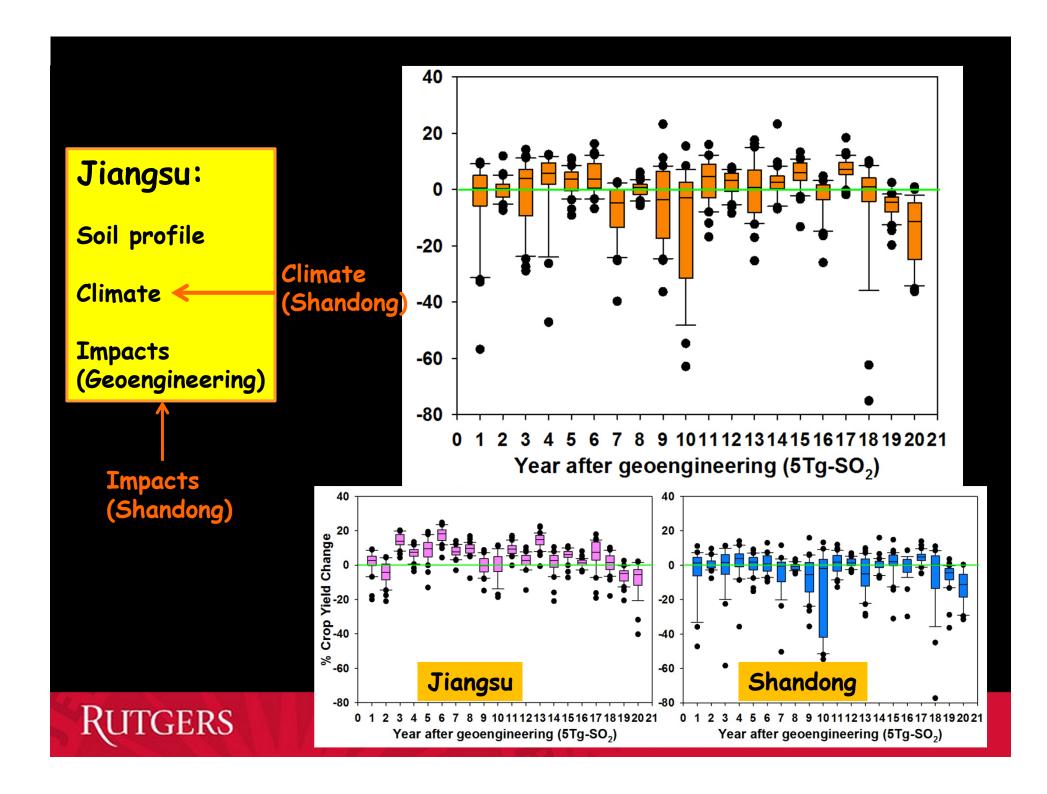
Impacts
(Geoengineering)

Climate (Shandong)





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### Preliminary results:

Different regions response differently;

Regional climate and climate perturbations from geoengineering both matter;

To adapt to geoengineering, shifting crop grows region.

More study is needed.